

2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report





City of Aurora, Colorado For the year ended December 31, 2008





Aurora, Colorado

The City of Aurora is located on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains and lies in the six county Denver/Aurora metropolitan area (the metro area). The metro area is the economic center of the State of Colorado (the State). Aurora is the third largest city in the State, with an estimated population in 2008 of 313,144, approximately 12.7% of the metro area's population.

Front cover photos

The photos on the front cover are from *KidSpree*, an annual event put on by the City to the delight of children young and old.



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

City of Aurora, Colorado For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

> Prepared by the Controller's Office Finance Department



Prepared by the Controller's Office Finance Department

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Maggie Wilson, Accounting Supervisor

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	Page <u>Number</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal City Manager and Council Members 2008 City Council 2008 Management Officials	i vi vii viii
Governmental Structure Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ix x
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information	_
Management's Discussion and Analysis	MD&A-1
Basic Financial Statements Citywide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	1 2
Fund Financial Statements	Z
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	5
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Funds on the	
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Governmental	-
Activities on the Citywide Statement of Net Assets	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	7
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Funds on the Governmental	
Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to Governmental Activities on the Citywide	
Statement of Activities	8
Proprietary Funds	0
Statement of Net Assets	10
Reconciliation of Total Enterprise Funds on the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets to Business-type Activities on the	
Citywide Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Reconciliation of Total Enterprise Funds on the Statement of of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets to Business-type Activities on the Citywide Statement of	12
Activities	13
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Fiduciary Funds	17
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	17 18
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	10

	Page <u>Number</u>
Component Units	
Statement of Net Assets	19
Statement of Activities	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	
1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	22
A. Financial Reporting Entity	22
B. Fund Accounting	24
C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting	26
D. Regulatory Liability	27
E. Financial Statement Presentation	27
F. Cash and Investments	30
G. Interfund Transactions	30
H. Deferred Charges and Inventories	31
I. Capital Assets	31
J. Accounts Payable	32
K. Unearned and Deferred Revenues (Liabilities)	32
L. Noncurrent Liabilities	32
M. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issue Costs	33
N. Compensated Absences	33
O. Use of Estimates	34
P. Fund Balances and Net Assets	34
Q. Budgets	34
2. Cash and Investments	37
3. Receivables	43
4. Restricted, Reserved and Designated	47
5. Joint Venture	49
6. Capital Assets	50
7. Noncurrent Liabilities	52
8. Interest Rate Swap Agreements	59
9. Interfund Tansactions	61
10. Construction and Other Significant Commitments	62
11. Deferred Compensation Plans	62
12. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	63
13. Operating Leases	67
14. Risk Management	67
15. Contingent Liabilities	68
16. Conduit Debt Obligations	69
17. Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR)	69
18. Current Economic Conditions	69
Required Supplementary Information	
Defined Benefit Pension Plans and OPEB - Schedule of Funding Progress	71
Defined Benefit Pension Plans and OPEB - Schedule of Employer Contributions	72

	Page Number
General Fund Schedule of Sources, Uses and Changes in Funds	
Available – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	74
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	76
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Other Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	77
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	70
Changes in Fund Balances	78
Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet	79
	19
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	82
Non-major Debt Service Funds	02
Combining Balance Sheet	85
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	05
Changes in Fund Balances	86
Non-major Capital Projects Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	87
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	88
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	89
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Changes in Net Assets	90
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	91
Pension Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	93
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	94
Agency Fund	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	95
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Schedules of Sources, Uses and Changes in Funds Available -	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	00
General Fund	98
Special Revenue Funds Gifts and Grants Fund	100
Development Review Fund	100
Abatement Fund	101
Community Development Fund	101
Enhanced E-911 Fund	102
Conservation Trust Fund	103
Emergency Contingency Fund	105
	101

TABLE OF CONTENTSDECEMBER 31, 2008

	Page Number
Parks Development Fund	<u>Number</u> 105
Arapahoe County Open Space Fund	105
Recreation Services Fund	106
Cultural Services Fund	107
Designated Revenues Fund	107
Policy Reserve Fund	108
Tabor Reserve Fund	109
Debt Service Funds	
City Debt Service Fund	110
SID Debt Service Fund	111
Surplus and Deficiency Fund	111
Capital Projects Funds	
City Capital Projects Fund	112
Bond Proceeds Fund	113
Building Repair Fund	113
Enterprise Funds	
Water Fund	114
Wastewater Fund	115
Golf Fund	115
Internal Service Funds	
Fleet Management Fund	116
Print Shop Fund	117
Risk Management Fund	117

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends		
Net Assets by Component	A-1	120
Changes in Net Assets	A-2	122
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	A-3	125
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	A-4	126
Table - Total Sales and Use Tax Revenues	A-5	127
Revenue Capacity		
Sales and Use Tax Receipts by Business Sector	A-6	129
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	A-7	130
Top Ten Principal Sales and Use Tax Payers by Industry Group	A-8	131
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	A-9	132
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Primary Overlapping Governments	A-10	133
Top Ten Principal Property Tax Payers	A-11	134
Property Tax Levies and Collections	A-12	135
Debt Capacity		
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	A-13	137
Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	A-14	138

		Page <u>Number</u>
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	A-15	139
Legal Debt Margin Information	A-16	140
Schedules of Revenue Bond Coverage –		
Water Revenue Bonds	A-17	141
Wastewater Revenue Bonds	A-17	142
Golf Revenue Bonds	A-17	143
Demographic and Economic		
Demographic and Economic Statistics	A-18	145
Top Ten Principal Employers	A-19	146
Operating Statistics		
Budgeted Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function	A-20	147
Operating Indicators by Function	A-21	148
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	A-22	149
OTHER SCHEDULES		
Miscellaneous Schedules (unaudited)		
Schedule of Indebtedness – All Funds	B-1	151
Schedules of Debt Service Requirements	B-2	152
Local Highway Finance Report	B-3	154
Debt Continuing Disclosures (unaudited)		
Summary of Continuing Disclosures by Issue	C-1	157
Combined General, TABOR Reserve and Policy Reserve Funds		
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in		
Fund Balance (GAAP Basis)	C-2	159
Comparative Schedule of Sources, Uses and Changes in Funds		
Available Actual and Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	C-3	160
Water Fund		
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and		
Changes in Net Assets	C-4	161
Schedule of Sources, Uses and Changes in Funds Available		
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	C-4	162
Water System Statistics	C-5	163
Maximum Annual Debt Service Coverage	C-6	168
Wastewater Fund		
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and		
Changes in Net Assets	C-7	169
Schedule of Sources, Uses and Changes in Funds Available	~ -	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	C-7	170
Sewer System Statistics	C-8	171

Golf Fund		Page <u>Number</u>
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and		
Changes in Net Assets	C-9	174
Golf Course Enterprise System Statistics	C-10	175
Maximum Annual Debt Service Coverage	C-11	176

City Manager's Office Phone: 303-739-7010 Fax: 303-739-7123



June 13, 2009

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Aurora, Colorado:

We submit, for your information and review, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Aurora, Colorado (the City), for the year ended December 31, 2008.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Aurora. Consequently, management assumes responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and activities of the various funds of the City. The City has included all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities.

The City Charter requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, are free of material misstatement. The independent accountant, BKD, LLP, concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Independent Accountants' Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this CAFR.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City is required to complete the federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The results of this single audit are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

U.S. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent accountant.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE

The City of Aurora is located on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains and lies in the six County Denver/Aurora metropolitan areas (the metro area). The metro area is the economic center of the State of Colorado (the State). Aurora is the third largest city in the State with an estimated population in 2008 of 313,144. This is approximately 13 percent of the metro area population. The City provides general government services including police, fire and emergency medical services, public works, water and wastewater, parks and recreation facilities, libraries and golf courses.

The City utilizes the Council-Manager form of government, adopted by the City in 1954. In 1961, the City became a Home Rule City by adopting its own Charter. In 1993, the City Charter was amended to provide for a full-time Mayor, beginning January 1, 1996. The duties of the Mayor were not changed and the Council-Manager form of government was not changed. The eleven members of the City Council (including the Mayor, who is elected specifically to that position) are chosen biennially for staggered four-year terms in non-partisan elections. Council members elected prior to November 1, 2005 are limited to two consecutive terms of office. Council members elected after November 1, 2005 are limited to three consecutive terms of office. The City Manager is responsible for the administration of City operations and for carrying out policy as set by the City Council. The City Manager serves at the pleasure of the Council. Also serving at the pleasure of the Council are three other appointees: the City Attorney, the Presiding Judge, and the Court Administrator. Each of these appointees is responsible for the administration of his or her respective operation, although the City Manager has overall responsibility for general management functions such as financial operations and personnel rules and regulations.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City has historically managed well through economic cycles and is strong financially. It is recognized as such by independent bond rating agencies. Aurora maintains adequate fund balances for emergencies, generally strives to have revenues exceed expenditures, and adjusts its budget during the year when necessary. Aurora's citizens have also been supportive. They have approved a number of bond issues for infrastructure and have approved two ballot questions that have changed the City's Charter to exempt City fees and its main revenue source, sales and use tax, from state constitutional "Taxpayer Bill of Rights" (TABOR) revenue limits. The City also maintains internal controls and budgetary controls to ensure adequate oversight of City assets, accounting information and expenditures.

The Aurora (and nation's) economy experienced a slowdown in the last quarter of 2007 and the downturn continued into 2008 and has now extended into 2009. Changes in the economy have had a direct impact on City revenues. Sales and use tax revenues made up 64% of total General Fund budgetary revenues, net of transfers, in 2008. Use tax (a tax related to the sales tax) collections saw the largest decrease in revenues in 2008 due to the slowdown in construction activity. However, by Council Policy, most use tax revenues are used to fund capital projects and not operations and therefore a decrease in use tax collections has much less impact on the City's operating budget than is the case with some other cities. Property tax represents an important secondary general revenue source that is less impacted than sales and use tax by changing economic conditions. Property tax revenue increased by 8% due to increases in assessed value. For 2009, property tax revenues are also expected to increase. However a small decrease is expected to occur in 2010 based on the recent biennial reassessment. A further decrease is expected in 2012 with the 2011 biennial reassessment. During 2008 substantive

reductions were made in budgeted expenditures to offset the revenue losses due to the poor economy.

The national and local economies have continued to be very slow into 2009. The 2009 budgeted General Fund revenues are not expected to be achieved and steps were taken early in 2009 to reduce expenditures and bring in additional resources to the General Fund to achieve a projected year end General Fund financial status the same as was originally budgeted. The 2009 budget status will continue to be monitored to determine if additional budget balancing actions are needed.

The City expects to maintain its financial condition through continued control over the growth of City expenditures, through evaluation of options for enhancing revenues and through the financial discipline of matching expenditures to revenues. The City maintains a Policy Reserve Fund for unanticipated major emergencies, but does not anticipate using these funds for the 2009 budget year.

The City continues to evaluate options for enhancing its revenues coupled with controlling expenditures to match revenues. The City has taken steps to increase revenues; nonetheless, the City still faces significant budget challenges with future projected expenses (at current service levels) growing faster than projected revenues. In light of these challenges, the City continues to address both revenue increase options and options to reduce expenditures. The City expects that it will continue to adjust revenues and/or expenditures to maintain a balanced budget.

GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

The City is currently anticipating several years of slow General Fund operating revenue growth (not including use tax, which typically is used for capital purposes), after an anticipated net decline in 2009. The slow growth is expected to impact not only operating revenues, but revenues used for capital purposes, revenues from tap fees (new construction connection to water lines), construction and growth. The City is planning for several years of slow revenue growth and much lower levels of construction and development activity. The long-term outlook remains very good because of the medical and military centers that Aurora has, along with many square miles of undeveloped land.

The City continues to promote smart growth. Before any annexation or development is considered, landowners must agree to build or arrange construction of the required infrastructure. These up-front commitments routinely include the construction of water and sewer lines, roads, bridges, and drainage improvements. In many new developments, infrastructure is funded and constructed by special districts, which are local taxing entities formed by the landowners with the approval of the City. Landowners also must dedicate to the City groundwater rights they own, donate parcels for fire stations and schools, and preserve land for parks and open space.

As with almost all other Colorado cities, sales tax is the City's main revenue source. In the long run, the City's retail is well positioned with several major regional retail centers, including a number on the City's borders. While Aurora does not expect any major new regional retail centers for a number of years; the City maintains a retail specialist on staff to help support, and improve the City's retail environment.

The City is continuing a major capital investment in its water system to increase the City's water supplies for both growth and the inevitable periodic drought conditions. The Prairie Waters Project continues to be the cornerstone of the City's capital improvement plan; it is ahead of schedule and under budget and will be completed by the end of 2010. The \$755 million project will recycle water extracted from the South Platte River north of the metro area, treat it and transport it to customers in Aurora. It will deliver as much as 3.3 billion gallons of water to the City, 20 percent more than is available today. The Prairie Waters Project and other capital improvement projects are being financed primarily through the issuance of revenue bonds that will be repaid in future years from revenues generated by payments from current and future customers.

Aurora has a number of key factors that position it well for future economic growth:

<u>Denver International Airport</u> – This airport on Aurora's northern border, is the fifth busiest airport in the United States and generates substantial development activity in the immediate area.

<u>The E-470 Highway</u> – The E-470 toll highway comprises the entire eastern half of the metro area's beltway, affording easy access between Aurora and DIA, as well as all other regional employment centers. The E-470 toll highway is having a positive impact on development in the City and is expected to influence the patterns and level of growth in the area for the foreseeable future.

<u>Fitzsimons</u> - The 578-acre former Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, which closed in 1999, is now the site of the largest medical-related redevelopment project in the nation. This \$5 billion project has become the hub for the biotechnology industry in the Rocky Mountain Region. The site includes the Colorado Science and Technology Park at Fitzsimons, the Anschutz Medical Campus of the University of Colorado, The Children's Hospital, the Veterans Administration Hospital, and 21 Fitzsimons. The total redevelopment program for Fitzsimons calls for over 18 million square feet of new construction phased over 25-30 years. Approximately six million square feet are built out to date. Current employment at the site is approximately 16,000 and is anticipated to reach over 43,000 at build-out, with jobs in teaching, patient care, basic-science research and biotechnology research and development. While Fitzsimons is not expected to directly provide significant new revenue to the City budget due to its tax exempt and incentivized development, it is a major economic engine for Aurora and the surrounding area.

<u>Buckley Air Force Base</u> - Buckley Air Force Base (Buckley) is one of the key components of the United States Air Force Space Command and home to 77 different military missions. These missions are comprised of every service component and service. Due to the increasing importance of Buckley's mission, the base came under Air Force control in 2000. Buckley is expected to be an important military base into the foreseeable future. The Department of Defense employs nearly 14,000 full-time military, part-time guard and reservists, civilian and contractual personnel at Buckley. Buckley's satellite technology focus has led a number of Fortune 500 companies to increase their presence in the area. Currently, Lockheed Martin, Raytheon and Northrop Grumman each employ more than 500 workers in nearby office parks.

<u>Light Rail</u> - Funding has been approved for the metro area Regional Transportation District to build a light rail transit line and accompanying stations that will afford direct service to the Aurora City Center, the Fitzsimons Medical Campus, the I-225 Corridor, as well as connections to the Southeast I-25 Business Corridor and the I-70 Corridor. Rail service to DIA and Denver

Union Station will also be offered. While this project has been approved, the funding is inadequate. A new vote may be conducted in the fall of 2009 to determine if voters approve additional funding.

<u>Urban Renewal</u> - The City currently has seven urban renewal areas. The City and Aurora Urban Renewal Authority (AURA) actively work with developers, where appropriate, to encourage development of blighted areas. Urban renewal and associated tax increment financing districts have been major factors in a number of important developments. The AURA Board consists of the City Council members.

<u>Aurora Campus for Renewable Energy (ACRE)</u> - ACRE is a 1,762 acre City owned parcel in the northeast plains portion of Aurora and south of Denver International Airport. The land is set aside for renewable energy research and development. The City hopes that this site will become a premier research site for renewable energy research. The initial development on ACRE will occur with Solar Technology Acceleration Center. SolarTAC includes six public and private sector entities, all invested in advancing and accelerating the commercialization of solar technology.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Awards</u> – The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2007. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, which recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year. The City has received the certificate for twenty-two consecutive years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the requirements of the Certificate of Achievement program and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

<u>Acknowledgments</u> – The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the staff of the Finance Department and of other City departmental staff who contributed information in the report. Finally, we wish to thank the City Manager, the Mayor, and City Council for their continued support.

Respectfully submitted,

Ronald S. Miller City Manager

John Gross Finance Director

V



Ron Miller, City Manager



City Manager and Council Members 2008



Mayor Ed Tauer



Molly Markert Mayor Pro-Tem, Ward IV



Deborah Wallace Ward I



Renie Peterson Ward II



Larry Beer Ward III



Sue Sandstrom Ward V



Ryan Frazier At-Large



Bob Broom Ward VI



Steve Hogan At-Large



Bob FitzGerald At-Large



Brad Pierce At-Large



City Council-2008 City of Aurora, Colorado Terms of Service

Member	Position	Elected	Term Length	Total Service
Ed Tauer,	At-Large	1997 - 2001	4 years	Iotal Service
Lu lauci,	At-Large	2001 - 2003	2 years	
	Mayor	2001 - 2003 2003 - 2007	4 years	
	Iviayoi	2003 - 2007 2007 - 2011*		1/1 2200 400
Daharah Wallara	Ward I		4 years	14 years
Deborah Wallace,		2005 - 2009	4 years	4 years
Renie Peterson,	Ward II	2005 - 2009	4 years	4 years
Larry Beer,	Ward III	2005 - 2009	4 years	4 years
Molly Markert,	Ward IV	2003 - 2007	4 years	_
		2007 - 2011*	4 years	8 years
Sue Sandstrom	Ward V	2003 - 2007	4 years	
		2007 - 2011*	4 years	8 years
Bob Broom,	Ward VI	2003 - 2007	4 years	
		2007 - 2011*	4 years	8 years
Bob FitzGerald,	At-Large	2003 - 2005**	2 years	
	-	2005 - 2009	4 years	6 years
Ryan Frazier,	At-Large	2003 - 2007	4 years	
	e	2007 - 2011*	4 years	8 years
Steve Hogan,	At-Large	1979 - 1983	4 years	,
0	0	1985 - 1989	4 years	
		1989 - 1993	4 years	
		1993 - 1997	4 years	
		2001 - 2005	4 years	
		2005 - 2009*	4 years	24 years
Brad Pierce,	At-Large	2003 - 2007	4 years	21 years
Diau I ICICC,	111-Laige	2007 - 2011*	4 years	8 years
		200/ - 2011	T years	o years

Council elections held every two years (Wards I, II, III and two At-Large in 2009, then Wards IV, V and VI, the other two At-Large and the Mayor in 2011).

Council Members are currently term limited to three consecutive terms of four years each (consecutive unless they are at least four years apart), excluding members holding office prior to November 1, 2005, who are limited to two consecutive terms.

* Last consecutive term under term limits currently in force.

** Appointed for remainder of Ed Tauer's At-Large term upon Tauer's election as Mayor.



Management Officials City of Aurora, Colorado As of December 31, 2008

As of December 51,

City Manager's Office

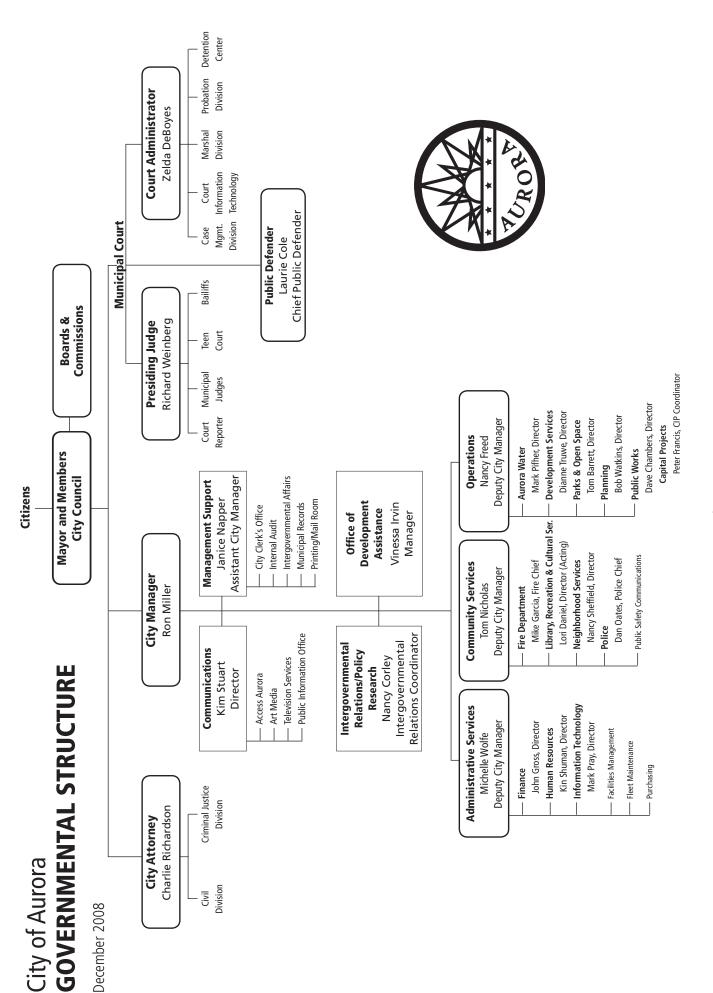
Ron Miller, City Manager	Since 1997
Nancy Freed, Deputy City Manager - Operations	Since 1995
Michelle Wolfe, Deputy City Manager - Administrative Services	Since 2008
Tom Nicholas, Deputy City Manager - Community Services	Since 2008
Janice Napper, Assistant City Manager	Since 1998

Council Appointees

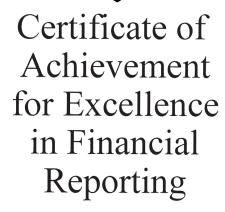
Zelda DeBoyes, Court Administrator	Since 1992
Charlie Richardson, City Attorney	Since 1986
Richard Weinberg, Presiding Judge	Since 2004
Laurie Cole, Chief Public Defender (appointed by Public Defender Commission)	Since 1996

Department Directors

Mark Pifher, Aurora Water Since 20	000
Dave Chambers, Public Works Since 20	006
Tom Barrett, Parks & Open Space Since 20	008
Mike Garcia, Fire Since 20	007
John Gross, Finance Since 19	990
Lori Daniel, Library, Recreation & Cultural Services (Acting) Since 20	008
Dan Oates, Police Since 20	005
Mark Pray, Information Technology Since 19	998
Nancy Sheffield, Neighborhood Services Since 19	996
Kin Shuman, Human Resources Since 20	001
Kim Stuart, Communications Since 20	000
Dianne Truwe, Development Services Since 19	984
Bob Watkins, Planning Since 20	004



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Presented to

City of Aurora Colorado

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Suy R. Ener

Executive Director

ABOUT THE CERTIFICATE

For over a century, the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has been dedicated to enhancing the professional management of governments for the public benefit. The GFOA's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program has been promoting the preparation of high quality financial reports since 1945. More than 3,500 governments of all levels (state and local), types (general-purpose and special-purpose), and sizes participate in the program. Among cities with a population of over 100,000 people, 78% participate in the program. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year.

The City of Aurora has received the Certificate for twenty-two consecutive years, including this most recent year, 2007, and for thirty-two years in total, currently the highest number of certificates for any governmental entity in the State of Colorado. We believe that this, our 2008 comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the requirements of the Certificate of Achievement Program and are submitting it to the GFOA for its consideration.





Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Aurora, Colorado Aurora, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Aurora, Colorado (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP), which represent 53% and -186%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other accountants whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for GERP, is based solely on the report of the other accountants. We also did not audit the financial statements of Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority (FRA), the financial statements of Aurora Housing Authority (AHA), or the financial statements of Havana Business Improvement District (BID), which together represent 100% of the assets and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for FRA, AHA and BID, is based solely on the reports of the other accountants.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other accountants provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

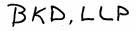
In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other accountants, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Aurora, Colorado

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis and budgetary and pension information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other accountants have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory, statistical, and other schedules sections supplementary information and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other accountants in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, statistical and other schedules sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other accountants in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, statistical and other schedules sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other accountants in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, statistical and other schedules sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other accountants in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.



June 4, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



Management of the City of Aurora, Colorado (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008. Readers should consider the information presented in this discussion and analysis in conjunction with additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report, and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 1.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets exceeded liabilities at the end of 2008 by \$4.2 billion (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$332.8 million, or 7.9% was unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations.
- Citywide net assets increased \$102.1 million in 2008.
- At December 31, 2008, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$149.0 million, a decrease of (\$1.9) million from the prior year. Approximately 76.3% of the fund balance (unreserved) is available for spending at the government's discretion or is subject to spending based on the purpose of the fund.
- The City's General Fund total revenues were under budget (\$12.0) million offset by total expenditures which were under budget (\$11.5) million during 2008.
- Capital improvement activity increased \$268.8 million during 2008.
- The City's total debt decreased (\$17.9) million during the year.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of a) citywide financial statements, b) fund financial statements and c) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Citywide Financial Statements

The citywide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad longer-term overview of the City's finances. While these statements assist in evaluating finances of the City in its entirety, City Council and debt underwriters refer to the fund financial statements to make spending and borrowing decisions as the availability of resources is controlled at the fund level. The citywide statements use the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. Certain interfund activities including interfund balances, transfers, and internal billings are eliminated in the aggregation of data for the citywide statements. The citywide statements include not only the City itself, but also legally separate component units, entities for which the City is financially accountable. Accordingly, the citywide statements are divided into two groups, the "primary government" and "component units" (discretely presented). The primary government includes all activities of the City (including blended component units) except fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in these statements because resources of these funds are not available to support City programs.

Activities of the primary government are aggregated into two activity types: governmental and business-type. *Governmental Activities* reflect the basic services of the City including: judicial, police, fire, public safety communications, public works (streets), culture and recreation (parks, libraries, recreation services), economic development, community services and general government (administration and other activities). Governmental activities are primarily supported by taxes. Activities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities as services provided by these funds predominantly benefit governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Business-type Activities include functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Business-type activities of the City include water, wastewater and golf course operations.

The citywide financial statements consist of a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements can be found on pages 1-3 of this report.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information about the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* provides information showing how the City's net assets changed during the year. The statement of activities is in a format that presents expenses, revenues and net revenues by "function", a broad grouping of services provided to citizens. The format of this statement shows the extent to which a function is self-financing through user fees and other function-related revenues or if it is supported through taxes and other general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that are segregated by external and internally adopted laws and agreements for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the citywide financial statements. Unlike the citywide statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of resources available at year-end. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because the fund financial statements do not encompass the long-term focus of the citywide statements, additional information is provided that reconciles the governmental fund financial statements to the citywide statements and explains the differences between them. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 5-8 of this report.

The City maintains two types of *proprietary funds*: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds report the same functions as presented in the business-type activities on the citywide statements. The City has two major proprietary funds: the Water Fund and the Wastewater Fund. The Golf Fund is not a major fund but is presented in a separate column because it is the only non-major proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for fleet maintenance, printing services, and risk management. Because these services predominantly benefit government rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the citywide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-15 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the citywide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support City programs. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

The *notes to the basic financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the citywide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 21 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide postemployment benefits to its employees and a comparison of the General Fund's original and final budget to actual budgetary revenue and expenditures. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 71-76 of this report.

Citywide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4.2 billion at the close of the fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net assets, (\$3.8 billion) reflects its investment in capital assets less the outstanding portion of the debt that was issued to acquire or construct those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these amounts are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total restricted net assets at the end of 2008 were \$79.4 million. This amount represents net resources where use is constrained by external requirements dictating how the funds may be used. Restrictions result from debt covenants, legislation, agreements, or requirements of the specific revenue source. The remaining net assets of \$332.8 million were unrestricted. While there were no outside restrictions on these funds, City policies and budget plans limit the use of these amounts. Policy and budget plan limitations include: payment of long-term liabilities, subsequent year budgets, project-length appropriations and operating designations.

As shown in Chart 1, net assets increased \$102.1 million in 2008, of which \$18.8 million (18.4%) was attributable to governmental activities and \$83.3 million (81.6%) was attributable to business-type activities. The increase in net assets attributable to governmental activities resulted from developer contributed capital assets and normal government operations including charges for services, tax receipts and operating expenditures. The majority of the increase in net assets attributed to business-type activities in the Water and Wastewater Funds, particularly, was due to the collection of \$29.6 million (35.5%) in tap and development fees and \$30.2 million (36.3%) in non-cash contributions such as water and wastewater lines constructed by developers. The remainder of the increase is due to an increase in utility sales volume and rates, increase in investment earnings, and normal operating activity.

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Citywide Totals			
	2008	2007	Change	%		2008	2007	Change	%	2008	2007	Change	%
Current and other assets	\$ 235,774	\$ 235,087	\$ 687	0.3	\$	637,883	\$ 772,934	\$(135,051)	(17.5)	\$ 873,657	\$ 1,008,021	\$ (134,364)	(13.3)
Capital assets, net	2,912,771	2,896,215	16,556	0.6		1,507,521	1,255,326	252,195	20.1	4,420,292	4,151,541	268,751	6.5
Total Assets	3,148,545	3,131,302	17,243	0.6		2,145,404	2,028,260	117,144	5.8	5,293,949	5,159,562	134,387	2.6
Current and other liabilities	62,069	62,134	(65)	(0.1)		63,963	38,865	25,098	64.6	126,032	100,999	25,033	24.8
Noncurrent liabilities	185,477	186,963	(1,486)	(0.8)		764,972	756,218	8,754	1.2	950,449	943,181	7,268	0.8
Total Liabilities	247.546	249.097	(1.551)	(0.6)		828.935	795.083	33.852	4.3	1.076.481	1.044.180	32,301	3.1
Net Assets:													
Invested in capital assets, net	2,773,574	2,750,014	23,560	0.9		1,031,664	946,462	85,202	9.0	3,805,238	3.696.476	108,762	2.9
of related debt	2,115,514	2,750,014	25,500	0.7		1,051,004	940,402	05,202	2.0	5,005,250	5,070,470	100,702	2.7
Restricted	54,767	51,908	2,859	5.5		24,650	6,127	18,523	302.3	79,417	58,035	21,382	36.8
Unrestricted	72.658	80.283	(7.625)	(9.5)		260.155	280.588	(20.433)	(7.3)	332.813	360.871	(28.058)	(7.8)
Total net assets	\$ 2,900,999	\$ 2.882.205	\$18,794	0.7	\$	1.316.469	\$1,233,177	\$ 83.292	6.8	\$4.217.468	\$ 4.115.382	\$ 102.086	2.5
					Ch	art 1							

Citywide Net Assets December 31, 2008 (in thousands)

MD&A-3

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

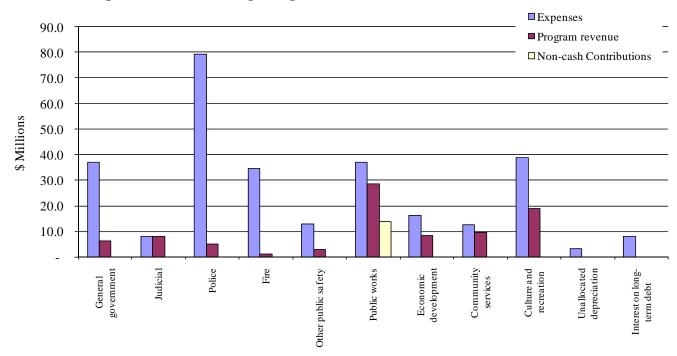
Governmental activities

As shown on Chart 2, total combined operating and capital grants and contributions increased \$6.1 million (11.5%) due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues for new traffic lights, the services provided for the Democratic National Convention and developer contributions of streets and land while charges for services decreased (\$2.4) million (7.2%) due to a decrease in building permits and special assessments revenue. Total operating expenditures increased \$12.1 million. The major increases in operating expenditures were related to police expenditures of \$2.4 million (3.1%) for police salary and benefit increases, an increase related to community services expenditures for overtime at the Democratic National Convention of \$2.2 million (21.5%) and increases in the City's storefront renovation loan program and home ownership assistance loan program. Interest expenditures increased \$0.9 million (11.9%) primarily due to the variable rate COPs.

				Citywide	Cha	anges in Ne	et Assets	Year	r Ended De	cem	ber 31, 200	8 (iı	n thousands	5)								
	Governmental Activities								Business-type Activities							Citywide Totals						
		2008		2007	_	Change	%	-	2008		2007		Change	%		2008		2007		Change	%	
REVENUES:																						
Program Revenues:																						
Charges for services	\$	30,885	\$	33,270	\$	(2,385)	(7.2)	\$	139,668	\$	131,892	\$	7,776	5.9	\$	170,553	\$	165,162	\$	5,391	3.3	
Operating grants and		25,711		24,565		1,146	4.7		23,559		23,957		(398)	(1.7)		49,270		48,522		748	1.5	
contributions																						
Capital grants and contributions		33,198		28,260		4,938	17.5		41,224		97,845		(56,621)	(57.9)		74,422		126,105		(51,683)	(41.0)	
General Revenues:																						
Taxes																						
Sales and use		151,024		152,895		(1,871)	(1.2)		-		-		-	-		151,024		152,895		(1.871)	(1.2)	
Property		32,519		30,813		1,706	5.5		-		-		-	-		32,519		30,813		1,706	5.5	
Other		27,025		27,561		(536)	(1.9)		-		-		-	-		27,025		11,440		15,585	136.2	
Grants and contributions not		849		785		64	8.2		-		-		-	-		849		785		64	8.2	
restricted to specific programs																						
Unrestricted investment earnings		5,500		7,371		(1,871)	(25.4)		7,350		4,382		2,968	67.7		12,850		11,753		1,097	9.3	
Transfers		82	_	-		82	-		(82)		-		(82)	-	_	-		-		-	-	
Total revenues		306.793		305.520	_	1.273	0.4		211.719		258.076		(46.357)	(18.0)		518.512		563,596	_	(45.084)	(8.0)	
EXPENSES:																						
General government		36,883		35,443		1,440	4.1		-		-		-	-		36,883		35,443		1,440	4.1	
Judicial		8,067		7,745		322	4.2		-		-		-	-		8,067		7,745		322	4.2	
Police		79,279		76,903		2,376	3.1		-		-		-	-		79,279		76,903		2,376	3.1	
Fire		34,485		33,196		1,289	3.9		-		-		-	-		34,485		33,196		1,289	3.9	
Other public safety		12,957		11,978		979	8.2		-		-		-	-		12,957		11,978		979	8.2	
Public works		37,022		36,963		59	0.2		-		-		-	-		37,022		36,963		59	0.2	
Economic development		16,364		15,266		1,098	7.2		-		-		-	-		16,364		15,266		1,098	7.2	
Community services		12,627		10,389		2,238	21.5		-		-		-	-		12,627		10,389		2,238	21.5	
Culture and recreation		38,720		37,471		1,249	3.3		-		-		-	-		38,720		37,471		1,249	3.3	
Unallocated depreciation		3,326		3,187		139	4.4		-		-		-	-		3,326		3,187		139	4.4	
Interest on debt		8,269		7,388		881	11.9		-		-		-	-		8,269		7,388		881	11.9	
Water		-		-		-	-		78,139		72,216		5,923	8.2		78,139		72,216		5,923	8.2	
Wastewater		-		-		-	-		40,627		37,101		3,526	9.5		40,627		37,101		3,526	9.5	
Golf		-			_		-		9.661		9,320		341	3.7	_	9,661		9,320		341	3.7	
Total expenses		287.999		275.929		12.070	4.4		128.427		118.637		9.790	8.3		416.426		394.566		21.860	5.5	
Increase in net assets		18,794		29,591		(10,797)	(36.5)		83,292		139,439		(56,147)	(40.3)		102,086		169,030		(66,944)	(39.6)	
Net assets January 1	1	2,882,205	1	2,852,614		29,591	1.0		1,233,177		1,093,738		139,439	12.7	4	4,115,382		3,946,352		169,030	4.3	
Net assets December 31	\$	2,900,999	\$	2,882,205	\$	18,794	0.7	\$	1,316,469	\$	1,233,177	\$	83,292	6.8	\$ 4	4,217,468	\$	4,115,382	\$	102,086	2.5	
								-		-		-										

Chart 2

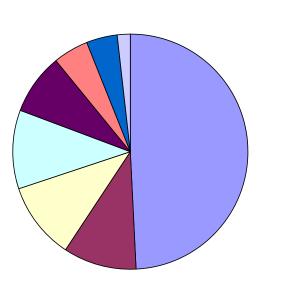
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



Expenses Financed through Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

Chart 3

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



■ Sales and use taxes 49%

Charges for services 10%

□Property taxes 11%

Capital grants and contributions 11%

Operating grants and contributions 8%

■Other revenues 5%

Franchise taxes 4%

Unrestricted investment earnings 2%

Chart 4

MD&A-5

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

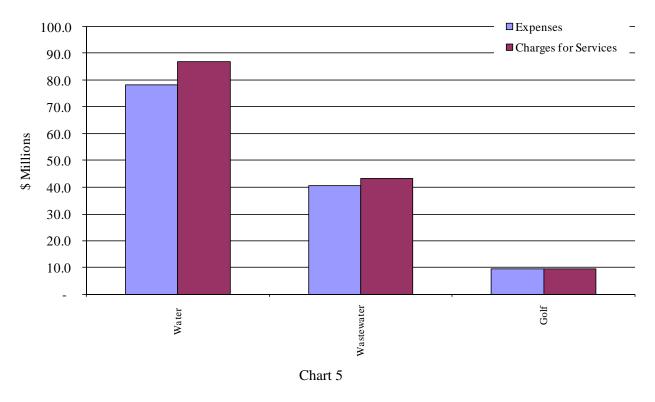
Business-type activities

Total revenues for business-type activities decreased (\$46.4) million (18.0%) primarily resulting from:

- Decrease in capital grants and contributions of (\$56.6) million due principally to a decrease in water and wastewater tap and development fees of (\$21.1) million and a decrease in infrastructure deeded to the City by developers of (\$33.4) million related to a slow-down in development activity.
- Increase in charges for services of \$7.8 million due to water and wastewater volume increases and a new water rate structure that went into effect April 2008. Sewer and storm drain increased rates 10% and 12% respectively.

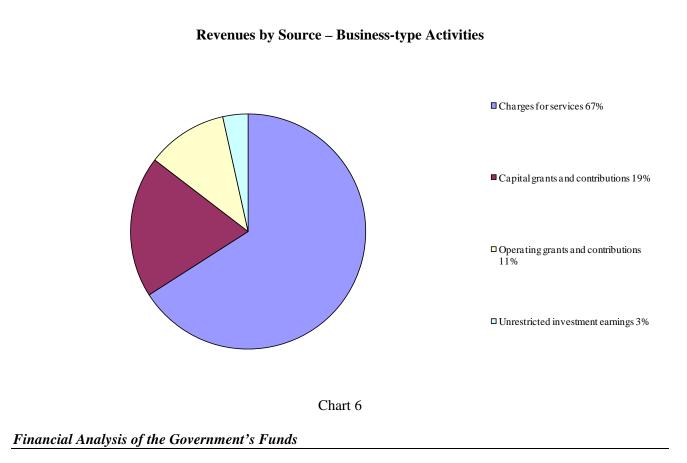
Total expenses for business-type activities increased \$9.8 million (8.3%) primarily as a result of an increase in water and wastewater expenses resulting from personal services, costs for the repair and maintenance of infrastructure, facilities and equipment, professional and technical services, short-term water leases, temporary storage and the overhead payment to the General Fund.

Chart 5 below compares expenses and charges for services revenue for the business-type activities. While recorded as revenue, capital grants and contributions (the primary component of other grants and contributions) and capital asset contributions are not used to fund operations.



Expenses and Charges for Services – Business-type Activities

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of 2008, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$22.8 million. This amount includes \$22.2 million unreserved fund balance of which: \$17.1 million is designated for payment of long-term liabilities; \$95.5 thousand for one time expenditures; and a \$5.0 million Operating Reserve. The remaining includes \$559.3 thousand reserved for purchase orders where the goods or services have not yet been received.

In total \$4.8 million of fund balance was used in 2008 primarily to cover a \$2.0 million onetime transfer to the Capital Projects Fund, \$0.8 million to cover the refinance of the 2006 A-2 COPs, \$0.6 million for late 2008 revenue decreases which were not projected, \$0.5 million to cover an additional payday in 2008, \$0.3 million to cover an increase in the new hire pension contribution and \$0.3 million for capital projects for the new pet crematory and parking study,

The City designates all of its unreserved and not otherwise designated General Fund fund balance as an "Operating Reserve". This Operating Reserve has a minimum target policy of 1% to 3% of annual budgetary revenues and is intended to be spendable in limited circumstances. The Operating Reserve may be spent for one-time uses that can include: unexpected revenue shortfalls; unexpected expenses; emergencies; and balancing the budget when deemed appropriate and necessary by City Council. City policy provides for restoring the Operating Reserve to minimum levels as quickly as feasible. The General Fund fund balance designated as an operating reserve was \$5.0 million at December 31, 2008 and \$6.7 million at December 31, 2007. The Operating Reserve is 2.2% of 2008 annual budgetary revenues or \$2.7 million above the 1% minimum target specified by Council. Total fund balance was 9.8% of total General Fund revenues in 2008, compared to 11.8% in 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

It is the City's policy to hold a minimum 10% of the General Fund's adjusted budgetary operating expenditures for the year in the Policy Reserve Special Revenue Fund. General Fund adjusted budgetary operating expenditures, for purposes of calculating the policy reserve, exclude capital and development related expenditures and expenditures related to funding two police officers per 1,000 citizens, which are funded with voter approved sales and use taxes. At the end of 2008, the Policy Reserve Fund funds available meets the minimum 10% policy. The total of the General Fund's unreserved and undesignated funds available, the Policy Reserve Fund's funds available and the TABOR Reserve Fund's funds available was 14.0% of the General Fund's 2008 adjusted budgetary operating expenditures.

TABOR Reserve Fund

The TABOR Reserve Fund accounts for the emergency reserve required by TABOR, a State constitutional amendment (footnote 17). TABOR specifies that local governments are permitted to use reserve funds for emergencies with the requirement that the reserve funds be restored to 3% of fiscal year spending in the following fiscal year. The City management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR at December 31, 2008.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues for 2008 were less than budget by (\$12.0) million due to the following: softening sales tax revenue growth, decreased construction activity resulting from lower than expected license and permit revenue; and lower than expected external service fees related to court services, animal care center and neighborhood services housing re-inspections. General Fund expenditures were (\$11.5) million under budget resulting primarily due to a decreased Capital Projects Fund transfer, unfilled positions and the reduction of fleet purchases. As a result, December 31 ending funds available were lower than budgeted by (\$533.1) thousand. The City expects to maintain its financial condition through continued control over the growth of City expenditures, through evaluation of options for enhancing revenues and through the financial discipline of matching expenditures to revenues.

Capital Assets and Bonded Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2008, were \$4.4 billion (net of accumulated depreciation) and include: land and water rights, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction in progress. The City uses these assets to provide services to its citizens. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements, footnote 6.

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets - net of accumulated depreciation (in thousands)

	Gover	nmental Activit	ies	Busin	ess-type Activit	ties	Citywide Totals					
	2008	2007	Change	2008	2007	Change	2008	2007	Change			
Land and water rights	\$ 240,673	\$ 237,706	\$ 2,967	\$ 311,328	\$ 298,718	\$ 12,610	\$ 552,001	\$ 536,424	\$ 15,577			
Buildings and improvements	155,543	161,183	(5,640)	102,202	104,885	(2,683)	257,745	266,068	(8,323)			
Infrastructure	2,470,269	2,453,684	16,585	697,379	679,626	17,753	3,167,648	3,133,310	34,338			
Machinery and equipment	33,386	33,550	(164)	15,165	15,304	(139)	48,551	48,854	(303)			
Construction in progress	12,900	10,092	2,808	381,447	156,793	224,654	394,347	166,885	227,462			
Totals	\$ 2,912,771	\$ 2,896,215	\$ 16,556	\$ 1,507,521	\$ 1,255,326	\$ 252,195	\$ 4,420,292	\$ 4,151,541	\$ 268,751			



MD&A-8

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Major capital asset activity, not including depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 included the following:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets

- Developers donated streets to the City valued at \$13.2 million while the City constructed \$13.8 million in street overlays and improvements.
- Developer-donated streets included land valued at \$0.6 million and DIA Noise Mitigation and Court Approved Noise Plan land acquisition costs of \$2.3 million from the Designated Revenues Fund.

Business-type Activities Capital Assets

- The Water Fund purchased land and water rights valued at \$12.5 million for the Prairie Waters Project and for future expansion of the water system.
- Developers constructed and contributed water lines, valued at \$7.6 million, and wastewater lines, valued at \$5.4 million.
- Prairie Waters Project construction in progress increased \$206.8 million.

Bonded Debt Administration

At the end of 2008, the City had total bonded debt of \$756.2 million and approximately \$110.9 million in certificates of participation (COPs). COPs represent rights to receive revenues through a capital lease and are similar to a bondholder's right to receive debt service on bonds. Aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC), a blended component unit that provides financing for City capital assets, issues the COPs. Outstanding debt by activity at December 31, 2008, and 2007 was as follows:

	Primary Government																		
		Gove	ernn	nental Acti	vitie	es	Business-type Activities							Citywide Totals					
					Increase Decrease)	December 31 2008		December 31 2007		Increase (Decrease)		December 31 2008		December 31 2007		Increase (Decrease)			
General obligation bonds	\$	32,045	\$	36,545	\$	(4,500)	\$	30,435	\$	37,275	\$	(6,840)	\$	62,480	\$	73,820	\$	(11,340)	
Revenue bonds		9,105		10,375		(1,270)		684,567		691,291		(6,724)		693,672		701,666	_	(7,994)	
Total bonded debt		41,150		46,920		(5,770)		715,002		728,566		(13,564)		756,152		775,486		(19,334)	
Certificates of participation		110,900		109,495		1,405		-						110,900		109,495	_	1,405	
Totals	\$	152,050	\$	156,415	\$	(4,365)	\$	715,002	\$	728,566	\$	(13,564)	\$	867,052	\$	884,981	\$	(17,929)	
							Cł	nart 8											

Comparative Schedule of Non-current Liabilities (in thousands)

Citywide net bonded and COP debt decreased (\$17.9) million during 2008 primarily due to \$25.5 million in debt payments. In addition, during 2008 the City refunded two variable rate bonds as the bond insurers were adversely impacted by the bond issuance and auction rate security issues. The 2008A First Lien Water Revenue Bond with an issue of \$40.0 million refunded the 2004A Second-Lien Water Improvement Bonds. The 2006 A-2 COPs were refunded by the 2008A Aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC) COPs with an issue of \$68.5 million.

The City's underlying general obligation debt rating is A2 by Moody's Investors Service and AA by Standard & Poor's.

The City Charter imposes a limit upon general obligation debt (other than debt issued for water purposes) of 3% of the assessed value of property subject to City general property tax. Additional information on the City's

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

legal debt margin can be found on Exhibit A-16 and additional information on the City's debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements, footnote 7.

Economic Factors and Rate Increases

- The unemployment rate for the City is currently 9.4%. The City's rate is unfavorable to the state's average unemployment rate of 7.2% and the national rate of 8.1%.
- Housing starts for the metro area are currently down 70%, which is unfavorable to the state and national decrease over last year of 63% and 48%, respectively.
- Water, wastewater, and storm drain user rates will increase 8%, 7% and 6%, respectively in 2009 to fund operating, debt service and system improvement needs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or other financial information should be addressed to the Controller's Office, City of Aurora, Colorado, 15151 East Alameda Parkway, Suite 5700, Aurora, Colorado 80012-1555 or telephone 303-739-7800.

* * * * * * * * *



Basic Financial Statements

CITYWIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITYWIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

		Pr	rimary Government			
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	Component Units
ASSETS		_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,840,760	\$	27,399,578	\$	43,240,338	\$ 14,236,193
Investments	68,636,681		281,958,955		350,595,636	4,404,738
Receivables (net of allowance)						
Taxes receivable	47,019,628		_		47,019,628	325,050
Accounts receivable	1,446,707		12,509,472		13,956,179	—
Interest receivable	1,544,806		2,838,984		4,383,790	866,566
Due from other governments	967,848				967,848	_
Other receivables	4,216,692		_		4,216,692	6,941,468
Internal balances	172,523		(172,523)			_
Inventories	615,703		230,813		846,516	
Deferred charges	1,082,056		5,544,972		6,627,028	78,498
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	20,304,021		24,000		20,328,021	_
Investments	45,173,001		293,539,604		338,712,605	_
Taxes receivable	6,364,129				6,364,129	_
Accounts receivable	1,179,923		6,579,810		7,759,733	_
Interest receivable	97,755		1,706,787		1,804,542	_
Due from other governments	4,614,454				4,614,454	_
Other receivables	244,240		3,110,062		3,354,302	_
Notes receivable	16,253,328		139,481		16,392,809	36,572,303
Equity in joint venture			2,472,429		2,472,429	4,348,894
Capital assets (net of accumulated			_,,		_,,>	.,,
depreciation)						
Land and water rights	240,673,353		311,328,269		552,001,622	8,809,696
Buildings and improvements	155,543,091		102,202,305		257,745,396	15,030,790
Infrastructure	2,470,268,590		697,378,380		3,167,646,970	
Machinery and equipment	33,385,652		15,165,304		48,550,956	204,051
Construction in progress	12,899,729		381,446,855		394,346,584	
		-				 01.010.045
Total assets	 3,148,544,670		2,145,403,537		5,293,948,207	 91,818,247
LIABILITIES	11 047 501		40 401 057		(0 449 559	700 (00
Accounts payable Accrued interest	11,047,501		49,401,057		60,448,558	729,688
	791,018		14,030,938		14,821,956	45,078
Other payables	900,249		85,449		985,698	414,389
Unearned revenues	49,330,045		445,670		49,775,715	337,168
Noncurrent liabilities	20.020.120		10,400,001		22 502 050	0.531.573
Due within one year	20,020,128		13,482,931		33,503,059	3,571,567
Due beyond one year	 165,456,522		751,488,462		916,944,984	 24,930,288
Total liabilities	 247,545,463		828,934,507		1,076,479,970	 30,028,178
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	2,773,573,410		1,031,664,879		3,805,238,289	18,548,520
Restricted for						
Construction	4,621,770		5,114,062		9,735,832	—
Police	938,179		—		938,179	—
E-911 equipment and services	6,365,253		—		6,365,253	—
Parks and recreation	19,591,164		—		19,591,164	—
Emergencies	8,188,738		—		8,188,738	11,800
Gifts and grants	5,712,156		—		5,712,156	—
Debt related	_		19,535,272		19,535,272	—
Agreements	9,338,401		—		9,338,401	—
Urban renewal	11,682		—		11,682	—
Unrestricted	 72,658,454		260,154,817	·	332,813,271	 43,229,749
Total net assets	\$ 2,900,999,207	\$	1,316,469,030	\$	4,217,468,237	\$ 61,790,069

See notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO CITYWIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

					Net (Expense) I	Revenue and Changes	in Net Assets	
			Program Revenues	5	P	Primary Government		
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 36,882,880	\$ 3,841,779	\$ 2,571,967	\$ 10,719	\$ (30,458,415)	\$ _ \$	(30,458,415)	
Judicial	8,067,017	8,112,024	47,154	—	92,161	—	92,161	
Police	79,278,710	2,298,015	2,722,799	—	(74,257,896)	—	(74,257,896)	
Fire	34,484,884	608,065	508,038	—	(33,368,781)	—	(33,368,781)	
Other public safety	12,956,565	153,938	2,957,631	18,935	(9,826,061)	—	(9,826,061)	
Public works	37,022,337	223,148	1,544,651	26,948,735	(8,305,803)	_	(8,305,803)	
Economic development	16,364,134	8,486,228	80,340	(281)	(7,797,847)	_	(7,797,847)	
Community services	12,626,972	1,175,549	8,468,666	_	(2,982,757)	_	(2,982,757)	
Culture and recreation	38,720,494	5,986,101	6,809,583	6,220,168	(19,704,642)	_	(19,704,642)	
Unallocated depreciation, excluding								
direct program depreciation	3,325,541	_	_	_	(3,325,541)	_	(3,325,541)	
Interest on long-term debt	8,268,795				(8,268,795)		(8,268,795)	
Total governmental activities	287,998,329	30,884,847	25,710,829	33,198,276	(198,204,377)		(198,204,377)	
Business-type activities								
Water	78,139,181	86,804,628	20,959,101	31,773,577	_	61,398,125	61,398,125	
Sewer	40,627,123	43,334,647	2,545,142	9,401,094	_	14,653,760	14,653,760	
Golf	9,661,133	9,528,713	104,804			(27,616)	(27,616)	
Total business-type activities	128,427,437	139,667,988	23,609,047	41,174,671		76,024,269	76,024,269	
Total primary government	\$ 416,425,766	\$ 170,552,835	\$ 49,319,876	\$ 74,372,947	(198,204,377)	76,024,269	(122,180,108)	
Component units	\$ 28,044,440	\$ 7,066,603	\$ 22,169,487	\$ 305,291				\$ 1,496,9

	P	rimary Governmen	ıt	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
General Revenues Taxes				
Sales and use taxes	151,023,488	_	151,023,488	_
Property taxes	32,519,051	_	32,519,051	328,035
Franchise taxes	13,037,994		13,037,994	_
Lodgers taxes	4,688,562	_	4,688,562	_
Occupational privilege taxes	4,295,911	_	4,295,911	_
Other taxes	5,001,847	_	5,001,847	25,565
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	848,779	_	848,779	_
Unrestricted investment earnings	5,500,036	7,350,152	12,850,188	208,506
Transfers	82,588	(82,588)		
Total general revenues and transfers	216,998,256	7,267,564	224,265,820	562,106
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	18,793,879	83,291,833	102,085,712	2,059,047
NET ASSETS - January 1	2,882,205,328	1,233,177,197	4,115,382,525	59,731,022
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 2,900,999,207	\$ 1,316,469,030	\$ 4,217,468,237	\$ 61,790,069



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major governmental funds include the General Fund and any governmental fund that comprises 10% or more of total governmental fund classification (assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures) and at least 5% of the governmental and enterprise fund totals for the same classification. Currently only the General Fund is considered a major fund as none of the other governmental funds meet the criteria specified above.

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for taxes and other resources traditionally associated with government and the operations of the City that are financed from these resources.

OTHER (NON-MAJOR) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The other governmental funds are comprised of all non-major special revenue funds, all nonmajor debt service funds and all non-major capital projects funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2008

		a 1		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
		General		Funds		Funds
ASSETS	.	1 600 01 6		10 000 01 5	<i>•</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,690,016	\$	18,280,015	\$	19,970,031
Investments		4,948,398		77,181,492		82,129,890
Receivables (net of allowance)						
Taxes receivable		47,019,628				47,019,628
Accounts receivable		182,185		1,839,939		2,022,124
Interest receivable		1,035,754		438,637		1,474,391
Due from other governments		897,972		3,818,149		4,716,121
Other receivables		304,224		2,510,886		2,815,110
Due from other funds		1,623,752		—		1,623,752
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		—		11,694,056		11,694,056
Investments		_		17,699,814		17,699,814
Taxes receivable		_		6,364,129		6,364,129
Accounts receivable		—		604,506		604,506
Interest receivable		—		23,761		23,761
Due from other governments		—		866,183		866,183
Other receivables		—		40,684		40,684
Notes receivable		90,000		16,163,328		16,253,328
Total assets	\$	57,791,929	\$	157,525,579	\$	215,317,508
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	7,171,698	\$	3,895,881	\$	11,067,579
Other payables		457,025		55,627		512,652
Due to other funds		_		1,623,752		1,623,752
Deferred revenues		27,370,888		25,710,536		53,081,424
Total liabilities		34,999,611		31,285,796		66,285,407
Fund balances						
Reserved for						
Encumbrances		559,347		4,343,856		4,903,203
Construction		_		6,597,952		6,597,952
Police		_		938,179		938,179
Gifts and grants		_		1,262,600		1,262,600
Debt related		_		12,187,882		12,187,882
Arbitrage		_		113,808		113,808
Agreements		_		9,338,401		9,338,401
Unreserved						
Designated, reported in						
General Fund		22,232,971		_		22,232,971
Special revenue funds				20,262,976		20,262,976
Debt service funds		_		253,315		253,315
Capital project funds		_		20,538,207		20,538,207
Undesignated, reported in				,, - ·		,,. .
General Fund		_				_
Special revenue funds		_		48,346,270		48,346,270
Debt service funds		_		1,681,426		1,681,426
Capital project funds		_		374,911		374,911
Total fund balances		22,792,318		126,239,783		149,032,101
Fotal liabilities and fund balances	\$	57,791,929	\$	157,525,579	\$	215,317,508
See notes to the basic financial statements	4	5	Ŷ	10,,020,077	Ť	212,517,500

-5-

See notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ON THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE CITYWIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (see page 1) are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds (see page 5)	\$	149,032,101
Deferred charges represent unamortized bond issue costs. These costs are expenses in governmental funds but are deferred and amortized at citywide.		1,082,056
Due to / due from amounts are eliminated for citywide reporting. Due to other funds Due from other funds		1,623,752 (1,623,752)
The net pension asset is not available to pay current period expenditures and , therefore, is not recorded in the funds.		1,603,333
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		2,912,271,081
Accounts payable and other current liabilities are adjusted for interest payable on bonds and the net pension obligation which wil not be paid in the current period and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds. Interest payable on bonds	l	(791,018)
Net pension obligation		(387,596)
Deferred revenue / unearned revenue from special assessments, tax audits and notes receivable have been recognized as revenue at citywide.		3,751,379
The arbitrage liability will not be paid in the current period and, therefore, in not recorded in the funds.		(113,809)
Noncurrent liabilities including, bonds, certificates of participation and accrued compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds.		
Due within one year (includes \$1,533,311 for accrued compensated absences) Due beyond one year		(15,587,033) (162,249,691)
Internal service funds are used by the City to accumulate and allocate fleet management, printing, and risk management costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the citywide statement of net assets as they predominately benefit governmental activities.		
Governmental - type Business - type		12,215,881 172,523
		-
Net assets of governmental activities (see page 1)	\$	2,900,999,207

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	 General		Tunus		T unus
Taxes					
Sales and use	\$ 149,350,298	\$	1,266,761	\$	150,617,059
Property	26,007,344		6,511,707		32,519,051
Franchise	13,037,994		_		13,037,994
Lodgers	4,688,562				4,688,562
Occupational privilege	3,975,791		320,120		4,295,911
Other	5,001,847		_		5,001,847
Charges for services	7,601,310		8,395,572		15,996,882
Licenses and permits	2,508,560		6,308,613		8,817,173
Fines and forfeitures	6,406,220		1,803,333		8,209,553
Special assessments			346,447		346,447
Intergovernmental	10,722,674		23,008,622		33,731,296
Surcharges			3,139,083		3,139,083
Miscellaneous	1,042,271		6,140,315		7,182,586
Investment earnings	 1,032,097		5,424,747		6,456,844
Total revenues	 231,374,968		62,665,320		294,040,288
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	29,897,477		4,108,723		34,006,200
Judicial	7,957,745		111,898		8,069,643
Police	75,319,036		3,327,576		78,646,612
Fire	33,183,680		581,134		33,764,814
Other public safety	10,149,377		2,592,995		12,742,372
Public works	21,091,830		3,265,847		24,357,677
Economic development	3,552,855		12,775,839		16,328,694
Community services	3,783,371		8,689,709		12,473,080
Culture and recreation	19,901,753		16,262,912		36,164,665
Debt service					
Principal	987,802		12,200,000		13,187,802
Interest	114,434		7,856,584		7,971,018
Capital outlay	 3,850,423		24,623,265		28,473,688
Total expenditures	 209,789,783	·	96,396,482	·	306,186,265
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 21,585,185		(33,731,162)		(12,145,977)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,848,379		41,372,818		44,221,197
Transfers out	(31,565,255)		(12,715,942)		(44,281,197)
Refunded COPS issued	_		68,540,000		68,540,000
Payment to escrow agent			(60,635,390)		(60,635,390)
Capital leases	2,093,601				2,093,601
Sale of capital assets	 255,622		5,264		260,886
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (26,367,653)		36,566,750		10,199,097
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,782,468)		2,835,588		(1,946,880)
FUND BALANCES - January 1	 27,574,786		123,404,195		150,978,981
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$ 22,792,318	\$	126,239,783	\$	149,032,101

See notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ON THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE CITYWIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (see page 2 and 3) are different because: \$ Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (see page 7) (1,946,880)Sales and use tax audit revenue is recorded at citywide since the receivable amount is known, however it does not provide current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as revenue in the funds until collected. 406,429 Charges for services generated internally are eliminated at citywide. The change in special assessment revenue, abatement and aid to agencies, deferred in the funds, is recognized at citywide. Charges for services - revenue (3, 393, 442)Charges for services - expenditures 3,393,442 Change in due to/from enterprise funds 1,557,854 Change in deferred revenue (763, 876)Miscellaneous revenues from street infrastructure donated by developers is recorded as revenue at citywide, however, it is not a current financial source and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds. 13,833,634 Certain expenses in the citywide statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds. Arbitrage rebate 63,191 (1,635,996) Net pension asset / obligation Accrued compensated absences (1,861,448)Debt service payments consume current financial resources and are included as expenditures in the funds. At citywide the payments are recorded as a reduction to long-term liabilities. The accrual adjustment for debt service interest and the amortization of debt issue costs, discounts, premiums and the loss on the 2006 COP's refunding are made at citywide only. Repayment of principal 13,187,802 Accrued interest 32,119 (329,892) Amortization Issuance costs and underwriters discount - 2008 COP's Refunding 682,884 Capital outlay is reported in the funds as expenditures but are capitalized at citywide. Depreciation does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Capital outlay 28,473,688 Capital contributions Enterprise Funds 132,588 Internal Service Funds (58,908)Depreciation (24, 137, 264)Capital lease proceeds are recorded in the funds but have no effect on net assets. (2,093,601) Refunding of certificates of participation proceeds and the payment to refunded debt escrow agent are recorded in the funds but have no effect on net assets. Payment to refunded debt escrow agent 60,635,390 Refunding certificates of participation (68,540,000) Disposal of capital assets proceeds are recorded in the funds while the loss from the disposal is recorded at citywide and includes the write-off of the carrying value of the related capital asset. (1,676,647)Internal service funds are used by the City to accumulate and allocate fleet management, printing, and risk management costs to individual funds. The increase in net assets of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the citywide statement of net assets as they predominately benefit governmental activities. 3,140,682 Governmental - type Business - type (307, 870)

Increase in net assets of governmental activities (see page 3) \$ 18,793,879

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Major proprietary funds are enterprise funds that comprise 10% or more of total enterprise fund classification (assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses) and at least 5% of the combined governmental and enterprise fund total for the same classification.

Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business where costs are predominantly supported by user charges or where management has decided periodic determination of revenues, expenses, and/or change in net assets is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The Water Fund and the Wastewater Fund are major funds.

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the acquisition of water and water rights and for the operation and maintenance of the water plants and distribution systems.

Wastewater Fund

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the systems and operations used in treating and disposing of wastewater from sanitary wastewater and storm drain activities.

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUND

Golf Fund

The Golf Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of City owned or operated golf courses.



PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

			Rusi	ness-type Activi	ities -	Enterprise Funds		Governmental
			Dubi	ness type neur	iiico	Non-major	Total	Activities
		Major	Fun			Fund	Enterprise	Internal
		Water		Wastewater		Golf	Funds	Service Funds
ASSETS Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,737,127	\$	10,181,444	\$	481,007 \$	27,399,578	4.480.692
Investments	Ψ	215,954,881	Ψ	64,853,921	Ψ	1,150,153	281,958,955	13,979,980
Receivables (net of allowance)		- , ,		- ,,-		, ,	- , ,	- , ,
Accounts receivable		7,709,899		4,799,573		_	12,509,472	—
Interest receivable		2,264,248		574,286		450	2,838,984	144,409
Other receivable		—		—		—	—	1,800
Restricted assets								
Investments		14,052,736		2,899,127			16,951,863	—
Current portion of notes receivable Current portion of interfund loan		_		56,000		24,922	24,922 56,000	—
Inventories				50,000		230,813	230,813	615,703
inventories						230,015	230,015	015,705
Total current assets		256,718,891		83,364,351		1,887,345	341,970,587	19,222,584
Noncurrent assets								
Deferred charges		5,155,770		335,218		53,984	5,544,972	—
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		24,000					24,000	—
Investments		242,433,690		33,650,279		503,772	276,587,741	—
Accounts receivable		6,579,810		522 250			6,579,810	—
Interest receivable Other receivables		1,183,326		522,350 3,110,062		1,111	1,706,787 3,110,062	—
Notes receivable		4,495		5,110,002		110.064	114,559	_
Interfund loan				4,496,000			4,496,000	_
Equity in joint venture		2,472,429				_	2,472,429	_
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)								
Land and water rights		288,390,670		7,645,996		15,291,603	311,328,269	—
Buildings and improvements		67,415,162		32,143,712		2,643,431	102,202,305	—
Infrastructure		396,845,427		287,452,309		13,080,644	697,378,380	348,859
Machinery and equipment		10,728,158		3,266,431		1,170,715	15,165,304	150,475
Construction in progress		348,596,421		32,850,434			381,446,855	
Total capital assets		1,111,975,838		363,358,882		32,186,393	1,507,521,113	499,334
Total noncurrent assets		1,369,829,358		405,472,791		32,855,324	1,808,157,473	499,334
Total assets		1,626,548,249		488,837,142		34,742,669	2,150,128,060	19,721,918
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		41,235,638		8,004,948		160,471	49,401,057	662,089
Accrued interest		12,654,409		1,332,394		44,135	14,030,938	—
Other payables		79,732		—		5,717	85,449	—
Unearned revenues		—				445,670	445,670	—
Current portion - interfund loan Current portion - long-term liabilities		9,958,396		2,785,893		56,000 738,642	56,000 13 482 931	3 750 028
							13,482,931	3,750,928
Total current liabilities		63,928,175		12,123,235		1,450,635	77,502,045	4,413,017
Noncurrent liabilities								
Interfund loan						4,496,000	4,496,000	
Due beyond one year		681,093,565		66,745,517		3,649,380	751,488,462	3,093,020
Total noncurrent liabilities		681,093,565		66,745,517		8,145,380	755,984,462	3,093,020
Total liabilities		745,021,740		78,868,752		9,596,015	833,486,507	7,506,037
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		679,642,043		327,555,377		24,467,459	1,031,664,879	499,334
Restricted Construction		2,004,000		3,110,062			5,114,062	_
Debt related		1,250,000		1,250,000			2,500,000	_
Unrestricted		198,630,466		78,052,951		679,195	277,362,612	11,716,547
			- <u></u>					
Total net assets	\$	881,526,509	\$	409,968,390	\$	25,146,654 \$	1,316,641,553	12,215,881

See notes to the basic financial statements.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS ON THE PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS TO THE BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ON THE CITYWIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net assets (see page 1) are different because:

Total net assets - proprietary funds (see page 10)	\$ 1,316,641,553
The current and long-term portions of the interfund loan between the Wastewater Fund and the Golf Fund are eliminated. Wastewater Fund - asset Golf Fund - liability	(4,552,000) 4,552,000
The internal balances due to the governmental activities from the business-type activities result from the allocation of the cumulative internal service fund loss.	(172,523)
Net assets of business-type activities (see page 1)	\$ 1,316,469,030

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	В	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
			Non-major	Total	Activities					
	-	r Funds	Fund	Enterprise	Internal					
	Water	Wastewater	Golf	Funds	Service Funds					
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* * * * * * * * * *	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 100 (10 2 50	• • • • • • • • • •					
Customers	\$ 86,803,419	\$ 43,334,347	\$ 9,511,487	\$ 139,649,253	\$ 16,031,042					
Total operating revenues	86,803,419	43,334,347	9,511,487	139,649,253	16,031,042					
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Cost of sales and services	40,632,915	31,170,143	7,250,362	79,053,420	10,795,295					
Claims losses				_	3,013,793					
Administrative expenses	5,034,253	1,420,857	1,207,345	7,662,455	131,211					
Depreciation	10,169,576	6,745,580	1,011,962	17,927,118	70,636					
Total operating expenses	55,836,744	39,336,580	9,469,669	104,642,993	14,010,935					
Operating income	30,966,675	3,997,767	41,818	35,006,260	2,020,107					
NONOPERATING REVENUES	(EXPENSES)									
Investment earnings	26,606,820	4,719,791	131,688	31,458,299	678,554					
Intergovernmental revenue	34,322			34,322						
Miscellaneous revenues/expenses	141,183	96,325	122,031	359,539	373,113					
Interest expense	(21,809,027)	(616,127)	(399,234)	(22,824,388)	_					
Amortization	551,052	24,312	(13,412)	561,952	_					
Loss on sale of capital assets	(242,800)	(804,634)	(3,936)	(1,051,370)	_					
Equity in joint venture	(32,008)			(32,008)						
Net nonoperating revenues										
(expenses)	5,249,542	3,419,667	(162,863)	8,506,346	1,051,667					
Income (loss) before capital										
contributions and transfers	36,216,217	7,417,434	(121,045)	43,512,606	3,071,774					
Capital contributions	31,628,255	9,350,956		40,979,211	58,908					
Transfers in			50,000	50,000	10,000					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	67,844,472	16,768,390	(71,045)	84,541,817	3,140,682					
NET ASSETS - January 1	813,682,037	393,200,000	25,217,699	1,232,099,736	9,075,199					
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 881,526,509	\$ 409,968,390	\$ 25,146,654	\$ 1,316,641,553	\$ 12,215,881					

PROPRIETARY FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS ON THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSESTS TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ON THE CITYWIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities (see page 2 and 3) are different because:

Net change in net assets - total enterprise funds (see page 12)	\$ 84,541,817
The current year internal service fund operating profit is eliminated for Citywide reporting.	307,870
Change in due to/from governmental funds	(1,557,854)
Increase in net assets of business-type activities (see page 3)	\$ 83,291,833

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		E	Business-type Activit	ties - Enterprise Funds	5		Governmental	
				Non-major		Total	Activities	
	Major Funds			Fund	_	Enterprise	Internal	
	Water		Wastewater	Golf		Funds	Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from:								
Customers and others	\$ 80,385,7	71 \$	42,097,359	\$ 9,637,088	\$	132,120,218	\$ 446,92	
Interfund services provided		-	—			—	16,005,96	
Cash payments to:								
Employees	(16,672,8	23)	(9,893,030)	(4,670,615)		(31,236,468)	(3,235,584	
Suppliers for goods and services	(1,600,9	21)	(18,735,687)	(3,765,991)		(24,102,599)	(11,369,50	
Net cash provided by operating activities	62,112,0	27	13,468,642	1,200,482		76,781,151	1,847,79	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Cash transfers in			56,000	50,000		106,000	10,00	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			56,000	50,000		106,000	10,00	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from:								
Capital debt	58,774,0	18	—	—		58,774,018	_	
Capital contributions	24,196,8	88	4,000,608	—		28,197,496		
Sale of capital assets	55,0	95	16,229	1,225		72,549	—	
Payments for:								
Capital assets	(228,083,4	26)	(17,996,552)	(374,943)		(246,454,921)	_	
Principal on capital debt	(51,945,9	08)	(2,625,133)	(870,601)		(55,441,642)	_	
Interest on capital debt	(31,963,7	08)	(3,517,803)	(387,648)		(35,869,159)	_	
Debt issue and discount costs	(363,3	36)				(363,336)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(229,330,3	77)	(20,122,651)	(1,631,968)		(251,084,995)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Increase in equity in pooled investments	(26,211,7	56)	(16,565,706)	(197,461)		(42,974,923)	(5,576,73)	
Decrease in investments	151,038,9	,	13,946,724			164,985,664		
Payments received on notes receivable		_	_	23,964		23,964	_	
Interest received	32,160,9	85	3,793,929	86,313		36,041,227	563,15	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	156,988,1	69	1,174,947	(87,184)		158,075,933	(5,013,582	
			-				-	

		Bus	siness-type Activiti	ies - Eı	nterprise Funds				Governmental	
	 Majo	r Fun			Non-major Fund	-	Total Enterprise		Activities Internal	
	 Water		Wastewater		Golf		Funds		Service Funds	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(10,230,181)		(5,423,061)		(468,669)		(16,121,911)		(3,155,784)	
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, January 1 (including \$365,364 for the Water fund reported as restricted cash)	26,991,308		15,604,505		949,676		43,545,489		7,636,476	
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, December 31 (including \$24,000 for the Water fund reported as restricted cash)	\$ 16,761,127	\$	10,181,444	\$	481,007	\$	27,423,578	\$	4,480,692	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								=		
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 30,966,675	\$	3,997,767	\$	41,818	\$	35,006,260	\$	2,020,107	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Depreciation	10,169,576		6,745,580		1,011,962		17,927,118		70,636	
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenues	175,504		96,324		122,130		393,958		373,111	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities										
Receivables	(6,593,152)		(1,333,313)		—		(7,926,465)		48,732	
Inventories	—		—		38,054		38,054		30,943	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	27,393,424		3,962,284		(17,052)		31,338,656		(695,731)	
Unearned revenues	 _				3,570		3,570		_	
Total adjustments	 31,145,352		9,470,875		1,158,664		41,774,891		(172,309)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 62,112,027	\$	13,468,642	\$	1,200,482	\$	76,781,151	\$	1,847,798	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Borrowing under capital lease	_		_		220,535		220,535		_	
Contribution of capital assets	16,931,335		13,320,197		·		30,251,532		58,908	
Transfer of capital assets to other funds	(9,499,967)		(7,969,849)		—		(17,469,816)		_	
Increase in fair value of investments	1,537,980		335,272		45,457		1,918,709		73,987	
Amortization of issuance, discount and premium	551,052		24,312		(13,412)		561,952		_	



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held for others in a trustee or agency capacity. Fiduciary funds are not available to support City programs and are therefore not included in the citywide financial statements.

Pension Trust Funds

Pension trust funds account for the activities and accumulation of resources to pay retirement benefits for employees, elected officials and council appointees. The pension trust funds are comprised of the General Employees' Retirement Plan Fund (GERP) and the Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan Fund (EOEP).

Agency Fund

The City reports one agency fund that provides for the consolidation of all payroll liabilities after the recording of related payroll expenditures into the appropriate funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Pension Trust Funds			Agency Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and equivalents	\$	4,981,385	\$	311,159
Investments				
Equity securities and funds		109,969,449		
U.S. government and U.S. government				
agency obligations		31,954,393		
Corporate bonds and funds		65,709,455		
Real estate funds		20,804,106		
Alternative investments		15,369,675		
Receivables (net of allowance)				
Interest receivable		957,761		
Due from other governments		363,250		—
Other receivables		1,880		
Total assets		250,111,354	\$	311,159
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		485,988	\$	311,159
Total liabilities		485,988	\$	311,159
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for pension benefits		249,625,366		
Total net assets	\$	249,625,366	:	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
City	\$ 5,178,328
Plan members	4,831,706
Total contributions	10,010,034
Investment activity	
Investment loss	(67,667,524)
Investment expense	(631,449)
Net investment loss	(68,298,973)
Other income	11,621
Total additions, net	(58,277,318)
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	11,892,316
Administrative expenses	549,746
Total deductions	12,442,062
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(70,719,380)
NET ASSETS - January 1	320,344,746
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 249,625,366

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the City is considered financially accountable or whose exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading or incomplete. Discrete presentation refers to presenting financial data of the component unit in a column separate from that of the primary government.

Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority (FRA)

FRA was formed for the purpose of economic redevelopment of the former United States Army Garrison, Fitzsimons Military Facility and the surrounding Fitzsimons Redevelopment Area. It directs the development of the commercial components of the Fitzsimons Redevelopment Plan, including the development of a bioscience research park affiliated with the University of Colorado.

Aurora Housing Authority (AHA)

AHA is supported largely by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. Its purpose to facilitate the provision of decent, safe and affordable housing to low-income and special needs individuals and families.

Havana Business Improvement District (Havana BID)

Havana BID was formed for the purpose of enhancing the economic vitality of the Havana Street corridor. It is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado with all associated powers and responsibilities.

COMPONENT UNITS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority		Aurora Housing Authority	Imj	nna Business provement District	Total
ASSETS	v	-				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,101,491	\$	5,929,711	\$	204,991	\$ 14,236,193
Investments	—		4,404,738		—	4,404,738
Receivables (net of allowance)						
Taxes receivable	—		—		325,050	325,050
Intrest receivable	—		866,566		—	866,566
Other receivables	425,116		6,511,352		5,000	6,941,468
Deferred charges	78,498		—			78,498
Notes receivable	10,441,249		26,131,054			36,572,303
Equity in joint venture	—		4,348,894			4,348,894
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)						
Land and water rights	6,428,211		2,381,485			8,809,696
Buildings and improvements	9,874,367		5,156,423		—	15,030,790
Machinery and equipment	103,845		100,206			 204,051
Total assets	35,452,777		55,830,429		535,041	 91,818,247
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	178,296		544,921		6,471	729,688
Accrued interest	22,637		22,441		_	45,078
Other payables	361,916		52,473			414,389
Unearned revenues	3,257		8,861		325,050	337,168
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year	162,111		3,409,456			3,571,567
Due beyond one year	4,123,558		20,806,730			 24,930,288
Total liabilities	4,851,775		24,844,882		331,521	 30,028,178
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	13,605,327		4,943,193			18,548,520
Restricted						
Emergencies	_		_		11,800	11,800
Gifts and grants	_		3,774,909		_	3,774,909
Unrestricted	16,995,675		22,267,445		191,720	 39,454,840
Total net assets	\$ 30,601,002	\$	30,985,547	\$	203,520	\$ 61,790,069

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO COMPONENT UNITS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
					Operating		Capital	Fitzsimons Aurora			Havana Business				
		(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	ŀ	Redevelopment Housing		Improvement		Component		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	C	Contributions	(Contributions		Authority	Aut	hority		District		Units
Component unit															
Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority \$	3,304,005	\$	2,330,102	\$	4,616,095	\$	_	\$	3,642,192	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,642,192
Aurora Housing Authority	24,551,959		4,710,302		17,542,392		305,291		_	(1	,993,974)		_		(1,993,974)
Havana Business Improvement District	188,476		26,199		11,000		_		_		_		(151,277)		(151,277)
—															
Total Component Units \$	28,044,440	\$	7,066,603	\$	22,169,487	\$	305,291		3,642,192	(1	,993,974)		(151,277)		1,496,941

General Revenues

Taxes				
Property taxes	_		328,035	328,035
Other taxes	—	_	25,565	25,565
Unrestricted investment earnings	207,309		1,197	208,506
Total general revenues and transfers	207,309		354,797	562,106
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	3,849,501	(1,993,974)	203,520	2,059,047
NET ASSETS - January 1	26,751,501	32,979,521	_	59,731,022
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 30,601,002	\$ 30,985,547	\$ 203,520	\$ 61,790,069

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTENTS

1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	22
	A. Financial Reporting Entity	22
	B. Fund Accounting	24
	C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting	26
	D. Regulatory Liability	27
	E. Financial Statement Presentation	27
	F. Cash and Investments	30
	G. Interfund Transactions	30
	H. Deferred Charges and Inventories	31
	I. Capital Assets	31
	J. Accounts Payable	32
	K. Unearned and Deferred Revenues (Liabilities)	32
	L. Noncurrent Liabilities	32
	M. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issue Costs	33
	N. Compensated Absences	33
	O. Use of Estimates	34
	P. Fund Balances and Net Assets	34
	Q. Budgets	34
2.	Cash and Investments	37
3.	Receivables	43
4.	Restricted, Reserved and Designated	47
5.	Joint Venture	49
6.	Capital Assets	50
7.	Noncurrent Liabilities	52
8.	Interest Rate Swap Agreements	59
9.	Interfund Transactions	61
10.	Construction and Other Significant Commitments	62
11.	Deferred Compensation Plans	62
12.	Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	63
13.	Operating Leases	67
14.	Risk Management	67
15.	Contingent Liabilities	68
16.	Conduit Debt Obligations	69
17.	Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR)	69
18.	Current Economic Conditions	69

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements of the City of Aurora, Colorado (the City) are prepared in accordance with accounting principles applicable to governments, which are generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing U.S. governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Effective January 1, 2008, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations* and Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27*. Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations. Statement No. 50 more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and enhances note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). Adoption of GASB 49 and GASB 50 had no effect on net assets or fund balance as of January 1, 2008 or on the increase in net assets or change in fund balances for the year ended December 31, 2008.

A summary of the City's significant accounting policies including descriptions of the financial statements is as follows.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City is a home-rule local government governed by an elected eleven-member council. These financial statements include the City and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the City is considered financially accountable or whose exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate, are in substance, part of the City's operations. Therefore, data from these organizations are included with data of the primary government. The blended method is used when either of the following circumstances is present: 1) the governing body of the component unit is substantially the same as the governing body of the City; or 2) the component unit provides services entirely or almost entirely to the City government. If neither of these circumstances is present, the component unit is presented discretely. Discrete presentation refers to presenting financial data of the component unit in a column separate from that of the primary government.

1. Discretely Presented Component Units

Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority (FRA) – FRA was formed on January 1, 1998 under the Colorado Revised Statutes for the purpose of economic redevelopment of the former United States Army Garrison, Fitzsimons Military Facility and the surrounding Fitzsimons Redevelopment Area. FRA acts as the development of a bioscience research park affiliated with the University of Colorado.

FRA is governed by a ten-member board of directors, of which seven members are appointed by the City Council. FRA is a component unit of the City because the City appoints a majority of its governing board and its exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading. It is discretely presented because FRA's board is not substantially the same as the City Council and FRA does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the City. Separately issued, audited financial statements for FRA are available by contacting FRA at 12635 East Montview Boulevard, Suite 100, Aurora, Colorado 80045, or telephone (720) 859-4100.

Aurora Housing Authority (AHA) – AHA is supported largely by the United States Department of

Housing and Urban Development and provides decent, safe and affordable housing to the low-income and special needs population. AHA is a component unit of the City because in 2007 the City provided a moral obligation pledge to assist the AHA in securing a five million dollar line of credit. Separately issued, audited financial statements for AHA are available by contacting AHA at 10745 East Kentucky Avenue, Aurora, Colorado 80012.

Havana Business Improvement District (Havana BID) – The Havana BID was organized by the City Council on July 21, 2007 under Colorado Revised Statutes, for the purpose of enhancing the economic vitality of the Havana Street corridor. The Havana BID is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado with all associated powers and responsibilities. The City Council appointed all the initial members of the Havana BID Board of Directors, which are not substantially the same as the City Council and the BID does not primarily benefit the City government. The City is able to impose its will on the BID as its operating plan and budget are approved by City Council. The Havana BID is a discretely presented component unit of the City. An election was held in November 2007, authorizing the Havana BID to levy property taxes in the years 2007 for collection in 2008, and thereafter. Separately issued, audited financial statements are available by contacting the Havana BID at 337 Oswego Street, Aurora, Colorado 80010 or telephone (303) 364-2044.

2. Blended Component Units

Aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC) – ACLC was organized as a not-for-profit corporation in 1993 to finance capital assets of the City. ACLC is a component unit because the City Council appoints the governing board and because its exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading. ACLC is a blended component unit because it provides services solely to the City. ACLC financial statements consist of a debt service fund and a capital projects fund. Capital assets and long-term debt for ACLC are included in the citywide statement of net assets. There are no separately issued financial statements for ACLC.

Aurora Urban Renewal Authority (AURA) – AURA was formed by action of the City Council in 1981, pursuant to Part 1 of Article 25, Title 31, of the Colorado Revised Statutes. AURA has various expressed powers including the power to: undertake urban renewal projects, mortgage, sell or dispose of property, borrow money and accept grants, and issue tax-increment and other forms of securities. From time to time, the City Council has determined the existence of blighted conditions in the City and designated Urban Renewal Areas. AURA is a component unit because its exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading. AURA is a blended component unit because AURA's governing body is substantially the same as the City Council and it provides specific financial benefits solely to the City. AURA financial statements consist of a general fund and a debt service fund. The noncurrent debt of AURA is included in the citywide statement of net assets. There are no separately issued financial statements for AURA.

3. Fiduciary Component Units

City of Aurora General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) – GERP was created to provide retirement benefits to career service and executive personnel. It has a separate, independent board that administers the plan. Three of the seven board members are appointed by City Council. GERP is a component unit because it is funded by contributions from the City and City employees, and its exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading. GERP is a blended component unit because it provides services solely to the City. GERP is included in this report as a pension trust fund in the fiduciary fund statements. GERP is not included in the citywide statements because its assets are not available to finance City programs. Separately issued, audited financial statements are

available by contacting GERP at 12200 East Iliff Avenue, Suite 108, Aurora, Colorado 80014 or telephone (303) 368-9160.

City of Aurora Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan (EOEP) –EOEP was created in 2001 to provide retirement benefits to elected officials and executive personnel. As required by City Code, a City executive serves as plan trustee and plan administrator. EOEP is a component unit because it is funded solely by contributions from the City and because its exclusion would make the City's financial statements misleading. It is a blended component unit because it provides services solely to the City, its employees and retired elected officials. EOEP is included in this report as a pension trust fund in the fiduciary fund statements. EOEP is not included in the citywide statements because its assets are not available to finance City programs. There are no separately issued financial statements for EOEP.

4. Joint Venture

Aurora-Colorado Springs Joint Water Authority (ACSJWA) – ACSJWA was formed in 1983, by contract, between the City and the City of Colorado Springs, Colorado, for the purpose of developing water resources, systems, or facilities in whole or in part for the benefit of the two cities. The Council of each city appoints three directors to the board. The ACSJWA must obtain approval from both cities before proceeding with any new project. Prior approval is not required for operating and maintenance expenses related to a previously approved project. To date, the cities have approved one project, the construction and operation of a pipeline to transport raw water. Construction was financed through revenue bonds. The City has a 1/3 participation share and Colorado Springs has a 2/3 participation share in the project.

The City's share of the ACSJWA is accounted for in the Water Fund using the equity method. The Water Fund is a major proprietary fund and business-type activity. Separately issued, audited financial statements for ACSJWA are available at Colorado Springs Utilities, P.O. Box 1103, MC930, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80947 or telephone (719) 668-8712 or (719) 668-4052.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses fund accounting to control and manage money intended for a particular purpose or to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain city functions or activities. A fund is a separate set of self-balancing accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund balance / net assets, revenues, and expenditures / expenses as appropriate to the fund type. Funds are established by City Council action. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for traditional governmental type activities. The City maintains twenty-five individual governmental funds. These governmental funds are divided into four fund types: general, special revenue, debt service and capital project.

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City used to account for all financial resources unless they are required to be accounted for in another fund. It accounts for the collection of taxes and other resources traditionally associated with governments. These resources are used to finance general City expenditures and to transfer to other funds as required by law or approved by City Council action.

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues that are restricted or designated for a specific purpose.

The City has fifteen special revenue funds: Gifts and Grants, Development Review, Abatement, Community Development, Enhanced E-911, Conservation Trust, Emergency Contingency, Parks Development, Arapahoe County Open Space, Recreation Services, Cultural Services, Designated Revenues, Policy Reserve, TABOR Reserve and AURA General Fund.

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources and payments of principal, interest and fees related to general obligation, special assessment and revenue bonds and certificates of participation except those accounted for in proprietary funds. The City has five debt service funds: City Debt Service, SID Debt Service, Surplus and Deficiency, AURA Debt Service and ACLC Debt Service.

Capital Projects Funds account for resources allocated for the acquisition or construction of capital projects except those financed by special revenue or proprietary funds. The City has four capital project funds: the City Capital Projects Fund, the Bond Proceeds Fund, the Building Repair Fund and the ACLC Capital Projects Fund. The City Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects including: streets, parks, information systems and City facilities. Funding for these projects is provided by proceeds from long-term borrowings, participation revenues and transfers from the General Fund. The Bond Proceeds Fund was established in 2005 to provide for specific transportation, facilities construction, parks acquisitions and construction, and other projects funded through bond financing and the related interest. The Building Repair Fund accounts for the centralized repairs of City owned facilities. Funding comes from operating transfers from the City facilities and for the acquisition and construction of certain public safety vehicles and communication systems. ACLC certificates of participation provide funding for these projects.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business. The City maintains six individual proprietary funds. These funds are classified into two fund types: enterprise and internal service.

Enterprise Funds account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Activities must be reported as enterprise funds if any of the following conditions exist: the activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of revenues from fees and charges; laws or regulations require that the activity's costs, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges; or the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs. The City has three enterprise funds: Water, Wastewater and Golf.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for resources calculated on a cost recovery basis and provided by other City funds for centralized acquisition of supplies and services. The City has three internal service funds: Fleet Management, Print Shop, and Risk Management.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The City maintains three fiduciary funds. These funds are grouped into two fund types: pension trust and agency.

Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The pension trust funds include the City of Aurora General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) and the

City of Aurora Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan (EOEP).

Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City has one agency fund, the Payroll Clearing Fund, which collects and remits payroll related liabilities collected from employees, and City funds and departments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

1. Measurement Focus

The measurement focus identifies the resources to be measured and the effects of transactions or events involving those resources. Two measurement focuses are used in producing this report: economic resources and current financial resources. Although the Agency Fund is a fiduciary fund, it only reports assets and liabilities and, therefore, does not have a measurement focus.

Economic Resources Focus

The economic resources measurement focus is used for proprietary and fiduciary funds as well as for citywide financial reporting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, the financial statements report all inflows, outflows and balances affecting net assets. The statement of net assets reports everything owned as assets and everything owed as liabilities, with the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Operating statements show inflows (revenues) and outflows (expenses).

Current Financial Resources Focus

The current financial resources measurement focus is used solely for reporting the financial position and activities of governmental funds. With this focus, the financial statements report only current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable financial resources. Current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet with the difference being reported as fund balance. Operating statements present current inflows (revenues and other financing sources) and current outflows (expenditures and other financing uses).

2. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting refers to the timing of when transactions or events are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Accrual - The accrual basis of accounting is used for the citywide financial statements and the proprietary, pension trust and agency fund statements. The accrual basis recognizes the financial effect of transactions and events when they occur, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liability is incurred.

Modified Accrual - The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the governmental funds financial statements. Under modified accrual, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest on long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized when matured. The City considers revenues, other than grants, to be measurable and available if collected within two months after year-end. Grants are considered measurable and available if collected within one year after year-end and all eligibility requirements, including incurring allowable costs, have been met.

Revenues susceptible to accrual - Revenues susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis include surcharges, intergovernmental, grants, interest and the following taxes: property, sales, use, lodgers, occupational privilege, franchise, and specific ownership tax. All other revenues are considered measurable and available only when cash is received.

For governmental funds, property tax is reported as receivable and deferred revenue in the year it is levied. An enforceable legal claim occurs at this time. The tax is recognized as revenue in the fund and in the citywide statements in the year it is budgeted to be spent, which is the year the tax is collected.

D. Regulatory Accounting

The City is subject to the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, *Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation*, which requires the effects of the rate-making process to be recorded in the financial statements. Accordingly, certain expenses normally reflected in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets as incurred are recognized when they are included in water rates set by the City. The City has recorded a liability to reflect the rate-making process (Footnote 7).

E. Financial Statement Presentation

1. Application of Private Sector Standards

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting (Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements) issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the citywide and the proprietary fund statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City and its component units, FRA, AHA and Havana BID, have elected to not follow subsequent private sector guidance.

2. Citywide Financial Statements

The citywide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide financial information about the City as a whole. Each of the citywide statements is divided into two groups: the "primary government" and discretely presented "component units." The primary government includes all activities of the City (including blended component units) except fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in the citywide statements because resources of these funds are not available to support City programs. Activities of the primary government are aggregated into two activity types, governmental and business-type.

Governmental Activities reflect most of the City's basic services including: judicial, police, fire, other public safety (emergency communications and animal control), public works (streets), economic development, community services, culture and recreation (parks, libraries, recreation services) and general government (administration and other activities). Governmental activities are primarily supported by taxes, grants and intergovernmental revenues. Activities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities column because services provided by these funds predominantly benefit governmental activities. Profits are allocated amoung all City funds based on use of services.

Business-type Activities include functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of the

costs through user fees and charges. Business-type activities of the City include the water, wastewater and golf course operations.

The citywide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

The *statement of net assets* reports what the City owns (assets) and what the City owes (liabilities) with the difference being reported as net assets. City assets consist primarily of cash, investments, receivables, equity in a joint venture and capital assets. Capital assets include land and water rights, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction in progress. Infrastructure includes: streets, reservoirs, tunnels, wells, water and wastewater distribution systems and other assets that are immovable in nature. Liabilities consist of vendor payables, deferred property taxes, risk claims reserves, bonds, capital leases and various employee related obligations such as earned but not used compensated absences. Net assets are divided into three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt that was issued to acquire or construct those assets. Restricted net assets represent net resources that are subject to external requirements on how the funds may be used. The remaining net assets are shown as unrestricted.

The *statement of activities* is used to report changes in the City's net assets. In the private sector, revenue is the first item in the operating statement, which reflects the goal of business, to maximize revenues. However, in the public sector, the goal is to provide services, not to maximize revenues. For that reason, the statement of activities begins with expenses (cost of providing services) rather than revenues. Expenses include depreciation on capital assets in addition to other operational costs. Revenue sources are separated into program revenues and general revenues.

Program revenues are those that are derived directly from the program itself. Program revenues are divided into three groups: charges for services, program-specific operating grants and contributions, and program-specific capital grants and contributions. Charges for services are exchange or exchange-like transactions including: fees, licenses, permits, and special assessments. Program-specific grants and contributions include revenues arising from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, private organizations or individuals where monies are required by the grantor / contributor to be used for a particular program or activity. Program-specific grants and contributions that are required to be used to purchase or construct capital assets are shown in the capital grants and contributions column. All other program-specific grants and contributions include tap and annexation fees, which are required to be used for the construction of water and wastewater capital assets.

General Revenues include: all taxes levied by the City regardless of their purpose; unrestricted investment income; and multi-purpose or non-specific grants and contributions.

3. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are grouped into the three fund categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The fund financial statements for governmental and proprietary funds report City operations in more detail than the citywide financial statements by providing information about financially significant funds called "major funds." Individual financial information is presented for each major fund with the remaining "non-major" funds being aggregated into a single "other" column.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the citywide financial statements. However, unlike the citywide statements, the governmental fund statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements consist of: 1) balance sheet; 2) reconciliation of total governmental funds on the governmental funds balance sheet to governmental activities on the citywide statement of net assets; 3) statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances; and 4) reconciliation of total governmental funds on the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to governmental activities on the citywide statement of activities.

Major governmental funds include the General Fund and any governmental fund that comprises 10% or more of total governmental fund classification (assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures) and at least 5% of the combined governmental and enterprise fund totals for the same classification. Other than the General Fund, no governmental fund met both the 10% and 5% test for the year 2008. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated into the column labeled "other governmental funds."

The *General Fund* accounts for taxes and other resources traditionally associated with government and the operations of the City that are financed from those resources.

Proprietary fund statements, excluding internal service funds, report the same functions as presented in the business-type activities on the citywide statements. Like the citywide financial statements, these statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary fund statements include: 1) a statement of net assets; 2) a reconciliation of total enterprise funds on the proprietary funds statement of net assets to business-type activities on the citywide statement of net assets; 3) a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; 4) a reconciliation of total enterprise funds on the proprietary fund statement of net assets; 5) a statement of net assets to business-type activities on the citywide statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; 4) a statement of total enterprise funds on the proprietary fund statement of activities; and 5) a statement of cash flows. Proprietary funds consist of enterprise and internal service funds.

Major enterprise funds are those where assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses comprise 10% or more of total enterprise fund classification (assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses) and at least 5% of the combined governmental and enterprise fund total for the same classification. The Water Fund and the Wastewater Fund are major enterprise funds. The Golf Fund is also presented separately as it is the only non-major enterprise fund. The enterprise funds are each considered single identifiable activities for segment reporting. Internal service funds are never major funds and are aggregated into a single column.

The *Water Fund* accounts for the acquisition of water and water rights and for the operation and maintenance of reservoirs, wells, water treatment plants and distribution systems.

The *Wastewater Fund* accounts for the systems and operations used in treating and disposing of wastewater from sanitary wastewater and storm drain services.

The Golf Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of City owned or operated golf courses.

The proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets separately presents revenues and expenses that are directly related to the service provided by the fund as "operating." Operating revenues are primarily charges for services (exchange or exchange-like transactions for

water, wastewater and golf services). Golf operating revenues also include sales of merchandise. Operating revenues for internal service funds are charges for services provided to other funds and departments. All other revenues in the proprietary funds are reported as nonoperating. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, claims losses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of individuals or other organizations outside the City government. Fund statements for fiduciary funds include: 1) a statement of fiduciary net assets and 2) a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets.

Pension trust funds account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of retirement benefits to qualified employees. Pension trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The City has two pension trust funds: the City of Aurora General Employees' Retirement Plan and the City of Aurora Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan.

The City has one *agency fund*, the Payroll Clearing Fund, which is used to account for the consolidation of payroll liabilities (taxes, pensions, insurance etc.) after the related payroll expenditures are recorded into the appropriate funds. Agency funds consist of only assets and liabilities.

F. Cash and Investments

The City pools its cash and investments. All temporary cash surpluses are invested. Earnings on pooled investments are allocated among the funds based on an average daily balance of the individual fund's equity in pooled monies. The amounts shown as "cash and cash equivalents" and "investments" in the citywide and proprietary fund statements of net assets and the governmental funds balance sheet include both unrestricted equity in the City's pool and unrestricted amounts held in non-pooled accounts. Restricted assets include cash and investments required to be used for specific purposes and may contain pooled and non-pooled amounts. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at fair value and include petty cash, demand deposits and highly liquid investments (readily convertible to known amounts of cash) with maturities of three months or less from purchase date. Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices in brokerage service reports. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the City's intent to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

G. Interfund Transactions

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Receivables and payables related to these transactions are reported as due from other funds and due to other funds, respectively, in the fund statements.

Interfund loans or advances, which are made to provide internal financing are reported as interfund loans in the fund statements.

In the process of aggregating data for the citywide statement of net assets, amounts reported in the funds as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated. The residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities are shown on a single line as internal balances. Interfund amounts (if any) due between the primary government and a fiduciary fund are shown on the citywide statement as receivable or payable to external parties rather than internal balances.

Interfund activities include: transfers, internal billings, and transactions with internal service funds. For fund statement presentation, transfers are shown as "transfers in" and "transfers out." Internal billings, including transactions with internal service funds, are shown as revenues and expenses / expenditures in the respective funds. As a general rule, these revenues / transfers in and expenditures / expenses / transfers out have been eliminated in the aggregation of data for the citywide statement of activities. Exceptions to this rule are charges between the City's water function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

H. Deferred Charges and Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as deferred charges for both the citywide and the fund financial statements. See item M of this footnote for treatment of bond issue costs as a deferred charge.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined using the first-in, first-out basis or market. The cost of inventories in the proprietary fund statements and citywide statements are recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Capital Assets

The criteria used for capitalizing assets include assets with an estimated useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit. Capital assets are stated at actual cost for purchased and constructed assets, estimated historical cost for older assets for which actual cost was not determinable, and estimated fair value at the time of receipt for donated or contributed items.

Expenditures incurred during the construction phase are recorded as construction in progress. These amounts are transferred from construction in progress to the appropriate classification (water rights, buildings and improvements, or infrastructure) upon completion of the project. Land, machinery, and equipment are normally recorded upon receipt. Salvage value is not material and is therefore not computed. Accordingly, assets are completely depreciated if retained for their total estimated useful life. Straight-line depreciation is used in all cases over the following estimated useful lives.

Description	Estimated Useful Life Years
Buildings and improvements	40
Infrastructure	
Street overlay and improvements	10
Other utility improvements	20-65
Mains and conduits	65-95
Reservoirs/Park improvements	99
Machinery and equipment	13-15

Depreciable Lives Assigned by Individual Items

1. Governmental Activities and Governmental Funds

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund's capital assets is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental funds are accounted for on a current financial resources measurement focus, whereby only current assets and current liabilities are recorded on the balance sheet. Capital assets purchased by governmental funds are not included in the governmental fund but are recorded as expenditures in the fund. These expenditures are reclassified through the governmental

activities adjustments and are shown as increases in capital assets in the governmental activities column in the citywide financial statements. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Estimated costs for streets constructed by developers and contributed to the City are reported as program revenue for the public works function in the citywide statement of activities and as additions to infrastructure in the citywide statement of net assets. Street infrastructure was recorded from 1973 through 2002 using discounted replacement cost.

2. Business-type Activities, Proprietary and Pension Trust Funds

Proprietary funds and pension trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus, therefore, capital assets are included on the fund's statement of net assets as well as in the business-type activities column of the citywide financial statements. Developers who construct water and wastewater lines for subdivisions are required to furnish cost figures to the City for contributed lines. If cost figures are not provided, the City estimates the value of the donated asset. Such costs are recorded as capital assets and capital contribution revenues when accepted by the City.

Interest cost on debt issued for the construction of capital assets is capitalized during construction of assets in accordance with FASB 34, *Capitalization of Interest Cost* and FASB 62, *Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants - an amendment of FASB Statement No. 34*.

J. Accounts Payable

Amounts reported as accounts payable on the statement of net assets includes:

	-	Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities
Vendors	\$	5,832,066	\$	48,463,546
Salaries and Benefits		5,215,435		937,511
Total	\$	11,047,501	\$	49,401,057

K. Unearned and Deferred Revenues (Liabilities)

Unearned Revenues - Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized when earned. Unearned revenues reflect amounts that have been received before the City has a legal claim to the funds. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Revenues - Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and available. Deferred revenues, shown in the governmental funds, may include both amounts that are unearned and amounts unavailable to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. In subsequent periods, when the City has legal claim and the resources become available, the deferred revenues are removed and revenue is recognized in the governmental fund.

L. Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include: bonds, notes, certificates of participation, capital leases, claims payable, earned but not used compensated absences and other postemployment benefits. The accounting and reporting treatment for a fund's noncurrent liabilities is determined by its measurement focus.

1. Governmental Activities and Governmental Funds

For governmental funds, only the portion of noncurrent liabilities to be financed from "expendable

available financial resources" is reported as a liability in a governmental fund. That is, the liability is recorded in a governmental fund when payment is due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. Proceeds from issuance of debt are reported in the governmental funds as "other financing sources." Payments of principal on debt are shown as expenditures. For the citywide statements, governmental debt issuances are reflected as increases in noncurrent liabilities. Principal payments are shown as decreases in noncurrent liabilities. The outstanding amounts of noncurrent liabilities are reported as "due within one year" with the remaining amount being reported as "due in more than one year."

2. Business-type Activities, Proprietary and Pension Trust Funds

Proprietary funds and pension trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus; therefore, long-term liabilities are accounted for in the fund as well as in the business-type activities column of the citywide financial statements.

M. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issue Costs

In governmental funds, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the period incurred. For the citywide and the proprietary fund statements, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond premiums and discounts are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

N. Compensated Absences

1. Annual Leave

City policy allows employees to accumulate earned but not used annual leave up to maximum hours as indicated in the table. All annual leave hours in excess of the maximum accrual permitted are forfeited on January 1 of each year. Accrued annual leave is payable to the extent earned.

Employees	Maximum Hours
Police and Career Service	260
Fire Civil Service 8-hour shift	256
Fire Civil Service 24-hour shift	360

2. Sick Leave

Generally, employees may convert sick leave hours accumulated in excess of established minimums annually in January to either annual leave hours or cash payments. All employees may convert sick leave hours to annual leave hours at a rate of one hour's pay for every two hours of sick leave up to the established maximum payment hours. In lieu of, or in combination with, cash payment, Career Service employees may elect to increase their annual leave balances by up to forty hours per year in exchange for twice the amount of accrued sick leave.

	Minimum	<u>Maximum</u>
Employees	Accrual Hours	Payment Hours
Council Appointees	520	120
Police and Career Service	720	120
Fire Civil Service 8-hour shift	684	120
Fire Civil Service 24-hour shift	960	180

3. Accrued Liabilities for Compensated Absences

The City records a liability for accrued compensated absences and related payroll taxes. The City uses the "vesting method" per GASB 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, to estimate the sick leave liability upon termination.

Governmental Activities and Governmental Funds - Only the portion of compensated absences that is due is reported as a liability in a governmental fund. The entire liability is reflected in the citywide statement of net assets as noncurrent liabilities. The portion of amounts "due within one year" are estimated to be paid (in lieu of used) in the next twelve months.

Business-type Activities, Proprietary and Similar Pension Trust Funds - The liability for compensated absences for employees whose work primarily benefits a proprietary fund is recorded in the respective fund. The portion of amounts anticipated to be paid (in lieu of used) over the next twelve months are reported as "current portion of long-term liabilities" in the proprietary fund statements and as "due within one year" in the business-type activities on the citywide statement of net assets.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Fund Balances and Net Assets

Fund balance - Fund balances reflect assets minus liabilities using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fund balances are shown only in the governmental fund statements and are divided into two classifications; reserved and unreserved. Fund balance reserves reflect amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. Assets that are required by outside sources to be used for a specific purpose are shown on the balance sheet as "restricted assets." The net difference between restricted assets and amounts payable from restricted assets is shown as fund balance reserves. No assets have been restricted in connection with the reserve for encumbrances. Unreserved fund balance includes designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent management's intended use of otherwise available current financial resources and reflect actual plans for spending approved by City senior management.

Net assets - Net assets are assets minus liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Net assets are reported in three classifications. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt reflects capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding amount of debt, which was issued to acquire or construct the capital assets. Restricted net assets report amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. Remaining net assets are reported as unrestricted. Certain special revenue and debt service funds have been established for restricted purposes. These funds may report unreserved/undesignated fund balances in the fund statements. The assets of these funds are reclassed to report restricted net assets, amounts payable from restricted assets and restricted net assets for the citywide statement of net assets.

Q. Budgets

On or before September 1 of each year, a proposed budget is provided by the City Manager to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change the proposed appropriations and associated revenues and reserves. The City Council is required to adopt the

budget for the upcoming year by November 30, but typically does so before every November election.

Budgets are legally adopted for all funds except the Payroll Clearing Agency Fund, which is not subject to the budgetary requirements of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.). Budgets for the component units: ACLC, AURA, GERP, EOEP, FRA, AHA and Havana BID may be subject to the budgetary requirements of the C.R.S but are not required to be legally adopted by the City, although the City may approve a component unit's budget.

The City adopts both annual operating appropriations and project-length appropriations each year. Operating costs are controlled at the fund and department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at those levels. Annual operating appropriations lapse at year-end except for amounts that are encumbered (reserves for encumbrances are commitments on purchase orders that remain open at year-end).

The City adopts all capital projects on a project-length budget. Project-length (continuing appropriations) budgets do not lapse until the project for which the appropriation was made is completed or abandoned. Project expenditures are controlled at the fund, department and project levels. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at any of those levels.

The following funds have both project-length continuing appropriations and annual operational budgets: City Capital Projects, Water, Wastewater, Golf, Gifts and Grants, Enhanced E-911, Conservation Trust, Parks Development, Arapahoe County Open Space, Designated Revenues, Bond Proceeds and Building Repair. The Community Development Fund only adopts project-length budgets.

Since expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations, appropriation amendments are approved as necessary. Budget amendments require City Council approval by ordinance. The final budget does not always include budget reductions in expenditures or changes in revenues for amounts approved subsequent to the original budget when legal compliance is already demonstrated.

Budget transfers within a department may be made with administrative approval if the transfer is within the same fund. Transfers between departments within the General Fund require City Council approval by ordinance. Transfers between funds require City Council approval by ordinance.

Basis of Budgeting

The City budgets on a "funds available" basis (budgetary basis). Budgetary basis revenues and other financing sources are considered increases in funds available and budgetary basis expenditures and other financing uses are considered uses of funds available. In general, funds available are defined as current assets minus current liabilities. However, certain items that are considered current for GAAP accounting are considered long-term for the City budget. Some examples of these in proprietary funds include the current portion of accrued compensated absences and the current portion of long-term debt.

The City's budget disclosure presents funds available net of reservations and designations. While the reservations and designations are available to appropriate, funds available after reservations and designations represent funds that may be used for previously unanticipated purposes.

Budgets for governmental and proprietary funds are adopted on the "funds available" basis. This differs from the U.S. GAAP Basis of Accounting as follows:

1. Governmental Funds

- a) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures in the year they are encumbered, not when the expenditure occurs.
- b) Grants are considered revenue when awarded, not when earned.
- c) Sales, use and lodgers taxes are considered revenue when received rather than when earned.
- d) Project-length (continuing appropriation) budgets adopted during the year are considered to reduce funds available in the year adopted.
- e) Overspending of project length (continuing appropriation) budgets is considered to reduce funds available.
- f) Close-out of unspent project-length (continuing appropriation) budgets is considered to increase funds available.
- g) Proceeds from capital leases and related capital expenditures are not budgeted.
- h) The value received on the trade-in of capital assets and the related capital expenditures are not budgeted.
- i) Changes in investment income due to recording investments at fair value are not budgeted.

2. Proprietary Funds

- a) Capital outlay is budgeted as an expenditure in the year purchased.
- b) Depreciation is not budgeted.
- c) Interest capitalized during construction is budgeted as interest expense.
- d) Proceeds from the issuance of debt are considered revenues instead of an increase in liabilities.
- e) Principal payments are shown as expenditures rather than reductions of the liability.
- f) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures in the year they are encumbered, not when the expense occurs.
- g) Receipts of long-term receivables are considered revenues, not reductions of the receivable.
- h) Proceeds from the sale of assets are recognized as revenue; however, the related gain or loss is not.
- i) Purchases of inventory are considered expenditures when purchased, not when sold or used.
- j) Debt issue and discount costs are considered to be expended when paid, not capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds.
- k) Gains or losses on the early extinguishment of debt are considered to increase or decrease the funds available in the year in which they occur and are not capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds.
- 1) Accrued compensated absences are not considered expenditures until paid.
- m) Interest earned on escrowed cash and investments is not considered revenue for budget purposes.
- n) The gain or loss on the equity in the joint venture is not budgeted, however payments to the joint venture, if any, are budgeted as expenditures.
- o) Project-length (continuing appropriation) budgets are considered reductions of funds available when appropriated.
- p) Overspending of project length budgets is considered to reduce funds available.
- q) Close-out of unspent project length budgets is considered to increase funds available.
- r) Proceeds from capital leases and related capital expenditures are not budgeted.
- s) The value received on the trade-in of capital assets and the related capital expenditures are not budgeted.
- t) Changes in investment income due to recording investments at fair value are not budgeted.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2008 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Summary of Cash and Investments by Fund and Type December 31, 2008										
Fund	Dott	y cash		Deposits	Invo	stments	Fou	ity in City pool		Totals
Governmental Activities	гец	y cash		Deposits	Inves	stillents	Equ	ny m Chy poor		Totals
General Fund										
	¢	22 170	¢	100 172	¢		¢	1 466 672	¢	1 (00 01)
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$	33,170	\$	190,173	\$		\$	1,466,673	\$	1,690,016 4,948,398
Other Governmental Funds		_		_				4,948,398		4,940,390
		4,040		27.020				19 247 096		18,280,015
Cash and equivalents Investments		4,040		27,989				18,247,986 77,181,492		77,181,492
Restricted assets					12	246,701		17,147,169		29,393,870
Internal Service Funds					12,2	240,701		17,147,109		29,393,870
Cash and equivalents								4,480,692		4,480,692
Investments								13,979,980		13,979,980
Governmental activities adjustments		_						13,777,700		15,777,780
Cash and equivalents								(8,609,965)		(8,609,965)
Investments		_		_				(27,473,187)		(27,473,187)
Restricted assets		_						36,083,152		36,083,152
Total governmental activities		37,210		218,162	12,2	246,701		137,452,390		149,954,463
Business-type Activities										
Water Fund										
Cash and equivalents		200		—		—		16,736,927		16,737,127
Investments		—		—		—		215,954,881		215,954,881
Restricted assets		—		_	241,	199,690		15,310,736		256,510,426
Wastewater Fund										
Cash and equivalents		—		_				10,181,444		10,181,444
Investments				—				64,853,921		64,853,921
Restricted assets		—			32,4	400,278		4,149,128		36,549,406
Golf Fund										
Cash and equivalents		14,100		_				466,907		481,007
Investments				—				1,150,153		1,150,153
Restricted assets		—				503,772				503,772
Total business-type		14,300			274,	103,740		328,804,097		602,922,137
Component Units										
Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority										
Cash and equivalents				8,101,491						8,101,491
Restricted assets		—		—		—		—		—
Aurora Housing Authority										
Cash and equivalents		—		5,929,711		—		—		5,929,711
Investments		—		—	4,4	404,738		—		4,404,738
Havana BID										
Cash and equivalents		—		204,991						204,991
Total component units			1	4,236,193	4,4	404,738			_	18,640,931
										(continued

Summary of Cash and Investments by Fund and Type December 31, 2008										
Pension Trust and Agency										
Payroll Clearing Agency Fund										
Cash and equivalents	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	311,159	\$	311,159
Pension Trust Funds										
Cash and equivalents		—		55,340		4,926,045				4,981,385
Investments			_		2	43,807,078				243,807,078
Total Pension Trust and Agency				55,340	2	48,733,123		311,159		249,099,622
Total Cash and Investments										
Total All Funds		51,510	14	,509,695	5	39,488,302		466,567,646	\$ 1	,020,617,153
City Pool Deposits			14	,353,662		_		(14,353,662)		
City Pool Investments					4	52,213,984		(452,213,984)	-	
Total Cash and Investments	\$	51,510	\$ 28	,863,357	\$9	91,702,286	\$	_	-	
									-	(concluded)

The schedules on the following pages present all investments held by the City. As a home rule city, the City is allowed by state statute to invest public funds as permitted by charter or ordinance of the City. The City, by ordinance, has established an investment policy that does not include the pension funds. All nonpension plan investments are governed by this policy except for bond proceeds, which are invested in accordance with state statute, terms of the bond indenture or to meet bond insurer requirements.

Investments are subject to many different types of risk including, but not limited to, credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The City has no custodial credit or foreign currency risk except for the pension plan investments as discussed under B of this note. City policy gives guidance for investment activity to limit risks, as outlined in the following discussion and shcedules.

A. Non-Pension Plan Investments

1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

At December 31, 2008, the City owned a corporate note that was downgraded by the rating agencies to a level at which the City's investment policy requires it to be sold within four months of such downgrade. Council may authorize a one-time waiver to the investment policy to retain ownership. A waiver of the sale requirement was passed by Council on January 12, 2009.

2. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, it is the City's policy to invest in a manner that securities can normally be held to maturity, or close to maturity, and to limit the types and maturities of permitted securities. The City manages its exposure by limiting the weighted average maturities of the portfolio to less than 2.5 years, unless the investments are funded by specifically identified sources such as bond indentures. The weighted average maturity for investments in the City pool is 1.01 years. Non-pooled investments, having a weighted average maturity exceeding 2.5 years,

are invested in accordance with state statute, terms of the bond indenture or to meet bond insurer requirements.

3. Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. Concentration risk disclosure is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for any investment that represents 5% or more of the total investments in any one issuer, expect certain specific investment types. The City pooled fund investments are in compliance with City policy which limits unsecured investments with any single issuer other than the federal government to no more than 5%.

The City does have investments that represent more than 5% to a single issuer within specific funds within the City. These include the Golf Fund reserve requirement and the Water and Wastewater Fund repurchase agreements for bond reserve requirements and capital projects. These investments are invested pursuant to specific requirements of bond indentures.

December 31, 2008								
			nterest Rate F	Risk	Credit Risk			
Security	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	% of Total Portfolio	% Allowed by Policy	Credit Risk Allowed by City Policy		atings on City estments	
City Pool						Moody's	S & P	
US Agency Notes S	\$ 149,977,035	1.34	33.17%	50%	Rating not limited by City policy.	Aaa	AAA	
US Treasury Notes	5,279,900	1.38	1.17%	Not limited	Rating not limited by City policy.	Aaa	AAA	
Commercial paper	17,941,583	0.10	3.97%	50%	A rating of A-1, P-1 or their equivalent by any two nationally recognized credit rating agencies.	P1, A1+	P1, A-1, A1+	
Corporate notes	159,161,962	1.38	35.20%	40%	Rating AAA, 40% maximum, 5 year maturity Rating AA, 35% maximum, 5 year maturity Rating A1 or A+, 15% maximum, 3 year	A1-A3, Aaa, Aa1- Aa3, Baa2	A-AAA, A-, BBB+	
Municipal bonds	31,710,689	1.59	7.00%	50%	Rated in one of the three highest rating categories by a nationally recognized organization which regularly rates such obligations.		A-AAA	
MMA - Colotrust Plus+	19,030,052	-	4.21%	10%	Must be registered with the SEC or rated AAA by any nationally recognized credit rating agency.	Aaa	AAA	
MMA - Wells Fargo	27,112,763	-	6.00%	Not limited	City policy does not limit accounts. The account is covered by the collateralized requirement of Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act and by FDIC insurance.	N/A	N/A	
Certificates of deposit	42,000,000	-	9.28%	Not limited	City policy mirrors State statute, which does not limit certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit are covered by the Public Deposit Protection Act. City practice is to require asset and equity ratios be met as well as limiting amounts invested in any single institution.	N/A	N/A	
Total City Pool	\$ 452,213,984	1.10	100.00%				(continued)	

Applicable Risk on City Pooled and Non-Pooled Investments December 31, 2008

		Interest Rate	Concentration			Credit
		Risk	Risk			Risk
Non-pooled investments	Fair Value	Weighted Avg Maturity	% of Total Fund	Current I Moody's	0	Purpose of Investment
tion poolea in estiments	Tun Vulue	(Years)	Investments	intoody 5	541	i in pose of investment
Governmental Activities		(10003)				
Other Governmental Funds						
ACLC Debt Service						
Money market funds	\$ 6,774,148	—	N/A	Aaa		2002, 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2008 COPs issues held by trustee for debt service.
US Treasury Notes	3,547,989	4.95	N/A	Aaa	AAA	2004 and 2005 COPs issues held by trustee for reserve requirement.
ACLC Capital Projects	1.004.564		27/4			
Money market funds	1,924,564	—	N/A	Aaa	AAA	2002 and 2005 COPs proceeds held by trustee for ACLC capital projects.
Total Other Governmental Funds	12,246,701	_				inside for Medie cupital projects.
Total Governmental Activities	12,246,701	4.95				
Business-type Activities						
Water Fred						
Water Fund US Treasury Notes	5,732,502	4.63	N/A	Aaa	AAA	2003 bond issue held by trustee for bond reserve requirement.
Money market funds	2,004,000	-	N/A	Aaa	AAA	Owner controlled insurance policy for Prairie Water Project.
Repurchase Agreement US Agency Notes	229,508,879	5.06	50.20%	Aaa	AAA	2007 bond issue held for Water capital projects and reserve requirement.
Money market funds	3,954,309	_	N/A	Aaa	AAA	2007 bond issue held for Water capital
Total Water Fund	241,199,690	-				projects and reserve requirement.
Wastewater Fund		-				
Repurchase Agreement US Agency Notes	32,400,278	4.08	33.32%	Aaa*		2006 bond issue held for Wastewater capital projects and reserve requirement.
Total Wastewater Fund	32,400,278	_				F
Golf Fund						
US Agency Notes	503,772	6.45	30.46%	Aaa	AAA	2005 refunding bond issue held for bond reserve requirement.
Total business-type activities	274,103,740	4.93				
Fiduciary Funds				ĺ		
General Employee's Retirement Plan (GERP)	245,790,127			See follow	ving disc	slosures
Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan (EOEP)	2,942,996			See follov	ving disc	closures
Total Fiduciary Funds	248,733,123	-				
Total All Investments	\$ 987,297,548	-				

Applicable Risk on City Pooled and Non-Pooled Investments (excluding discretely presented component units)

* The credit ratings represent the rating on the underlying investments within the Repurchase Agreement.

B. Pension Plan Investments

1. General Employees' Retirement Plan

Credit Risk – Each investment portfolio is managed in accordance with investment guidelines as stated in the Plan's investment policy adopted July 21, 2005. These guidelines are specific to two strategies (core and core plus) within the fixed income asset class.

The *core* portfolio will include the following:

- Debt instruments issued by the U.S. Government, its Agencies and Instrumentalities.
- Debt instruments that have been issued by domestic entities rated BBB- or Baa3 or above by Standard & Poor's rating service or Moody's Investors Service, respectively.
- Dollar denominated debt securities issued under section 144(A); and mortgage backed and asset backed securities of investment grade quality.

The *core plus* portfolio will follow the above guidelines with the following exceptions:

- While the overall portfolio credit quality shall be maintained at investment grade, up to 25 percent of the portfolio at market value may be invested in securities rated below investment grade. Split rated securities will be governed by the lower designation.
- Up to 20 percent of the portfolio at market value may be invested in securities issued by foreign issuers and denominated in foreign currencies.

At December 31, 2008, the Plan held the following fixed income investments with respective quality ratings, excluding those obligations of the U.S. government or obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, which are not considered to have credit risk.

Description	Credit Quality Rating	Fair Value	% of Total
Corporate Bonds	AAA	\$14,339,975	22.3%
	AA	4,142,102	6.4%
	А	7,507,787	11.7%
	BBB	10,481,291	16.3%
Bond Fund	AA	27,930,915	43.3%
Total Corporate Bond and Funds		\$64,402,070	100.00%

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk exposure is dictated by each portfolio manager's agreement. Each portfolio is managed in accordance with investment guidelines as stated in the Plan's investment policy adopted on July 21, 2005. These guidelines are specific to two strategies (core and core plus) within the fixed income asset class.

- The *core* fixed income portfolio is to maintain duration within plus or minus 25 percent of the duration of the Lehman Government Corporate Index.
- The *core plus* portfolio shall normally maintain duration within a range of three to six years.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees for the Plan has formally adopted an investment policy that allows investment maturities greater than five years.

			Investment Matu	rities (in years)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	>10
Industrial Bonds	\$9,659,480	\$ —	\$5,566,799	\$3,122,112	\$970,569
Transportation Bonds	334,127				334,127
Utility Bonds	4,016,678		1,158,419	1,823,216	1,035,043
Finance Bonds	4,711,526	530,813	2,999,272	1,181,411	
REIT Bonds	423,141	423,141			
Non-Corp Bonds	1,883,893		1,039,886	844,007	
Asset Backed Bonds	3,328,754		1,524,411	1,716,298	88,045
Govt Mtg Backed	10,289,391	2,399			10,286,992
Coll Mtg Backed	1,824,165	10,755		467,500	1,345,910
U.S. Agency Bonds	5,950,533	1,198,500	3,646,204	1,105,829	_
U.S. Treasury Bonds	26,003,860		2,327,662	13,230,447	10,445,781
Corporate Bond Fund	27,930,915		27,930,915 *		
Money Market Funds	4,874,458	4,874,458			
Equity Investments					
Equity Securities	108,645,736	108,645,736		_	_
Real Estate Funds	20,543,795	20,543,795		_	
Alternative Invest.	15,369,675	15,369,675			
Total All Investments	\$245,790,127	\$151,599,272	\$46,193,568	\$23,490,820	\$24,506,467

The Plan had the following investments and maturities at December 31, 2008:

*Average maturity for the Corporate Bond Fund is 3.70 years.

Concentration of Credit Risk – For the fixed income investment manager, the Plan's investment policy states that for purposes of diversification, the exposure to any single issuer, other than securities guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, shall not exceed 5% of the market value of the portfolio. For the domestic equity investment manager, the Plan's investment policy states that the market value of any single security holding should be limited to a weight of 5% of the portfolio, or 150% of the security's weight in the benchmark, whichever is higher. There is no formal policy for concentration of credit risk for the international equity and real estate investment managers.

At December 31, 2008 the Plan did not have investments in any one organization representing 5% or more of the Plan's assets other than the following indexed and commingled Funds:

Investment	Fair Value	% of Investments
Barclays Global Investors Equity		
Index Fund A	\$69,224,046	28%
Pimco Total Return Fund	27,930,915	11%
Blackrock Granite Fund	14,677,742	6%

Foreign Currency Risk – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Plan's currency risk exposure resides entirely within investments in international equity mutual funds. The plan has no formal policy regarding foreign currency risk. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars as of December 31, 2008 is \$22,916,992, which is entirely composed of investments in international equity mutual funds.

2. Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan

Credit Risk – Credit risk exposure is dictated by each manager's agreement with the Plan or in the fund's prospectus. At December 31, 2008 the Plan held the following fixed income investments:

Description	Credit Quality Rating	Fa	ir Value	% of Total
PIMCO Total Return Fund	AA	\$	554,772	42%
Westcore Bond Fund	AA		752,613	58%
Total Corporate Bond and Funds		\$	1,307,385	100%

Interest Rate Risk – Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the trustee(s). The EOEP trustee has determined that it is appropriate for the Plan to follow the investment guidelines developed by the City of Aurora General Employees' Retirement Plan. Those guidelines allow investment maturities greater than five years. The Plan had the following investments at December 31, 2008:

Investment Type	Average Maturity (years)	F	air Value
Debt			
Corporate Bond Funds	6.15	\$	1,307,385
Money Market Funds	0.08		51,587
Equities			
Equity Securities			1,323,713
Real Estate Funds			260,311
Total All Investments		\$	2,942,996

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Plan does not have a formal policy regarding the concentration of credit risk. At December 31, 2008, the Plan did not have investments in any one organization representing 5% or more of the Plan assets, other than indexed and commingled funds listed below:

Investment	Fai	ir Value	% of Investments
iShares Trust - S&P 500 Index Fund	\$	707,241	27.2%
Westcore Plus Bond Fund		752,613	28.9%
Pimco Total Return Fund		554,772	21.3%
Ark Asset Management Small			
Cap Value Fund I		251,946	9.7%
Black Rock Granite Fund		190,918	7.3%
State Street Global Advisors			
International Alpha Select SL Fund		146,838	5.6%

3. RECEIVABLES

A. Taxes

1. Property Tax

Property tax is levied on December 15 and attaches as a lien on property the following January 1. The tax is payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. Each county bills and collects property tax for all taxing entities within the county. Property tax collected by

Arapahoe, Adams and Douglas counties for the City are remitted in the subsequent month. Property tax is reported as a receivable and as deferred revenue when levied in both the funds and for citywide reporting. Revenue is recognized when collected in the following year. Collection begins on January 1 of the following year. Total Property Tax receivable at December 31, 2008 is \$26,865,974. Based upon experience, one percent of outstanding receivables is recorded in an allowance account and is deducted from the deferred revenue and the receivable for reporting purposes. Total allowance at December 31, 2008 is \$268,659.

2. Sales, Use and Lodgers Taxes

Sales, use and lodgers taxes are recognized as revenue when earned. Sales tax collected and use tax incurred are due to the City by the 20th day of the following month. Total Sales, Use and Lodgers Tax receivable at December 31, 2008 is \$17,045,414.

3. Franchise Taxes

Franchise taxes such as telephone, cable television, gas and electric, due to the City but not received at year-end, are recorded as receivables. Total Franchise Tax receivable at December 31, 2008 is \$2,693,325.

4. Tax Audits

Amounts calculated as owed during sales and use tax compliance audits are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues in the General Fund. Tax audit revenue is recognized in subsequent periods when payment is received. For citywide reporting, revenue is recognized when earned. Total Tax Audits receivable at December 31, 2008 is \$683,574.

B. Accounts

1. City Services

Amounts billed for weed cutting, trash removal, demolition, tree trimming and removal, overtime inspection fees, recreation registrations and reimbursement for property damages are recorded as receivables and the revenue is recognized when services have been performed. Total Accounts receivable for City Services at December 31, 2008 is \$1,446,707.

2. Utility Billings

Utility charges, which include water and wastewater usage and storm drainage fees, are billed monthly and are due and payable within 25 days from the billing date. Total billed utility charges at December 31, 2008 is \$7,903,693. Earned but unbilled utility charges at December 31, 2008 is \$4,662,861. Billed and unbilled charges are recorded as revenue when earned. Estimates of uncollectible utility charges, based upon a percentage of aged outstanding receivables, are established in allowance accounts which are deducted from utility receivables for reporting purposes. Total allowance at December 31, 2008 is \$57,082.

C. Interest

Interest receivable includes interest earned but not received on investments and notes receivable.

D. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments consists of county road and bridge tax, state highway users tax, lottery proceeds, cigarette tax and federal and state grants, which the City has earned but not yet received. These amounts were collected by the county or State and remitted to the City within the first two

months of the following year.

E. Other

Other receivables include liens for uncollected weed cutting, E-911 surcharges, PEG access fees, photo red light fees, vehicle auction proceeds, special improvement district receivables, case management fines, forfeitures and fees, the net pension asset and rent receivable for FRA.

F. Notes

Notes receivable are supported by contracts, which outline the repayment of borrowed funds.

1. Economic Development

The City has a participation interest in loans made by Aurora Economic Development Council to various commercial and industrial enterprises. These loans are incentives for the relocation or expansion of these enterprises within the boundaries of the City. There are a total of 11 loans; 1 Brownsfield loan with a 2% interest rate and due to be repaid when property changes title and 10 economic development loans with interest rates ranging between 2% - 8.25% and maturity dates between 2012 - 2016 with real and business property as collateral. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$791,044, which is not expected to be collected within one year.

In 2000, the City created an Art District Loan Fund by ordinance, the purpose of which was to promote and establish art uses in the downtown Aurora Arts District. There are a total of 5 loans to non-profit organizations with interest rates ranging between 2% - 4.25% and maturity dates between 2013-2039. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$410,777, which is not expected to be collected within one year.

2. Community Services

To assist in the redevelopment of low-income areas, the City makes loans from federal funds to assist in the renovation of housing and businesses. There are a total of 1,220 loans with various maturity dates and interest rates. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$14,127,898, which is not expected to be collected within one year.

In 2008, the City entered into a payment plan with a customer in the amount of \$11,495 for the deferral of water connection fees. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$4,495.

In 2007, the City advanced \$90,000 to the Colfax Marathon Partnership, Inc. to assist with the costs associated with the organizing, planning, advertising and producing of the marathon. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2008 is \$90,000.

In November of 2006, the City entered into an agreement with the Mission Aurora Colorado Swimming and the Aurora Masters Swim Club for use of City pools. The note is interest free and has a maturity date of November 1, 2011. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$17,500, which is not expected to be collected within one year.

3. FRA

The City entered into an agreement to assist FRA with required matching funds in conjunction with two grants it received from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration (EDA) for the purpose of designing and constructing a bioscience incubation facility at Fitzsimmons. The loan of \$1,371,888 is repayable in ten equal annual installments beginning June 1,

2005. The interest rate is variable and the maturity date is June 1, 2014. FRA also paid \$7,023 on the City's behalf per a separate agreement, reducing the principal balance owed. The principal balance outstanding and accrued interest as of December 31, 2008 are \$816,109 and \$22,637, respectively, which \$678,920 is not expected to be collected within one year.

In January 2004, the City entered into a note agreement for \$245,935 to assist FRA with the initial purchase of equipment and startup costs of the Fitzsimons Golf Course. This note is being paid to the City in ten equal annual installments of principal and interest beginning December 1, 2004. The note has a 4% interest rate and the final payment is due December 1, 2013. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$134,986, which \$110,064 is not expected to be collected within one year.

G. Component Units

1. FRA

The FRA has three receivables, one of which is related to a dispute claim against the United States Army, another one related to a bankruptcy filing by the tenant at the Bioscience Park Center and the last an amount owed by an individual who caused damage to property of the Authority. These amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008 totaled \$425,116.

In 2004, the FRA entered into a note receivable with The Children's Hospital (TCH) for \$2,645,967 for the transfer of land from FRA to TCH for construction of its new hospital. The note is payable to FRA in quarterly installments through July 30, 2009. The note does not have a stated interest rate but the imputed interest rate on the note is 2.5%. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$441,249 which is expected to be collected within one year.

In January 2008, the FRA closed on a loan to BWAB-Fitzsimmons, LLC (BWAB) in the amount of \$10 million pursuant to a Promissory Note and other loan documents from BWAB to the Authority. The loan provides partial funding for the construction of a conference center hotel adjacent to Fitzsimons in the Fitzsimons Village project. The Note bears interest at 5% per annum and matures at the earlier of a sale or refinancing of the Hotel or 61 months after the opening of the Hotel to the Public. The balance outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$10,000,000.

2. AHA

The AHA has four types of receivables. The first type is receivable for HUD vouchers and landlord over payments. The second type of receivable is for various related entities for the start up of operations. The third type of receivables is administrative fees earned on related parties. The last type of receivable is tenant receivables for residents that live at various Authority sites. The total of these four types of receivable at December 31, 2008 is \$2,153,132.

The AHA has various other receivables related to development fees and construction management fees. The total of other receivables and prepaid expenses at December 31, 2008 is \$4,261,915 and \$96,305, respectively.

The AHA has twenty outstanding notes receivable relating to real property. The total at December 31, 2008 is \$26,131,054, which is not expected to be collected within one year. Interest accrued on these notes at December 31, 2008 is \$866,566.

3. Havana BID

Property owners within the boundaries of the Havana Business Improvement District have been assessed \$325,050 in property taxes for 2008 to be collected in 2009.

4. RESTRICTED, RESERVED AND DESIGNATED

A. Restricted and Reserved

Restricted net assets are restricted assets less the liabilities related to those assets. Restricted net assets are those legally segregated for a specific future use. All restricted net assets of the City are expendable.

Amounts reserved by the nature of the fund on the fund financial statements (i.e. no reservation is presented) are restricted net assets for citywide reporting. These amounts include: funds contained within the Gifts and Grants, the Community Development and the Cultural Services Funds that are restricted for gifts and grants as specified by the grantor; revenues collected by the Enhanced E-911 Fund that are restricted for construction, acquisition and operation of emergency communication equipment; lottery funds collected by the Conservation Trust Fund, revenues collected by the Parks Development Fund and by the Arapahoe County Open Space Fund that are restricted for parks and recreation programs; amounts in the TABOR Reserve Fund that report emergency reserves as required by the TABOR amendment; funds in the AURA General Fund that are restricted for urban renewal; and funds in the Bond Proceeds Fund are restricted bond proceeds for capital projects.

Restricted amounts due to and due from other funds are eliminated through the governmental activities adjustments. Additionally, the liability for arbitrage and outstanding bonded debt are added to the governmental activities adjustment as they are reported only on the citywide financial statements.

1. Restricted for Construction

City Capital Projects Fund - In 2000, the City issued general obligation bonds to finance a program of improvements outlined in the Facilities Master Plan (FMP) including: libraries, parks and open space and public safety facilities. The City Capital Projects Fund has unexpended bond proceeds and accumulated earnings on those proceeds of \$50,849 that are restricted for the completion of these projects.

Adams County Road and Bridge tax is a 0.5% sales tax collected by Adams County and allocated back to the City for the purpose of constructing roads and bridges located within both jurisdictions has \$2,124,663 in total restricted assets for capital improvements.

Assets relating to transportation improvement program (TIP) grants and the City's matching portion required by the various grant agreements are shown as restricted as gifts and grants of \$1,262,600 in the City Capital Projects Fund.

Arapahoe County Open Space Fund - In late 2004, the citizens in Arapahoe County voted and passed a use tax increase of .25%, the proceeds of which are remitted to the City to be used for parks and open space construction and maintenance in Arapahoe County. A portion of the remitted funds have been sent to the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District to fund construction of storm drain infrastructure in the parks. City funds not needed to complete the project will be returned to the City for use on other City parks projects within Arapahoe County. Total restricted assets for the purpose of Urban Drainage are \$40,684.

Designated Revenues Fund - Amounts restricted for construction were remitted to the City as settlement of a judgment against another jurisdiction for noise violations at Denver International Airport. Amounts remitted are to be used to acquire land and improvements in the airport vicinity in an effort to mitigate noise in the surrounding communities. Total restricted assets for the purpose of capital improvements are \$2,456,423.

ACLC Capital Projects Fund - In 2002, ACLC issued COPs to finance the acquisition and construction of communications equipment and vehicles for use by the police and fire departments. The ACLC Capital Projects Fund has unexpended COPs proceeds and accumulated earnings on those proceeds of \$907,623 that are restricted for the completion of the project.

In 2005, ACLC issued COPs to finance public improvement projects and to acquire property in the City dedicated to water, wildlife, open space, trails and neighborhood parks. The ACLC Capital Projects Fund has unexpended COPs proceeds and accumulated earnings on those proceeds of \$1,017,710 that are restricted for the completion of the project.

Water Fund - The Prairie Waters project has an Owner Controlled Insurance Program which includes an escrow account for \$1,980,000 and insurance for \$24,000.

Wastewater Fund - Urban Drainage projects restrictions represent City funds held in trust by the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District in the amount of \$3,110,062 to fund construction of storm drain infrastructure in the City. City funds not needed to complete the project will be returned to the City or transferred to other Urban Drainage projects as directed by the City.

2. Restricted for Arbitrage

Federal tax law provides that, with the exception of certain "temporary periods", governments may not invest the proceeds of tax-exempt debt in a higher yielding taxable security. Arbitrage occurs if a government earns more than the yield allowed by law. Excess arbitrage earnings must be rebated to the Federal government. All outstanding bonds and COPs are reviewed annually for potential arbitrage rebate liability and corresponding reserves are established as necessary.

Arbitrage amounts anticipated to be paid with funds held in the City Debt Service Fund \$42,814 and ACLC Debt Service Fund \$70,994.

3. Restricted for Debt Service

Restricted amounts held in funds for Debt Service payments and required reserves include City Debt Service \$1,892,149, SID Debt Service Fund \$36,800 and ACLC Debt Service Fund \$10,258,932.

Water Fund - The 1999 Water Revenue Bonds require the City to maintain \$1,250,000 in operations and maintenance reserve, which is held in the Water Fund as restricted investments. The Prairie Waters project has an Owner Controlled Insurance Program which includes an escrow account for \$1,980,000 and an insurance deposit for \$24,000.

Wastewater Fund - The 1999 Wastewater Revenue Bonds require the City to maintain \$1,250,000 in operations and maintenance reserve, which is held in the Wastewater Fund as restricted investments.

4. Other Restrictions

Gifts and Grants Fund - The City receives seizure funds from forfeiture actions in state and federal

courts. State law restricts the use of seizure funds to specific activities of the City Police Department. Seizure funds consist of \$938,179.

Designated Revenues Fund - Amounts of \$9,338,401 represent funds that have specific purposes under various agreements with outside parties.

B. Reserved for Encumbrances

Fund balance shown as "reserved for encumbrances" represents encumbered amounts on unperformed purchase orders. These reservations are eliminated for citywide reporting.

C. Designated Fund Balances

Designations of fund balances represent the City's intent to use assets for specific future purposes. These designations are eliminated for citywide reporting.

		D	esig	nations by Fund December 31, 2	• •		
Fund		ment of Long- rm Liabilities	Su	bsequent Year Budgets	Project-length Appropriations	Operating Designation	Total
General Fund	\$	17,045,414	\$	95,460	\$ _	\$ 5,092,097	\$ 22,232,971
Other Governmental							
Gifts and Grants		_		154,947	1,584,166		1,739,113
Development Review		_		1,086,975	_		1,086,975
Abatement		_		254,151	_		254,151
Enhanced E-911		_		1,211,937	1,191,520		2,403,457
Conservation Trust		_		201,513	2,978,031	_	3,179,544
Parks Development		_		441,039	1,914,762	_	2,355,801
Arapahoe County Open Space		_		1,228,439	5,250,866	_	6,479,305
Cultural Services		_		105,809	_	_	105,809
Designated Revenues		_		115,840	2,542,981	_	2,658,821
SID Debt Service		_		26,565	_	_	26,565
Surplus & Deficiency		_		226,750	_	_	226,750
City Capital Projects Fund		_		3,673,089	15,927,921	_	19,601,010
Bond Proceeds Capital Projects		_		126,980	73,566	_	200,546
Building Repair			·		 736,651	 	 736,651
Total designations	\$	17,045,414	\$	8,949,494	\$ 32,200,464	\$ 5,092,097	\$ 63,287,469

Payment of Long-term Liabilities - Amounts equal to the sales, use and lodger tax accruals have been designated for the payment of future liabilities.

Subsequent Year Budgets - This amount represents fund balances budgeted as funding sources (as adopted in the 2008 budget) for subsequent year appropriations.

Project-length Appropriations - Budgets for capital projects are adopted on a project length basis. At yearend, the unspent appropriation will carry forward to the subsequent year.

Operating Designation - The "Operating Reserve" has a minimum target policy of 1% to 3% of annual budgetary revenues and may be spent for one-time uses such as unexpected revenue shortfalls, unexpected expenses, and emergencies.

5. JOINT VENTURE

The Aurora – Colorado Springs Joint Water Authority (ACSJWA) was formed between the City of

Aurora and the City of Colorado Springs. ACSJWA is reported in the Water Fund using the equity interest method. ACSJWA charges both cities transmission service fees to pay current expenses incurred in the operation and maintenance of the project.

	2008 Changes in City's Equity Interest in ACSJWA											
Investment at January 1	Transmission Service Fees		City's Share Change in Net Assets	City Contributions	Investment at December 31							
\$ 2,504,437	\$ -	\$	(32,008)	\$ -	\$ 2,472,429							

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary of Changes in Capital Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

							Capital Assets net
	Balance		D: 1	m (Balance	Accumulated	of Accumulated
Governmental Activities	January 1	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	December 31	Depreciation	Depreciation
Capital assets not depreciated							
Land	\$ 237,706,354	\$ 2,976,804	\$ (4,805)	\$ (5,000)	\$ 240,673,353	\$ -	\$ 240,673,353
Construction in progress	10,091,483	20,930,007	(950,868)	(17,170,893)	12,899,729	÷	12,899,729
Total capital assets not depreciated	247,797,837	23,906,811	(955,673)	(17,175,893)	253,573,082	-	253,573,082
Capital assets being depreciated							
Building and improvements	202,732,903	24,253	(918,483)	212,841	202,051,514	(46,508,423)	155,543,09
Infrastructure	2,531,324,553	13,330,434	(653,925)	16,628,073	2,560,629,135	(90,360,545)	2,470,268,59
Machinery and equipment	73,209,028	5,050,821	(4,832,186)	608,913	74,036,576	(40,650,924)	33,385,652
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,807,266,484	18,405,508	(6,404,594)	17,449,827	2,836,717,225	(177,519,892)	2,659,197,333
Accumulated depreciation							
Building and improvements	(41,549,923)	(5,534,205)	575,705	-	(46,508,423)		
Infrastructure	(77,640,345)	(13,274,718)	554,518	-	(90,360,545)		
Machinery and equipment	(39,658,997)	(5,398,977)	4,553,397	(146,347)	(40,650,924)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(158,849,265)	(24,207,900)	5,683,620	(146,347)	(177,519,892)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,896,215,056	\$ 18,104,419	\$ (1,676,647)	\$ 127,587	\$ 2,912,770,415		\$ 2,912,770,415
Business-type Activities							
Capital assets not depreciated	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>^</u>		*	<u>^</u>	
Land and water rights	\$ 298,717,756	\$ 12,605,513	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 311,328,269	\$ -	\$ 311,328,26
Construction in progress	156,793,388	243,384,335	(1,070,272)	(17,660,596)	381,446,855		381,446,85
Total capital assets not depreciated	455,511,144	255,989,848	(1,070,272)	(17,655,596)	692,775,124		692,775,12
Capital assets being depreciated							
Building and improvements	131,238,568	-	(14,348)	708,675	131,932,895	(29,730,590)	102,202,30
Infrastructure	829,111,243	12,923,041	(88,448)	16,810,633	858,756,469	(161,378,089)	697,378,380
Machinery and equipment	39,079,306	2,460,673	(796,865)	(137,646)	40,605,468	(25,440,164)	15,165,30
Total capital assets being depreciated	999,429,117	15,383,714	(899,661)	17,381,662	1,031,294,832	(216,548,843)	814,745,98
Accumulated depreciation							
Building and improvements	(26,353,487)	(3,387,983)	10,880	-	(29,730,590)		
Infrastructure	(149,485,451)	(11,936,068)	43,430	-	(161,378,089)		
Machinery and equipment	(23,775,150)	(2,603,067)	791,706	146,347	(25,440,164)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(199,614,088)	(17,927,118)	846,016	146,347	(216,548,843)		
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,255,326,173	\$ 253,446,444					\$ 1,507,521,113

continued

		Balance					Balance	Accumulated	of	ital Assets net Accumulated
	Ja	anuary 1	Additions	Disposals	Transfers]	December 31	Depreciation	Γ	Depreciation
Component Unit										
Capital assets not depreciated										
Land	\$	7,715,139	\$ 2,300,000	\$ (1,374,876)	\$ 169,433	\$	8,809,696	\$-	\$	8,809,696
Construction in progress		607,689	 185,149	 (792,838)	 -		-			
Total capital assets not depreciated		8,322,828	 2,485,149	 (2,167,714)	169,433		8,809,696			8,809,696
Capital assets being depreciated										
Building and improvements		24,000,181	673,216	(3,225,574)	(156,968)		21,290,855	(6,260,065)		15,030,790
Machinery and equipment		714,356	84,834	(28,198)	(12,465)		758,527	(554,476)		204,051
Total capital assets being depreciated		24,714,537	 758,050	 (3,253,772)	 (169,433)		22,049,382	(6,814,541)		15,234,841
Accumulated depreciation										
Building and improvements		(6,176,363)	(790,473)	706,771	-		(6,260,065)			
Machinery and equipment		(516,748)	(37,728)	-	-		(554,476)			
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,693,111)	 (828,201)	 706,771	 -		(6,814,541)			
Total component unit	\$	26,344,254	\$ 2,414,998	\$ (4,714,715)	\$ _	\$	24,044,537		\$	24,044,537

2008 Depreciation Expense by Function

Function	Depreciation
Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 1,576,658
Judicial	54,798
Police	1,627,352
Fire	895,159
Other public safety	211,983
Public works	13,326,146
Economic development	103,714
Community services	165,233
Culture and recreation	2,909,116
Unallocated*	3,325,541
Depreciation expense governmental activities	24,195,700
Depreciation of internal service fund capital assets	
attributable to business-type activities	12,200
Total depreciation expense governmental activities	24,207,900
Business-type Activities	
Water	10,176,614
Wastewater	6,750,240
Golf	1,012,464
Depreciation business-type activities	17,939,318
Depreciation of internal service fund capital assets	
attributable to business-type activities	(12,200)
Total depreciation business-type activities	17,927,118
Component Unit	
AHA	292,639
FRA	535,562
Total depreciation component units	828,201
Total All Funds	
Total depreciation expense all funds	\$ 42,963,219

* Unallocated depreciation represents depreciation on multi-use City office buildings such as the Aurora Municipal Center.

Concluded

Interest Expensed and Capitalized on Construction Projects 2008													
Fund	Capitalized	Expensed	Totals										
Water Fund	\$ 10,910,126	\$ 21,809,027	\$ 32,719,153										
Wastewater Fund	2,403,948	616,127	3,020,075										
Golf Fund		399,234	399,234										
Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 13,314,074	\$ 22,824,388	\$ 36,138,462										

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7. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds

The City has issued governmental and business-type activities general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds pledge the full faith and credit of the City for the repayment of the debt.

Governmental Activities - The City has three outstanding issuances of general obligation bonds. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 1998 Alameda and I-225 Interchange \$10,000,000 and \$3,595,000; 2000 Facility Master Plan \$50,100,000 and \$28,000,000; and 2003 Public Safety Refunding \$2,530,000 and \$450,000.

Business-type Activities - The City has one outstanding issuance of general obligation water bonds. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 2003 Refunding \$62,775,000 and \$30,435,000.

	Governmental Activities								Business-type Activities				
Year Ending			2	2.00-5.00%					2.00-4.00%				
December 31		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2009	\$	4,715,000	\$	1,516,783	\$	6,231,783	\$	5,905,000	\$	1,157,813	\$	7,062,813	
2010		4,480,000		1,307,933		5,787,933		6,120,000		965,900		7,085,900	
2011		4,705,000		1,101,853		5,806,853		6,365,000		736,400		7,101,400	
2012		4,940,000		882,610		5,822,610		6,640,000		481,800		7,121,800	
2013		4,185,000		647,480		4,832,480		2,640,000		216,200		2,856,200	
2014-2018		9,020,000		677,600		9,697,600		2,765,000		110,600		2,875,600	
Total	\$	32,045,000	\$	6,134,259	\$	38,179,259	\$	30,435,000	\$	3,668,713	\$	34,103,713	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

B. Revenue Bonds

Governmental Activities – The City has one outstanding issuance of revenue bonds. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 1999 Sports Park \$17,470,000 and \$9,105,000.

Business-type Activities - Aurora Water has six outstanding issuances of revenue bonds. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 1999 Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWR&PDA) \$14,999,889 and \$6,804,963; 2003A First Lien Water Improvement \$55,860,000 and \$45,440,000; 2004A Second Lien Water Improvement \$40,000,000 which were refunded in 2008; 2005D CWR&PDA \$100,000,000 and \$100,000,000; 2007A First Lien Water Improvement \$421,495,000 and \$421,495,000; and 2008A First Lien Water Improvement Refunding \$39,995,000 and \$39,995,000.

Aurora Water currently refunded its variable rate Second-Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A with fixed rate First-Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2008A. The principal balance of the refunded bonds was \$40,000,000 and the principal balance of the new bonds is \$39,995,000. Total remaining debt service at year-end on the refunded variable rate bonds was projected at \$69,689,613 and total debt service on the refunding bonds is \$78,727,618. The reacquisition price was lower than the carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$5,000; due to an issue premium and cash contributed by the Water fund in excess of issuance costs, required debt service reserve and accrued interest. The economic loss on the refunding was \$4,316,162.

Wastewater has two outstanding issuances of revenue bonds. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 1999 Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWR&PDA) \$24,124,366 and \$10,861,885; and 2006 First Lien Wastewater Improvement \$57,790,000 and \$56,785,000.

Golf has one outstanding issuance of revenue bonds. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 2005 Golf Course Enterprise System Refunding \$4,625,000 and \$3,185,000.

	Go		mental Activi	ties		Business-type Activities					
Year Ending		4	.75-5.80%						2.00-5.125%		
December 31	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>		Principal		Interest		Total
2009	\$ 1,335,000	\$	425,649	\$	1,760,649	\$	6,923,597	\$	33,302,628	\$	40,226,225
2010	1,400,000		357,274		1,757,274		7,178,873		33,004,958		40,183,831
2011	1,475,000		285,399		1,760,399		9,740,648		32,713,715		42,454,363
2012	1,550,000		209,774		1,759,774		10,106,657		32,352,183		42,458,840
2013	1,630,000		129,459		1,759,459		10,540,248		31,915,363		42,455,611
2014-2018	1,715,000		43,947		1,758,947		44,441,825		152,238,778		196,680,603
2019-2023	-		-		-		97,275,000		137,781,563		235,056,563
2024-2028	-		-		-		134,195,000		109,429,613		243,624,613
2029-2033	-		-		-		169,955,000		73,684,581		243,639,581
2034-2038	-		-		-		162,060,000		31,425,613		193,485,613
2039-2042	 -						32,150,000		1,607,500		33,757,500
Total	\$ 9,105,000	\$	1,451,502	\$	10,556,502	\$	684,566,848	\$	669,456,495	\$	1,354,023,343

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

C. Certificates of Participation

Certificates of Participation (COPs) are issued by ACLC and represent participation in a capital lease financing. The COPs are payable from the City's lease payments to ACLC, which are assigned to the trustee for the COPS debt service. There are five outstanding COPs issues. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 2002 Public Safety \$15,380,000 and \$7,695,000; 2004 Refunding of the 1994 \$8,750,000 and \$2,550,000; 2005 Public Improvements and Open Space \$23,395,000 and \$15,620,000; 2006A-1 Refunding of the 2000 (fixed-rate) \$20,290,000 and \$16,495,000; 2006A-2 (variable-rate) \$60,915,000 which were refunded in 2008; and 2008A Refunding of the 2006A-2 \$68,540,000 and \$68,540,000.

ACLC issued the Series 2008A certificates for \$68,540,000 in variable rate bonds to currently refund \$60,915,000 Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2006 A-2, which were also variable rate bonds. Total remaining debt service at year-end on the refunded variable rate bonds was projected at \$102,885,037and total debt service on the refunding bonds is projected at \$113,957,716. The bonds are

hedged with an Interest Rate Swap agreement, footnote 8. The economic loss on the refunding was \$3,437,683.

The adjustable rate refunding certificates of participation Series 2008A demand bonds, maturing in the years 2016 through 2030, are backed by annual rental payments from the City of Aurora. The Certificates were issued pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated as of June 1, 1994 between aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC) and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as trustee (Trustee), as amended and supplemented, with the Fifth Supplemental Indenture dated as of May 1, 2008, being the latest one. The proceeds of the bonds were used to (a) refund all of the outstanding Certificates of Participation, (b) provide for accrued interest, (c) pay issuance costs, and (d) to fund a required debt service reserve. The redemption schedule for these bonds is included in schedule below.

The bonds are remarketed weekly and the City's remarketing agent is Morgan Stanley & Co., Incorporated. The remarketing agent is authorized to use its best efforts to sell the repurchased bonds at a price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount by adjusting the interest rate. The remarketing fee is 7 basis points.

If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds that are "put" on any "put" date, the remarketing agent shall notify ACLC, the Tender Agent and the Trustee of the amount of Series 2008A Certificates that were successfully and not successfully remarketed. The Trustee shall than submit a request for Purchase to the Liquidity Facility Provider based on the notice provided by the Remarketing Agent, for any bonds not successfully remarketed. Liquidity is provided by JP Morgan Chase Bank, National Association via a Standby Purchase Agreement. Under this agreement, the Trustee or the Remarketing Agent is entitled to draw an amount sufficient to pay the purchase price of bonds delivered to it. The Standby Purchase Agreement is valid through May 14, 2009 and may be extended by ACLC and the City of Aurora. Subsequent to December 31, 2008 the Standby Purchase Agreement was extended through May 2010. If there is a draw on the liquidity facility, after 180 days the minimum interest rate would be 12%. Prinicipal would be payable in equal quarterly payments starting 180 days after purchase through December 2030. No amounts are outstanding as of December 31, 2008 under the Standby Purchase Agreement. The cost of this liquidity facility is 35 basis points.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for COPs are as follows:

		Governmen	tal A	Activities										
Year Ending	Year Ending 2.50-5.00%													
December 31		Principal		Interest	<u>Total</u>									
2009	\$	7,340,000	\$	4,331,593	\$	11,671,593								
2010		6,170,000		4,078,818		10,248,818								
2011		6,430,000		3,850,727		10,280,727								
2012		6,705,000		3,607,943		10,312,943								
2013		8,305,000		3,346,237		11,651,237								
2014-2018		16,975,000		13,555,379		30,530,379								
2019-2023		18,900,000		10,162,948		29,062,948								
2024-2028		23,335,000		6,116,667		29,451,667								
2029-2033		16,740,000		1,107,782		17,847,782								
Total	\$	110,900,000	\$	50,158,094	\$	161,058,094								

D. Notes Payable

Governmental Activities – The City has two Special Improvement District Revenue Notes for expenditures made by the City to construct certain masonry fences in the District (payable from special

assessments levied on the neighborhoods). Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: Dam West Neighborhood \$1,140,000 and \$735,000; and Ptarmigan Park Neighborhood \$1,075,000 and \$1,010,000.

Business-type Activities – Aurora Water has three outstanding notes payable. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 1999 \$503,112 and \$50,311; and 2004 \$8,280,091 and \$3,821,886. In addition, the City issued \$75,750,000 Colorado Water Conservation Board note for the purpose of financing the Prairie Waters Project and will be repaid by revenue of the Water fund. The City, through its utility enterprise, will draw on this note until the project is substantially complete or December 31, 2011. Repayment of the loan will begin one year from project completion or December 31, 2012, whichever is earlier, at an interest rate of 3.75% per annum over a term of 30 years. At December 31, 2008, the outstanding balance was \$18,406,377, which includes accrued interest of \$153,156.

Golf has one outstanding issuance of notes payable. Amounts originally issued and amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008, respectively were: 2004 Golf Course Enterprise System Revenue Note \$1,125,000 and \$124,199.

	Go	ver	nmental Activi	ties		Business-type Activities**					
Year Ending		4.89-5.00%		4.54-5.00%							
December 31	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 20,000	\$	86,194	\$	106,194	\$	174,510	\$	5,335	\$	179,845 *
2010	20,000		85,205		105,205		587,494		191,094		778,588
2011	20,000		84,216		104,216		587,494		161,720		749,214
2012	20,000		83,227		103,227		587,494		132,345		719,839
2013	20,000		82,238		102,238		587,494		102,970		690,464
2014-2018	1,645,000		254,760		1,899,760		1,295,026		197,414		1,492,440
2019-2023	-		-		-		176,884		8,844		185,728
2024-2028	 -		-				-				-
Total	\$ 1,745,000	\$	675,841	\$	2,420,841	\$	3,996,396	\$	799,721	\$	4,796,118

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

*A principal and interest payment of \$891,641 and \$235,676, respectively, was made on the 2004 note payable on December 31, 2008 due January 1, 2009.

** Excludes the Colorado Water Conservation Board note.

E. Regulatory Liability

As allowed under SFAS No. 71, an accrual has been recorded for the City's estimated share of future operation and maintenance costs related to the cleanup of excess sediment in the Strontia Springs Reservoir that resulted from rain events that followed two major forest fires earlier this century. The estimated future costs of \$3,869,575 were accrued as a noncurrent liability as of December 31, 2008 and were charged to operating expenses for the year then ended.

F. Component Units

The FRA entered into an agreement with the United States Army for the conveyance of 332 acres of land along with associated improvements and equipment at Fitzsimons. The purchase price for the conveyance is \$1,850,000. The note is payable in ten equal annual installments of \$555,956 beginning December 31, 2012 through December 31, 2021. Since payments of principal and interest are not required until 2012,

accumulated unpaid interest at December 31, 2008 is \$1,484,573. The principal amount outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$1,850,000.

The FRA entered into a loan agreement with the City whereby the FRA could draw up to \$1,150,000. The FRA was permitted to draw the funds to provide partial matching for two grants the FRA received from the U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration, for the purpose of designing and constructing a bioscience incubator facility at Fitzsimons. The loan is payable in ten equal installments of \$137,189 beginning June 1, 2005 through June 1, 2014. Interest accrued from the time of draw through June 1, 2005 is rolled into the balance of the loan. At December 31, 2008 the balance of the loan is \$816,109.

The FRA entered into a note obligation with the City to enable the FRA to operate the eighteen-hole Fitzsimons Golf Course and to purchase necessary equipment and make improvements to the clubhouse. The note is payable in ten equal installments of principal and interest of \$30,322 beginning December 1, 2004 and ending December 1, 2013. Any net income from the operation of the Golf Course in excess of \$150,000 shall also be applied to the outstanding balance of the note until paid in full. The current balance of the note at December 31, 2008 is \$134,987.

The AHA has three mortgages payable with \$2,438,721 outstanding at December 31, 2008 with interest rates varying from 3.75% to 5.48% with one maturing in 2009, one maturing in 2019 and the last one maturing in 2024. All mortgages are secured by building and land.

The AHA has a \$5,000,000 revolving line of credit payable with a balance of \$1,444,356 at December 31, 2008. The rate for the line of credit is 3.0%. The note is for the development of affordable housing. The City has a moral obligation pledge on this line of credit.

The AHA has two HOME Funds payable to the State of Colorado for the acquisition of East Park Villages and Trolley Park. Total outstanding at December 31, 2008 is \$428,000. If AHA stays in compliance with the terms of the loan agreement for 15 years, the loans will be forgiven. If the loan agreement terms are violated, the loan is due immediately upon the default of non-compliance.

The AHA has four bond issues outstanding at December 31, 2008 for a total of \$19,905,109. All issues are Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds with varying maturity dates.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Component Units								
Year Ending Various								
December 31		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>		
2009	\$	3,571,567	\$	1,217,398	\$	4,788,965		
2010		483,496		1,191,747		1,675,243		
2011		501,639	1,164,716			1,666,355		
2012		526,514	1,692,856			2,219,370		
2013		550,161		1,664,644		2,214,805		
2014-2018		6,129,656		7,545,341		13,674,997		
2019-2023		15,234,347		3,008,123		18,242,470		
2024-2028		19,902		276		20,178		
Total	\$	27,017,282	\$	17,485,101	\$	44,502,383		

G. Capitalized Leases

Governmental Activities - The City has entered into leases for fourteen dump trucks, two motor graders, seven fire trucks, two street sweepers, police equipment and twenty five heart rate monitors which are funded from the General Fund. The leases have been capitalized for financial statement purposes. The City has the option to purchase the equipment at the end of the lease period. The gross amount of the machinery and equipment acquired under each lease is \$1,881,640, \$421,664, \$1,666,700, \$486,924, \$207,280 and \$426,901, respectively. Accumulated depreciation on these leases is \$2,713,829 as of December 31, 2008.

Business-type Activities - The City has entered into golf cart leases that have been capitalized for financial statement purposes. The City has the option to purchase the equipment at the end of the lease period. The gross amount of the machinery and equipment acquired under the leases is \$854,653. Accumulated depreciation on these leases is \$255,341 as of December 31, 2008.

Veen En die e	<u>Governmental Activities</u> Year Ending 2.97-4.15%					Business-type Activities 4.55-5.25%					
Year Ending		2.97-4	+.15	%				4.55-	5.25	%	
December 31		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>		Principal		Interest	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$	1,325,889	\$	150,008	\$	1,475,897	\$	183,019	\$	25,289	\$ 208,308
2010		1,115,015		100,318		1,215,333		167,738		16,668	184,406
2011		851,500		57,540		909,040		118,826		8,620	127,446
2012		436,484		29,704		466,188		72,060		2,896	74,956
2013		407,284		12,062		419,347		-		-	 -
Total	\$	4,136,172	\$	349,632	\$	4,485,804	\$	541,643	\$	53,473	\$ 595,116

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

H. Pledged Revenue

Governmental Activities - The City has pledged any legally available funds or revenues from the General Fund to repay the revenue bonds issued in 1999. Proceeds from the bonds provided for the creation of a youth sports complex. The bonds are payable solely from legally available General Fund funds and revenues and are payable through 2014. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 6.6% of legally available funds or revenues from the General Fund. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$10,556,502. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total legally available funds or revenues were \$1,760,774 and \$21,585,185, respectively.

The City has pledged any special assessments levied and collected on the respective neighborhoods to repay \$1,745,000 in a Special Improvement District Revenue Notes issued in 2005 and 2007. Proceeds from the notes provided for the construction of two masonry fences. The notes are payable solely from special assessments levied and collected on the respective neighborhoods and are payable through 2015 and 2017.

- *Dam West Neighborhood* Annual principal and interest payments on the note are expected to require approximately 97.6% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the note is \$975,466. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total special assessments levied and collected on the neighborhood was \$186,443 and \$191,073, respectively.
- *Ptarmigan Park Neighborhood* Annual principal and interest payments on the note are expected to require approximately 56.0% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the note is \$1,445,375. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total special assessments levied and collected on the neighborhood was \$103,372 and \$184,535, respectively.

Business-type Activities - The City has pledged future water system revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$613,734,963 in water system revenue bonds issued in 1999, 2003, 2005, 2007 and 2008 and \$22,125,418 in utility enterprise water resources revenue notes issued in 1999, 2004 and 2007. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the acquisition of water rights, the acquisition and construction of water facilities and additions and improvements to the water system. The bonds are payable solely from water system net revenues and are payable through 2014, 2021, 2035, 2039, and 2033. Proceeds from the notes provided for the acquisition of certain water rights and for construction on the Prairie Waters Project. The notes are payable solely from water system revenues and are payable through 2009, 2019 and 2041. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds and notes are expected to require approximately 34.9% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds and notes is \$1,237,256,266. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total water system net revenues were \$34,748,132 and \$99,482,324, respectively.

The City has pledged future wastewater system revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$67,646,885 in wastewater system revenue bonds issued in 1999 and 2006. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the refurbishment of the Griswold Water Plant and the acquisition and construction of additions and improvements to the wastewater utility system. The bonds are payable solely from wastewater system net revenues and are payable through 2014 and 2036. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 23.8% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$117,698,303. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total system net revenues were \$5,912,807 and \$24,885,683, respectively.

The City has pledged future golf system revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the golf course enterprise system refunding revenue bonds issued in 2005 and the golf course enterprise system revenue note issued in 2004. Proceeds from the bonds provided for the refinancing of obligations originally incurred in 1995 to finance the construction of the Saddle Rock Golf Course. The bonds are payable solely from golf system net revenues and are payable through 2015. Proceeds from the note is payable solely from golf system net revenues and is payable through 2009. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds and note are expected to require approximately 66.3% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds and note is \$3,864,893. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total golf system net revenues were \$785,562 and \$1,185,468, respectively.

I. Accrued Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences recorded in governmental activities are generally paid from the General Fund. Amounts outstanding at December 31, 2008 are \$24,457,361 for governmental activities and \$3,507,247 for business-type activities.

J. Legal Debt Limit

The City's legal debt limit is 3% of the assessed valuation of taxable property. After certain deductions allowed by law, the legal debt margin as of December 31, 2008 is \$91,986,756. In 1992, Colorado voters approved an amendment to the state constitution (TABOR), which requires multiple-fiscal year debt and certain other financial obligations to be authorized by voters, regardless of whether or not the City is at its legal debt margin. Voter approval of additional debt typically includes a provision exempting the new debt from the debt margin. Consequently, the computation of the City's legal debt margin has little real significance.

K. Changes in Long Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 36,545,000	\$ -	\$ (4,500,000)	\$ 32,045,000	\$ 4,715,000
Revenue bonds	10,375,000	-	(1,270,000)	9,105,000	1,335,000
Certificates of participation	109,495,000	68,540,000	(67,135,000)	110,900,000	7,340,000
Less deferred amounts:					
Unamortized discounts	(5,909,570)	(449,770)	296,601	(6,062,739)	-
Unamortized premium	826,786		(76,849)	749,937	
Total bonds and COPs	151,332,216	68,090,230	(72,685,248)	146,737,198	13,390,000
SID Notes payable	1,955,000	-	(210,000)	1,745,000	20,000
Capitalized leases	3,030,374	2,093,600	(987,802)	4,136,172	1,325,889
Accrued compensated absences	22,560,721	1,906,573	(9,933)	24,457,361	1,555,365
Accrued claims payable	7,169,365	3,012,141	(3,720,750)	6,460,756	3,728,874
Arbitrage liability	177,000	-	(63,192)	113,808	-
Net OPEB obligation	915,050	911,305		1,826,355	
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 187,139,726</u>	\$ 76,013,849	<u>\$ (77,676,925)</u>	\$ 185,476,650	\$ 20,020,128
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 37,275,000	\$ -	\$ (6,840,000)	\$ 30,435,000	\$ 5,905,000
Revenue bonds	691,290,919	39,995,000	(46,719,070)	684,566,848	6,923,597
Less deferred amounts:					
Unamortized discounts	(837,329)	(430,026)	89,353	(1,178,002)	-
Unamortized premium	18,771,539	372,643	(911,098)	18,233,084	
Total bonds	746,500,129	39,937,617	(54,380,815)	732,056,931	12,828,597
Notes payable	5,633,555	18,406,377	(1,637,159)	22,402,773	174,510
Regulatory liability	-	3,869,575	-	3,869,575	-
Capitalized leases	510,521	220,535	(189,413)	541,643	183,019
Accrued compensated absences	3,419,567	94,927	(7,247)	3,507,247	296,805
Arbitrage liability	1,156,822	1,114,104	-	2,270,926	-
Net OPEB obligation	153,950	168,348		322,298	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 757,374,544	\$ 63,811,483	\$ (56,214,634)	\$ 764,971,393	\$ 13,482,931
Component Units*:					
Bonds payable	\$ 23,201,596	\$ -	\$ (3,296,487)		\$ 256,200
Notes payable	7,386,956	-	(274,783)	7,112,173	3,315,367
Interest payable	1,284,056	200,517		1,484,573	
Total Component Units	\$ 31,872,608	\$ 200,517	\$ (3,571,270)	\$ 28,501,855	\$ 3,571,567

8. INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS

A. Objective

The City determined that issuing variable rate debt and entering into an interest rate swap simultaneously, in order to create synthetic fixed rate debt, would result in a lower overall interest cost than issuing conventional fixed rate debt.

B. Terms

The City entered into two agreements on May 14, 2008, one with Morgan Stanley Capital Services, Inc. (counterparty) and one with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. (counterparty), that are scheduled to end on December 1, 2030 and required no initial net cash receipt or payment by the City. The City entered into an

agreement with the two counterparties, each with a notional value of \$34,270,000, for a combined notional value of \$68,540,000. The agreements provide for the City to receive interest from the counterparties at 70% of the London Interbank Offering Rate (LIBOR) and to pay interest to the counterparties at a fixed rate of 3.929%. The combined notional amount outstanding as of December 31, 2008 was \$68,540,000. The notional amount of the swaps and the principal amount of the associated debt were equal at inception of the swaps, and the notional amount declines by a corresponding amount each time a principal payment becomes due on the associated debt. Under the agreement, the City receives the floating interest amount monthly, and on the semi-annual fixed payment date pays the net interest amount with the net amounts included in interest expense.

C. Fair Value

As of December 31, 2008, the Morgan Stanley agreement had a fair value of negative \$(4,963,224) and the JP Morgan agreement had a fair value of negative \$(4,639,929), calculated using the par-value method, which compares the fixed rate on the swaps with the current fixed rates that could be achieved in the marketplace should the swaps be unwound. The fixed-rate component was valued by discounting the fixed-rate cash flows using the current yield to maturity of a comparable bond. The variable-rate component was assumed to be at par value because the interest rate resets to the market rate at every reset date. The fair value was then calculated by subtracting the estimated market value of the fixed component from the established market value of the variable component. The fair value of the agreement is not recognized in the City's financial statements.

D. Credit Risk

The swap's fair value represented the City's credit exposure to the counterparties as of December 31, 2008. Should the counterparties to this transaction fail to perform according to the terms of the swap agreement, the City has a maximum possible credit risk loss equivalent to the swap's fair value at that date. As of December 31, 2008, the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. The swap counterparties, Morgan Stanley and JP Morgan respectively, were rated A2 and Aa1 by Moody's Investors Services, A and AA- by and Standard & Poor's, and A and AA- by Fitch Ratings as of December 31, 2008. To mitigate the potential for credit risk, if the counterparty's credit quality rating falls below A or A2 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively, the fair value of the swap, if positive, is to be collateralized by the counterparties subject to certain threshold limits.

E. Basis Risk

The swap exposes the City to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and the weekly rates set by the remarketing agent J.P. Morgan change in a manner adverse to the City. If an adverse change occurs in the relationship between these rates, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

F. Termination Risk

The City or the counterparties may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate notes would no longer have a synthetic fixed rate of interest. Also, if the swap has a negative fair value at the time of termination, the City would be liable to the counterparties for a payment equal to the swap's then fair value.

G. Swap Payments and Associated Debt

Using rates as of December 31, 2008, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

Certificates of Participation (COP) 2008A Issue									
	Variab	le-Rate	Note	I	nterest Rate				
Year Due	Principal		Interest		Swap, Net		Total		
2009	\$ -	\$	719,670	\$	2,478,235	\$	3,197,905		
2010	-		719,670		2,478,235		3,197,905		
2011	-		719,670		2,478,235		3,197,905		
2012	-		719,670		2,478,235		3,197,905		
2013	-		719,670		2,478,235		3,197,905		
2014-2018	9,565,000		3,500,753		12,055,091		25,120,844		
2019-2023	14,795,000		2,252,093		7,755,241		24,802,334		
2024-2028	22,370,000		1,869,525		6,437,843		30,677,368		
2029-2030	21,810,000		525,053		1,808,056		24,143,108		
	\$ 68,540,000	\$	11,745,773	\$	40,447,407	\$	120,733,179		

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables and Payables									
	Payable Fund								
Receivable Fund	Noi	n - Major Funds	Totals						
General Fund	\$	1,623,752	\$	1,623,752					
Wastewater Fund		4,552,000		4,552,000					
Total	\$	6,175,752	\$	6,175,752					

The balances between the General Fund and the Non-Major Funds result from the timing difference between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. In addition, some balances result from the overdraft of cash balances in the payable funds. The balances between the Wastewater Fund and the Non-Major Proprietary Funds result from the interfund loan between Wastewater and Golf for the construction of Murphy Creek Golf Course.

		Interfund Transfers								
		Transfers Out								
Transfers In	G	eneral Fund	Noi	n - Major Funds	Total					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,848,379	\$	2,848,379				
Non - Major Funds		31,565,255		9,867,563		41,432,818				
Total	\$	31,565,255	\$	12,715,942	\$	44,281,197				

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund in which the City budget requires collection to the fund required to expend the monies, and to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various activities accounted for in other funds.

10. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

A. Continuing Appropriations

The City stipulates that appropriations for capital projects do not lapse until the purpose for which the appropriation was made has been accomplished or abandoned. Additionally, any project is deemed abandoned if three years have elapsed without expenditure or encumbrance to the project. As of December 31, 2008, the City had various commitments for the acquisition and construction of projects which totaled \$286,673,201.

B. Tax Incentive Agreements

The City enters into tax incentive agreements to encourage retail development, commercial expansion and public infrastructure within its borders. At December 31, 2008, the City had development incentive agreements with the developers of Heritage at Eagle Bend, Town Center at Aurora, Gander Mountain, Amazing Jake's, Buckingham – Havana Gardens and Hampden Town Center. In addition, the City had industrial enterprise expansion incentive agreements with Raytheon Company, Merrick and Company, Corporate Express, Furniture Row, Whirlpool Corporation and Kwal Paint. The commercial expansion incentive agreements rebate City levied taxes to the enterprise. Incentive agreement commitments total \$32,509,000 as of December 31, 2008.

C. Tax Increment Financing

At December 31, 2008, the Aurora Urban Renewal Authority had retail and science and technology agreements with Cornerstar, The Shops at Fitzsimons, Fitzsimons Village, Fitzsimons Promenade and the Fitzsimons Colorado Science and Technology Park. Tax incentives commitments for Aurora Urban Renewal Authority total \$62,760,000. The Fitzsimons Colorado Science and Technology Park does not have a funding obligation limit but is subject to a 25 year term.

D. Fitzsimons Golf Course Operations

FRA has retained the City under contract to manage the operation, maintenance and repair of the Fitzsimons Golf Course. The agreement is for the period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2013. FRA compensates the City for such services with a management fee payable solely from revenues of the golf course. In return, the City pays FRA a minimum of \$150,000 per year as FRA's share of the proceeds from the operations of the golf course. Any additional net income above the management fee will be applied to the note balance between FRA and Fitzsimons Golf Course until such time the note is paid in full. Once the note is paid in full any additional net income will be split equally between FRA and the City. The maximum remaining commitment to FRA is \$750,000 as of December 31, 2008.

11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City offers its employees the opportunity to participate in one of four deferred compensation plans. All of the plans are created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans allow employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred amounts are not available to the employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plans available to employees are administered by: Nationwide Retirement Solutions, International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC), Lincoln National Life Insurance Company, and the Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA). The amounts under the deferred compensation plan are held in trust for the benefit of the City's employees. The City is not the trustee for the deferred compensation plans.

12. PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City of Aurora provides the following plans:

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan (EOEP) Fire Pension Plan (Old Hire-Fire) Police Pension Plan (Old Hire-Police) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Fire Department Money Purchase Pension Plan (New Hire-Fire) Police Department Money Purchase Pension Plan (New Hire-Police) Executive Retirement Plan – Money Purchase Pension Plan (ERP)

A. Defined Benefit Plans

1. General Employees' Retirement Plan

Plan Description. The City of Aurora General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) is a contributory single employer defined benefit pension plan covering all full-time and part-time City employees except police officers, firefighters, elected officials, temporary employees and executives who have elected to participate in the Executive Retirement Plan. The plan's administrator is selected by the Plan Board of Trustees and provides retirement, death and disability, and supplement benefits. The City currently has 514 retirees and others receiving benefits with 1751 active plan members. There are 191 former employees that are deferred vested and entitled to receive benefits in the future. Chapter 102, Article V of the City Code assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to City Council. Separately issued audited financial statements are available by contacting GERP at 12200 E. Iliff Avenue, Suite 108, Aurora, Colorado 80014 or telephone (303) 368-9160.

Accounting Policy. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Funding Policy. City Code establishes contribution requirements for the employees and the employer. Contribution requirements may only be changed by a majority vote of participating employees. Actuarial studies are considered in establishing funding policies. However, contributions are not actuarially determined. Employee contributions are required as a condition of employment at 5.5% and are matched dollar for dollar by the City. Plan administrative costs are financed using contributions and earnings of the plan.

2. Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description. The City has a non-contributory single employer defined benefit pension plan that became effective January 1, 2001. The plan is administered by a City executive and provides base and supplemental retirement benefits to members of the City Council and a standard retirement benefit to executive personnel who are also members of the Executive Retirement Plan (ERP). The City currently has 29 retirees and others receiving benefits with 38 active plan members. There are ten former employees that are deferred vested and entitled to receive benefits in the future. Chapter 102, Article VIII of the City Code assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to City Council. No stand-alone financial report is issued for EOEP.

Accounting Policy. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due, pursuant to formal commitments and/or statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Plan administrative costs are financed by the City.

EOEP Statement of Fiduciary Ne December 31, 2008	ts	EOEP Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2008				
ASSETS		ADDITIONS				
Current Assets		Contributions				
Investments		City	\$	351,991		
Cash equivalents and short term						
investments	\$ 51,587	Total contributions		351,991		
Equity securities and funds	1,323,713					
Corporate bond funds	1,307,385	Investment activity				
Real estate funds	260,311	Investment loss		(832,281)		
Receivables (net of allowance)	2,087	Investment expense		(12,259)		
Prepaid expenses	1,880	Net investment loss		(844,540)		
Total assets	2,946,963	Total additions		(492,549)		
LIABILITIES		DEDUCTIONS				
Current Liabilities		Benefits		162,740		
Accounts payable and other current						
liabilities	6,435	Administrative expenses		11,169		
Total liabilities	6,435	Total deductions		173,909		
NET ASSETS		CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(666,458)		
Held in trust for pension benefits	2,940,528	NET ASSETS - January 1		3,606,986		
Total net assets	\$ 2,940,528	NET ASSETS - December 31	\$	2,940,528		

3. Fire and Police Pension Plans – Old Hire

Plan Description. The Old Hire Plans are closed, non-contributory agent multiple-employer defined benefit plans covering all full-time police officers or fire fighters hired before April 8, 1978. The Old Hire Plans provide normal, early, vested or deferred retirement benefits to plan participants. The Old Hire plans are a part of the statewide multiple employer public employee retirement system and are administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The FPPA follows the Colorado Revised Statutes for plan contribution requirements and benefits. Both plans are included in the FPPA's annual report. This report can be obtained at Fire & Police Pension Association, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 100, Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111-2721 or telephone (303) 770-3772.

Funding Policy. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Modification of the Old Hire Plans is regulated by state law and by FPPA Rules and Regulations as authorized by state law. Changes to contribution requirements require an affirmative vote of 65% of active members and City Council ordinance.

4. Post-Retirement Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description. In addition to pension benefits, the City acts in a single-employer capacity in providing medical benefits to eligible retirees and their qualifying dependents through the City's group health insurance plan. Based on City practice, eligible retirees are allowed to participate in the health benefit program up to Medicare age. Police and Fire employees are eligible at any age following 20 years of service. All other employees are eligible at a minimum age of 50 with 10 or more years of service. Currently, there are 2,420 active employees covered under the City's health

insurance plan. Of these, 592 are fully eligible for the plan. In addition, there are 289 retired employees who are receiving medical coverage under this program. No stand-alone financial report is issued for the OPEB plan and it is not included in the report of GERP.

Funding Policy. Retirees pay 100% of the blended premium cost of their participation for health insurance coverage. Since current and retired employees participate in the same group plan, the City in effect is providing an "implicit subsidy" for the retirees in the plan. The required contribution will be annual premiums based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. This expense is the net expected cost of providing retiree benefits including all expected claims and related expenses offset by retiree contributions. The expected pay-as-you-go expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 is \$776,000. Below is a summary of the Net OPEB obligation at the end of 2008 by Business–type and Governmental activities:

Fund	Amount
Water Fund	\$ 174,041
Wastewater Fund	109,581
Golf Fund	38,676
Total Business-type Activities	 322,298
Total Governmental Activities	1,826,355
Total Net OPEB Obligation December 31	\$ 2,148,653

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligations for its defined benefit plans are as follows:

	GERP	EOEP	Old	l Hire - Fire	Old	Hire - Police	OPEB
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 5,596,076	\$ 351,991	\$	626,929	\$	1,730,595	\$ 1,843,000
Interest on net pension obligation							
(NPO) / NPA	(162,221)	-		(25,206)		32,193	53,450
Adjustment to ARC	120,389	-		36,809		(47,012)	(40,797)
Annual pension cost	5,554,244	351,991		638,532		1,715,776	1,855,653
Contributions made	 (4,826,337)	 (351,991)		(626,929)		(1,730,595)	 (776,000)
Increase (decrease) in (NPO) / NPA	727,907	-		11,603		(14,819)	1,079,653
(NPO) / NPA - beginning of year	 (2,027,762)	 -		(315,081)		402,415	 1,069,000
(NPO) / NPA - end of year	\$ (1,299,855)	\$ -	\$	(303,478)	\$	387,596	\$ 2,148,653

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The City's funded status for the year ended December 31, 2008 can be seen below. The schedule of progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

		Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll
Plan	Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	(c)	(b - a) / (c)
GERP	1/1/08	316,567,579	294,142,225	(22,425,354)	107.62%	87,742,224	(25.56)%
EOEP	1/1/07	3,241,175	4,462,141	1,220,966	72.64%	-	0.00%
Old Hire - Fire	1/1/08	103,965,149	102,757,130	(1,208,019)	101.18%	277,349	(435.56)%
Old Hire - Police	1/1/08	111,931,255	125,162,192	13,230,937	89.43%	93,795	14106.23%
OPEB	1/1/07	-	20,441,000	20,441,000	0.00%	168,468,721	12.13%

Three Year Trend Information									
	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage of APC	Net Pension Obligation						
Year Ended	(APC)	Contributed	(Asset)						
GERP									
12/31/06	5,171,133	80.18%	(2,959,408)						
12/31/07	5,470,966	82.97%	(2,027,762)						
12/31/08	5,554,244	86.89%	(1,299,855)						
EOEP									
12/31/06	375,669	100.00%	-						
12/31/07	375,669	100.00%	-						
12/31/08	351,991	100.00%	-						
Old Hire - Fire									
12/31/06	1,449,967	99.45%	(325,666)						
12/31/07	637,514	98.34%	(315,081)						
12/31/08	638,532	98.18%	(303,478)						
Old Hire - Police									
12/31/06	3,124,037	100.32%	415,934						
12/31/07	1,717,076	100.79%	402,415						
12/31/08	1,715,776	100.86%	387,596						
OPEB									
12/31/07	1,751,000	38.95%	1,069,000						
12/31/08	1,855,653	41.82%	2,148,653						

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The following chart shows the actuarial methods and assumptions used. Actuarial valuations of an on-going plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

	GERP	EOEP	Old Hire - Fire	Old Hire - Police	OPEB
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/08	1/1/07	1/1/08	1/1/08	1/1/07
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Unit credit cost
Amortization method	Level percent - open	Level dollar - open	Level dollar - open	Level dollar - open	Level percent - open
Remaining amortization period	20 years	30 years	14 years	14 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	3-year smoothing	Market	3 -year smoothed fair market value	3 -year smoothed fair market value	Market
Actuarial assumptions:					
Investment rate of return *	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	5.0%
Payroll growth rate	6.0%	n/a	n/a	n/a	4.0%
Projected salary increases *	4.50 to 7.50%	n/a	4.75%	4.75%	n/a
Cost of living adjustment	3.50% base, 5.00% supplemental	3.75% base, 5.00% supplemental	4.00%	4.00%	n/a
Health care cost trend	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	11% to 6%
*Includes inflation at	n/a	n/a	3.50%	3.50%	n/a

B. Defined Contribution Plans

1. Fire and Police Pension Plans – New Hire

The New Hire Plans are defined contribution money purchase plans established by City Ordinance to provide benefits at retirement for full time fire and police hired on or after April 8, 1978. The plan is administered by a committee established by each of the agreements. For plan provisions and contribution requirements to be amended an affirmative vote of 65% of the members as well as a City Council Resolution would be required. At December 31, 2008, there were 930 plan members. Plan members are required to contribute 10.5%. The City is required to contribute 10.5%. Contributions for 2008 were:

	Employee	Employer
New Hire Fire	\$2,109,360	\$2,109,360
New Hire Police	\$4,623,428	\$4,623,428

2. Executive Retirement Plan (ERP)

ERP is a defined contribution money purchase plan established by City Ordinance to provide retirement and death benefits for City executive personnel that is administered by ICMA-RC. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by City Council. At December 31, 2008, there were 28 plan members. Plan members are required to contribute 10.0%, \$370,304 for 2008. The City is required to contribute 10.0%, \$370,304 for 2008.

13. OPERATING LEASES

The City is committed under various leases for buildings, office and storage space, and equipment. All leases are cancelable and must be reappropriated annually. Total costs for such leases were \$1,754,007 for the year ended December 31, 2008. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	<u>Amount</u>
2009	\$ 1,310,595
2010	951,995
2011	604,651
2012	321,293
2013	167,982
2014-2018	30,400
Total	\$ 3,386,916

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks and losses related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, natural disasters, property damage, worker's compensation, auto liability, and unemployment. In addition, the City is party to various pending or threatened lawsuits, under which it may be required to pay certain amounts upon final disposition of these matters.

The City retains risk up to the levels where it has been determined that commercial insurance is more cost beneficial. The insurance companies promise payments of claims in excess of stated deductibles, with variable limits depending upon the specific line of coverage. For payment to be made by the insurance company the claim must fall under the insuring agreements and coverage, the insured must meet the insurer's conditions, and certain claims are excluded under certain conditions. The Colorado

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Immunity Act establishes limits for claims made against governmental entities. These limits are \$150,000 per person up to a maximum of \$600,000 per occurrence. These stated limitations do not apply to federal claims. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. There have been no claim settlements in excess of insurance coverage in the last three years.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Amounts estimated to be paid on known cases are reported as case reserves. Case reserves are estimated through in-house methods and do include incremental claims adjustment expenses. Total self-insurance reserves are actuarially determined and include estimated costs for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). The total liability has been recorded using the discounted method with an expected 3.25% interest return over the life of the liabilities. The City reports the current and noncurrent portions of the accrued claims liability and related claim settlements and judgments within the Risk Management Fund.

December 31, 2008												
Self-Insured Program]	Case Reserves		IBNR		Total	Discounted					
Worker's compensation Multi-line liability	\$	1,563,922 862,105	\$	3,084,159 1,728,372	\$	4,648,081 2,590,477	\$	4,090,152 2,370,604				
Totals	\$	2,426,027	\$	4,812,531	\$	7,238,558	\$	6,460,756				

Summary of the Accrued Claims Liability December 31, 2008

Reconciliation of Claims Payable December 31, 2008

			C	urrent Year							
Balance Accrued					Claim				Balance		
Year	January 1 Claims Payments				Payments		Recoveries			December 31	
2007	\$	7,155,914	\$	3,145,427	\$	(3,566,018)	\$	432,368	\$	7,167,691	
2008		7,167,691		2,666,478		(3,728,873)		355,460		6,460,756	

15. CONTINGENT LIABLITIES

The City is a party to various lawsuits, which may require expenditures of funds upon decision of the courts or in connection with out-of-court settlements. The City Attorney's Office reports several possible contingent liabilities based on damages alleged in various cases. However, it is the opinion of the City Attorney that the City's liability in these cases will be far less than the amounts demanded and/or will be covered by insurance. Accordingly, management of the City considers the amount of liabilities established in the Risk Management Fund to be sufficient to cover any liabilities that may result from the eventual outcome of these matters.

Proceeds of refunded debt were placed in irrevocable refunding escrow accounts. The funds deposited in these accounts are invested in U.S. Treasury obligations that, together with interest earned thereon, are expected to provide amounts sufficient to pay all principal and interest on the following debt issues as they become due. Should these funds be insufficient to pay the maturing bonds and interest, the City

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

would be liable for the deficiency. The likelihood of the earnings and principal maturities of the U.S. Treasury obligations not being sufficient to pay the refunded bond issues is remote. Accordingly, the escrow accounts and the refunded bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

Issue Description	Date of Issue	Series	Balance nber 31, 2008
Aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC)			
Certificates of Participation	8/8/00	2000	\$ 72,880,000

16. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the City has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector and non-profit entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial and residential properties deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are payable solely from payments received on the underlying funding source. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2008, there were sixteen series of revenue bonds outstanding, which included five Hospital Revenue Bonds payable from operating revenues, one Educational Development Bond payable from lease payments, three Multi-Family Mortgage Bonds, payable from rental and mortgage payments, and two Single Family Mortgage Bonds payable from mortgage payments. The total aggregate principal amount payable was \$353,095,000.

17. TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS (TABOR)

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved a State constitutional amendment, TABOR, the general purpose of which is to restrain government growth (as measured by revenues and expenditures) without a vote of the local citizens. The key mechanisms for restraining growth without a vote are: 1) the prohibition of revenue and expenditure growth other than for inflation and a component for new construction growth, 2) the prohibition of new taxes or higher tax rates, 3) the prohibition of new debt, and 4) the refunding of any revenues collected in excess of the revenue limitations. In 2008, property tax revenue and general revenue collections were below the limits imposed by the TABOR Amendment.

TABOR further requires emergency reserves of at least 3% of fiscal year revenue as defined by TABOR (excluding bonded debt service). The City maintains the required reserves in the TABOR Reserve Fund, a Special Revenue fund. TABOR specifies that local governments are permitted to use reserve funds for "emergencies" with the requirement that the reserve funds be restored to 3% of fiscal year spending in the following fiscal year. The amount recorded in the TABOR Reserve Fund at December 31, 2008, was \$8,188,738 or 3% of fiscal year spending. The City's management believes the City is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR at December 31, 2008.

18. CURRENT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The current economic environment presents cities with unprecedented circumstances and challenges. A significant decline in both sales and use tax revenue could have an adverse impact on the City's future operating results. The City expects to maintain its financial condition through continued control over the growth of City expenditures, through evaluation of options for enhancing revenues and through the financial discipline of matching expenditures to revenues. Steps were taken early in 2009 to reduce

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

expenditure and bring in additional resources to achieve a projected year end General Fund financial status the same as was originally budgeted.

Due to the heightened risks posed by the recession and the credit market crisis, the City suspended purchase of corporate securities in the 3rd quarter of 2008. The City intends to maintain this suspension until it is able to augment its investment risk management resources.

Additionally, the City owned two corporate notes and one municipal bond that were downgraded, subsequent to December 31, 2008, by the rating agencies to a level at which the City's investment policy requires them to be sold within four months of such downgrade. Council may authorize a one-time waiver to the investment policy to retain ownership. Waivers for the three investments were passed by Council on May 18, 2009.



Required Supplementary Information

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Actuarial Valuation Date	A	ctuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial crued Liability AL) Entry Age (b)	U	Infunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Fund Rat (a /	io	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percent of Covered Pay (b - a) / (c	f roll
GERP										
1/1/03	\$	214,320,251	\$ 203,999,260	\$	(10,320,991)	105.	06%	\$ 68,337,782	(15.10	0)%
1/1/04		223,140,793	223,126,549		(14,244)	100	01%	71,415,709	(0.02	2)%
1/1/05		241,818,542	243,234,592		1,416,050	99.	42%	72,821,091	1.9	94%
1/1/06		268,566,265	255,005,107		(13,561,158)	105	32%	75,385,673	(17.99	9)%
1/1/07		292,889,736	277,052,492		(15,837,244)	105.	72%	82,531,926	(19.19	9)%
1/1/08		316,567,579	294,142,225		(22,425,354)	107	62%	87,742,224	(25.56	5)%
EOEP										
1/1/03		2,342,205	3,772,442		1,430,237	62.	09%	-	0.0	0%
1/1/05		2,182,694	3,793,673		1,610,979	57.	54%	-	0.0	0%
1/1/07		3,241,175	4,462,141		1,220,966	72.	64%	-	0.0	00%
Old Hire - Fir	e									
1/1/04		85,014,289	99,587,091		14,572,802	85.	37%	1,330,722	1095.1	0%
1/1/06		92,918,056	99,466,498		6,548,442	93.	42%	647,157	1011.8	38%
1/1/08		103,965,149	102,757,130		(1,208,019)	101	18%	277,349	(435.56	5)%
Old Hire - Po	lice									
1/1/04		89,956,249	121,678,839		31,722,590	73.	93%	859,811	3689.4	8%
1/1/06		98,845,438	116,106,755		17,261,317	85.	13%	241,569	7145.5	50%
1/1/08		111,931,255	125,162,192		13,230,937		43%	93,795	14106.2	
OPEB										
1/1/07		-	20,441,000		20,441,000	0	00%	168,468,721	12.1	3%

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Year	ual Required ibution (ARC)	Percentage Contributed		
GERP				
2003	\$ 3,953,744	95%		
2004	5,115,536	77%		
2005	7,245,072	55%		
2006	5,253,328	79%		
2007	5,532,018	82%		
2008	5,596,076	81%		
EOEP				
2003	\$ 397,307	123%		
2004	419,304	100%		
2005	422,000	101%		
2006	375,669	100%		
2007	375,669	100%		
2008	351,991	100%		
OPEB				
2007	\$ 1,751,000	39%		
2008	1,843,000	42%		

Actuarial studies were performed for this plan beginning in 2007.



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF SOURCES, USES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budg	ets		Budgetary	Variance	
	Original		Final	 Actual	 with Final	
SOURCES						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 25,747,372	\$	25,747,372	\$ 26,007,344	\$ 259,972	
Sales	129,337,084		129,337,084	125,895,660	(3,441,424)	
Use	28,774,406		28,774,406	22,700,521	(6,073,885)	
Lodgers	4,570,118		4,570,118	4,677,825	107,707	
Franchise	12,084,819		12,084,819	13,037,994	953,175	
Other	 10,970,989		10,970,989	 8,977,638	 (1,993,351)	
Total taxes	 211,484,788		211,484,788	 201,296,982	 (10,187,806)	
Intergovernmental	10,606,925		10,606,925	10,722,674	115,749	
Licenses and permits	3,006,765		3,006,765	2,508,560	(498,205)	
Charges for services	8,003,023		8,003,023	7,601,310	(401,713)	
Fines and forfeitures	6,696,024		6,696,024	6,406,220	(289,804)	
Investment income	1,559,856		1,559,856	1,018,719	(541,137)	
Other revenues	1,011,580		1,011,580	1,042,271	30,691	
Proceeds from sales of assets	210,000		210,000	255,622	45,622	
Transfers in	 3,266,123		3,127,144	 2,848,379	 (278,765)	
TOTAL SOURCES	 245,845,084		245,706,105	 233,700,737	 (12,005,368)	
USES						
Municipal Court						
Judicial	2,100,970		2,146,565	1,932,944	213,621	
Court Administration	6,905,041		7,152,984	7,152,978	6	
Public Defender	 611,277		630,214	 627,212	 3,002	
Total municipal court	 9,617,288		9,929,763	 9,713,134	 216,629	
City Attorney	 4,800,914		4,935,696	 4,873,897	 61,799	
General Management Group						
City Council	1,016,862		1,030,187	901,210	128,977	
Civil Service	549,699		601,135	601,134	1	
General Management	1,393,587		1,419,279	1,372,791	46,488	
Communications	832,175		851,704	795,886	55,818	
Management Support	1,049,555		1,073,954	1,039,726	34,228	
Development Services	961,953		970,851	 790,329	 180,522	
Total general management group	5,803,831		5,947,110	5,501,076	446,034	

		Budge Original	ts	Final	Budgetary Actual			Variance with Final
		Original		гша		Actual		with Fillar
Administrative Services Group								
Management Support	\$	431,421	\$	448,756	\$	397,586	\$	51,170
Human Resources		1,555,496		1,528,443		1,434,168		94,275
Finance		5,432,576		5,539,456		5,182,880		356,576
Information Technology		7,107,310		7,207,585		6,936,938		270,647
Internal Services		10,161,710		10,244,361		8,486,217		1,758,144
Total administrative services group		24,688,513		24,968,601	. <u> </u>	22,437,789		2,530,812
Operations Group								
Public Works		19,892,074		20,171,589		20,120,579		51,010
Parks and Open Space		13,968,740		13,966,494		13,489,395		477,099
Planning		1,312,523	·	1,341,031	·	1,173,075		167,956
Total operations group		35,173,337		35,479,114		34,783,049		696,065
Community Services Group								
Library, Recreation and Cultural Services		13,067,228		13,173,719		12,783,535		390,184
Police		75,542,247		75,603,513		75,256,741		346,772
Public Safety Communications		5,586,950		5,718,595		5,410,272		308,323
Fire		33,328,454		33,347,840		33,196,170		151,670
Neighborhood Services		3,658,730		3,678,521		3,557,432		121,089
Total community services group		131,183,609		131,522,188		130,204,150		1,318,038
Non-departmental		37,425,430		36,822,646	. <u> </u>	30,619,823		6,202,823
TOTAL USES		248,692,922		249,605,118		238,132,918		11,472,200
IANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE		(2,847,838)		(3,899,013)		(4,432,181)		(533,168
UNDS AVAILABLE - January 1		8,468,484		9,585,220		9,585,220		
JNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$	5,620,646	\$	5,686,207		5,153,039	\$	(533,168
ss: Designations						(5,153,039)	-	
UNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTE AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	R RESERV	VATIONS			\$			
AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 51					φ		8	
ECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO		P FUND BALANCE						
JNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - Decer	nber 31				\$	5,153,039		
ld: Sales, use and lodgers tax accrual						17,045,414		
Current year encumbrances						559,347		
ss: Adjustment of investments to fair value						34,518	-	

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The schedules of funding progress and employer contributions is intended to help users assess the funding status on a going-concern basis and to assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due. For defined benefit pension plans included as trust funds in the financial statements, GERP and EOEP, information is provided for six years. For defined benefit pension plans not included as trust funds in the financial statements, Old Hire Fire and Police and OPEB, information is provided for three years. The information presenting in these schedules was determined based upon the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial evaluation follows:

	GERP	EOEP	Old Hire - Fire	Old Hire - Police	OPEB
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/08	1/1/07	1/1/08	1/1/08	1/1/07
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Unit credit cost
Amortization method	Level percent - open	Level dollar - open	Level dollar - open	Level dollar - open	Level percent - open
Remaining amortization period	20 years	30 years	14 years	14 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	3-year smoothing	Market	3 -year smoothed fair market value	3 -year smoothed fair market value	Market
Actuarial assumptions:					
Investment rate of return *	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	5.0%
Payroll growth rate	6.0%	n/a	n/a	n/a	4.0%
Projected salary increases *	4.50% to 7.50%	n/a	4.75%	4.75%	n/a
Cost of living adjustment	3.50% base, 5.00% supplemental	3.75% base, 5.00% supplemental	4.00%	4.00%	n/a
Health care cost trend	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	11% to 6%
*Includes inflation at	n/a	n/a	3.50%	3.50%	n/a

There were no changes to actuarial assumptions or methods in the valuation reports referenced above.

2. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City adopts annual operating appropriations each year. Operating costs are controlled at the fund and department level for the General Fund. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at those levels. Annual operating appropriations lapse at year-end except for amounts that are encumbered (reserves for encumbrances are commitments on purchase orders that remain open at year-end). Since expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations, appropriation amendments require City Council approval by ordinance. Budget transfers within a department may be made with administrative approval. Transfers between departments require City Council approval by resolution or ordinance.

The City budgets on a "funds available" basis. Budgetary basis revenues and other financing sources are considered increases in funds available and budgetary basis expenditures and other financing uses are considered uses of funds available. In general, funds available are defined as current assets minus current liabilities. The City's budget disclosure presents funds available, net of reservations and designations, which are available for general purposes. Budgets for the General Fund are reported on the same basis as described above, except as follows:

- a) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures in the year they are encumbered, not when the expenditure occurs.
- b) Grants are considered revenue when awarded, not when earned.
- c) Sales, use and lodgers taxes are considered revenue when received rather than when earned.
- d) Proceeds from capital leases and related capital expenditures are not budgeted.
- e) The value received on the trade-in of fixed assets and the related capital expenditures are not budgeted.
- f) Changes in investment income due to recording investments at fair value are not budgeted.



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

OTHER (NON-MAJOR) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Total Non-major Special Revenue			Total Non-major Debt Service	Total Non-major Capital Projects		Total Other Governmental	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,920,643	\$	503,293	\$ 5,856,079	\$	18,280,015	
Investments		57,471,212		1,533,497	18,176,783		77,181,492	
Receivables (net of allowance)								
Accounts receivable		1,301,022			538,917		1,839,939	
Interest receivable		272,564			166,073		438,637	
Due from other governments		3,818,149			—		3,818,149	
Other receivables		366,690		2,144,196			2,510,886	
Restricted assets								
Cash and equivalents		7,316,936		1,653,973	2,723,147		11,694,056	
Investments		5,713,479		10,659,332	1,327,003		17,699,814	
Taxes receivable				6,364,129	—		6,364,129	
Accounts receivable				—	604,506		604,506	
Interest receivable				22,992	769		23,761	
Due from other goverments				—	866,183		866,183	
Other receivables		40,684		—	—		40,684	
Notes receivable		15,347,219			 816,109		16,163,328	
Total assets	\$	103,568,598	\$	22,881,412	\$ 31,075,569	\$	157,525,579	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,982,210	\$	136,656	\$ 1,777,015	\$	3,895,881	
Other payables		55,627		—	—		55,627	
Due to other funds		1,623,752					1,623,752	
Deferred revenues		16,386,102		8,508,325	 816,109		25,710,536	
Total liabilities		20,047,691		8,644,981	 2,593,124		31,285,796	
Fund balances								
Reserved for								
Encumbrances		2,137,974			2,205,882		4,343,856	
Construction		2,497,107			4,100,845		6,597,952	
Police		938,179					938,179	
Gifts and grants					1,262,600		1,262,600	
Debt related				12,187,882			12,187,882	
Arbitrage				113,808			113,808	
Agreements		9,338,401		—	—		9,338,401	
Unreserved								
Designated		20,262,976		253,315	20,538,207		41,054,498	
Undesignated		48,346,270		1,681,426	 374,911		50,402,607	
Total fund balances		83,520,907		14,236,431	28,482,445		126,239,783	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	103,568,598	\$	22,881,412	\$ 31,075,569	\$	157,525,579	

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Total Non-major Special Revenue	Total Non-major Debt Service	Total Non-major Capital Projects	Total Other Governmental
REVENUES			0	
Taxes				
Sales	\$ 326,606	\$ 940,155	\$ 	\$ 1,266,761
Property		6,511,707		6,511,707
Occupational privilege		320,120		320,120
Charges for services	8,350,572		45,000	8,395,572
Licenses and permits	6,308,613			6,308,613
Fines and forfeitures	1,803,033		300	1,803,333
Special assessments		346,447		346,447
Intergovernmental	19,793,311		3,215,311	23,008,622
Surcharges	3,139,083			3,139,083
Miscellaneous	4,776,611		1,363,704	6,140,315
Investment earnings	 3,313,591	 963,915	 1,147,241	 5,424,747
Total revenues	 47,811,420	 9,082,344	 5,771,556	 62,665,320
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	735,429	1,034,409	2,338,885	4,108,723
Judicial	111,898		_	111,898
Police	3,291,936		35,640	3,327,576
Fire	579,299		1,835	581,134
Other public safety	2,517,995		75,000	2,592,995
Public works	332,224		2,933,623	3,265,847
Economic development	11,846,257	851,596	77,986	12,775,839
Community services	8,689,709			8,689,709
Culture and recreation	15,939,558		323,354	16,262,912
Debt service				
Principal		12,200,000		12,200,000
Interest		7,856,584		7,856,584
Capital outlay	 7,613,329	 	 17,009,936	 24,623,265
Total expenditures	 51,657,634	 21,942,589	 22,796,259	 96,396,482
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	 (3,846,214)	 (12,860,245)	 (17,024,703)	 (33,731,162)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	12,352,300	12,734,643	16,285,875	41,372,818
Transfers out	(8,636,922)	(95,750)	(3,983,270)	(12,715,942)
Refunded COPS issued		68,540,000		68,540,000
Payment to escrow agent		(60,635,390)		(60,635,390)
Sale of capital assets	5,264			5,264
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,720,642	 20,543,503	 12,302,605	 36,566,750
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(125,572)	7,683,258	(4,722,098)	2,835,588
FUND BALANCES - January 1	 83,646,479	 6,553,173	 33,204,543	 123,404,195
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$ 83,520,907	\$ 14,236,431	\$ 28,482,445	\$ 126,239,783

OTHER (NON-MAJOR) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds account for revenues from specific sources that are required legally or by management decision to be used for particular activities.

Gifts and Grants Fund

The Gifts and Grants Fund accounts for various gifts and grants where the size or length of time of the funding source does not warrant establishing a separate fund.

Development Review Fund

The Development Review Fund accounts for revenues from development related fees for various plan reviews, permits/inspections and similar services. Expenditures are made to cover the costs of the development review process and to fund organizations that promote economic growth and development within the City.

Abatement Fund

The Abatement Fund accounts for costs related to weed cutting, trash removal, building demolition, tree trimming, and tree removal on properties that have not been maintained in accordance with City ordinances. Revenues are from fees collected from property owners and county collected liens on the properties.

Community Development Fund

The Community Development Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures from grants and other monies received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Enhanced E-911 Fund

The Enhanced E-911 Fund accounts for revenues derived from special telephone surcharges. Monies are used to purchase and maintain enhanced E-911 equipment and related activities.

Conservation Trust Fund

The Conservation Trust Fund accounts for lottery proceeds that are received from the State of Colorado. These monies are used for the development and renovation of qualifying parks and recreation facilities and infrastructure.

Emergency Contingency Fund

The Emergency Contingency Fund provides funding for expenditures that could not have been readily foreseen at the time of budget preparation. All expenditures require approval of the City Council. Revenues are primarily from interest earnings.

Parks Development Fund

The Parks Development Fund accounts for annexation fees and payments from developers that are required to be used for the creation of City parks.

OTHER (NON-MAJOR) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Arapahoe County Open Space Fund

The Arapahoe County Open Space Fund accounts for dedicated use tax revenues received from Arapahoe County that are required to be used for parks construction and maintenance and the acquisition of open space within that portion of the City of Aurora located in Arapahoe County.

Recreation Services Fund

The Recreation Services Fund accounts for recreational services provided to citizens. Funding for these services are from user fees and General Fund transfers.

Cultural Services Fund

The Cultural Services Fund accounts for revenues from fees, donations, grant funds from the Scientific and Cultural Facilities District (SCFD) and other grantors, proceeds from the Art in Public Places (AIPP) ordinance and General Fund transfers. Expenditures are made to provide cultural-related services to citizens.

Designated Revenues Fund

The Designated Revenues Fund accounts for revenues other than gifts or grants that are required by law, contract or City policy to be spent for a specific purpose where the size or length of time of the funding source does not warrant establishing a separate fund.

Policy Reserve Fund

The Policy Reserve Fund accounts for funds available maintained by City policy in an amount currently equal to 10% or greater of the General Fund's adjusted budgetary operating expenditures for the year.

TABOR Reserve Fund

The TABOR Reserve Fund accounts for emergency reserves of at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service) as required under the taxpayer bill of rights (TABOR), a State constitutional amendment approved in 1992.

Aurora Urban Renewal Authority (AURA) General Fund

The AURA General Fund accounts for activities related to Fletcher Plaza Urban Renewal Area, which is not associated with tax incremental financing. Funding was from transfers from other City funds.

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 Gifts and Grants		Development Review	 Abatement	 Community Development	1	Enhanced E-911
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,398,516	\$	632,848	\$ 435,856	\$ _	\$	1,525,334
Investments		·	1,974,519		_		4,759,118
Receivables (net of allowance)							
Accounts receivable	505,540		—	665,903	_		_
Interest receivable	—		—		_		—
Due from other goverments	1,063,515		—	—	1,958,681		—
Other receivables			—	—	—		202,520
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	938,179		_	_	177,648		
Investments	—		—	—	—		
Other receivables					—		
Notes receivable	 791,044			 	 14,127,898		
Total assets	\$ 4,696,794	\$	2,607,367	\$ 1,101,759	\$ 16,264,227	\$	6,486,972
LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 388,346	\$	242,404	\$ 23,646	\$ 334,930	\$	68,704
Other Payables	100		—	—	—		
Due to other funds			—	—	1,623,752		—
Deferred revenues	 1,434,198			 —	 14,305,545		
Total liabilities	 1,822,644		242,404	 23,646	 16,264,227		68,704
Fund balances							
Reserved for							
Encumbrances	196,858			22,131	10,600		101,726
Construction			_	_	_		_
Police	938,179				_		
Agreements					_		
Unreserved							
Designated	1,739,113		1,086,975	254,151	—		2,403,457
Undesignated	 		1,277,988	 801,831	 (10,600)		3,913,085
Total fund balances	 2,874,150		2,364,963	 1,078,113	 		6,418,268
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,696,794	\$	2,607,367	\$ 1,101,759	\$ 16,264,227	\$	6,486,972

(continued)

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Co	onservation Trust	 Emergency Contingency		Parks Development	 Arapahoe County Open Space
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,404,050	\$ 196,339	\$	1,155,877	\$ 1,810,590
Investments		5,641,013	612,589		3,606,393	5,649,130
Receivables (net of allowance)						
Accounts receivable		—	—		—	—
Interest receivable		—	—		—	—
Due from other goverments		726,076	—		—	—
Other receivables		—	—		—	—
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		—	—		—	—
Investments		—	—		—	—
Other receivables		—	—		—	40,684
Notes receivable			 			
Total assets	\$	7,771,139	\$ 808,928	\$	4,762,270	\$ 7,500,404
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	46,845	\$ 	\$	121,810	\$ 70,687
Other Payables		, 	_		, 	,
Due to other funds			_		_	_
Deferred revenues			 	. <u> </u>		
Total liabilities		46,845	 		121,810	 70,687
Fund balances						
Reserved for						
Encumbrances		385,045	—		527,613	618,296
Construction			—		_	40,684
Police		_			_	—
Agreements			—		_	_
Unreserved						
Designated		3,179,544	—		2,355,801	6,479,305
Undesignated		4,159,705	 808,928		1,757,046	 291,432
Total fund balances		7,724,294	 808,928		4,640,460	 7,429,717
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,771,139	\$ 808,928	\$	4,762,270	\$ 7,500,404

(continued)

ecreation Services		Cultural Services	 Designated Revenues	 Policy Reserve	 TABOR Reserve	 AURA General	 Total Non-major Special Revenue
\$ 539,174	\$	932,286	\$ 1,886,913 5,877,126	\$ 	\$ 8,114,744	\$ 2,860 8,922	\$ 11,920,643 57,471,212
69,458 		 69,877 1,037	60,121 163,133	 198,570 	73,994 	 	1,301,022 272,564 3,818,149 366,690
 17,500			 6,201,109 5,713,479 — 410,777	 	 	 	 7,316,936 5,713,479 40,684 15,347,219
\$ 626,132	\$	1,003,200	\$ 20,312,658	\$ 21,426,228	\$ 8,188,738	\$ 11,782	\$ 103,568,598
\$ 293,089 149 207,696	\$	85,480 27,886	\$ 306,269 55,378 — 410,777	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 1,982,210 55,627 1,623,752 16,386,102
 500,934		113,366	 772,424	 	 	 	 20,047,691
 		 	275,705 2,456,423 9,338,401	 			2,137,974 2,497,107 938,179 9,338,401
 125,198	. <u></u>	105,809 784,025	 2,658,821 4,810,884	 21,426,228	 8,188,738	 11,782	 20,262,976 48,346,270
\$ 125,198 626,132	\$	889,834 1,003,200	\$ 19,540,234 20,312,658	\$ 21,426,228 21,426,228	\$ 8,188,738 8,188,738	\$ 11,782 11,782	\$ 83,520,907 103,568,598

(concluded)

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

-	Gifts and Grants	Development Review	Abatement	Community Development	Enhanced E-911
REVENUES					
Sales and Use Tax	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Charges for services	213,930	958,378	869,478	859,886	_
Licenses and permits	_	6,245,855	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	945	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	4,492,453	_	_	5,568,690	_
Surcharges	_	_	_	_	2,783,717
Miscellaneous	854,967	41,441	_	_	_
Investment earnings	101,605	164,472	22,720		217,475
Total revenues	5,663,900	7,410,146	892,198	6,428,576	3,001,192
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	13,990	_	_	_	_
Judicial	7,406	_	_	_	_
Police	2,142,461	_	_	_	_
Fire	468,055	_	_	_	_
Other public safety	_	_	_	_	2,410,939
Public works	315,722	_	_	_	_
Economic development	97,207	8,468,462	—	1,254,972	—
Community services	668,425	—	826,787	5,362,750	—
Culture and recreation	1,057,909	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	774,347		51,128	77,140	186,656
Total expenditures	5,545,522	8,468,462	877,915	6,694,862	2,597,595
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	118,378	(1,058,316)	14,283	(266,286)	403,597
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES ((USES)				
Transfers in	14,400	—	—	266,286	1,710,000
Transfers out	—	(1,697,417)	—	—	(1,707,181)
Sale of capital assets	5,264				
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	19,664	(1,697,417)		266,286	2,819
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCES	138,042	(2,755,733)	14,283	—	406,416
FUND BALANCES - January 1	2,736,108	5,120,696	1,063,830		6,011,852
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$ 2,874,150	\$ 2,364,963	\$ 1,078,113	\$	\$ 6,418,268

 Conservation Trust	Emergency Contingency	Parks Development	Arapahoe County Open Space	Recreation Services	Cultural Services
\$ — \$ 5	5		\$	\$	\$ <u> </u>
_					
3,100,329	_	—	5,784,497	—	308,189
 270,742	35,204	(106,095) * 220,830	7,116 331,650		
 3,371,076	35,204	114,735	6,123,263	4,236,387	1,073,100
_	_	_	_	_	_
—	_	—	_	—	—
_	_	_	_	_	_
—	—	—	—	_	—
—	—	—	—	—	—
 		1,700 625,157	 1,659,954 1,888,362		2,679,323
 2,011,855		626,857	3,548,316	8,402,782	2,679,323
1,359,221	35,204	(512,122)	2,574,947	(4,166,395)	(1,606,223)
_	(38,378)		(1,233,613)	5,287,852 (1,140,000)	1,387,058
 	(38,378)		(1,233,613)	4,147,852	1,387,058
1,359,221	(3,174)	(512,122)	1,341,334	(18,543)	(219,165)
 6,365,073	812,102	5,152,582	6,088,383	143,741	1,108,999
\$ 7,724,294 \$	808,928 \$	4,640,460	\$ 7,429,717	\$ 125,198	\$ 889,834

* During 2007 park development contributions of \$635,375 were collected and then later refunded to the developer in 2008 resulting in a negative revenue amount. (continued)

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

REVENUES Sales and Use Tax \$ $326,606$ \$ $-$ \$ $-$ \$ Charges for services $753,465$ $ -$ Licenses and permits $62,758$ $ -$ Fines and forfeitures $1,802,088$ $ -$ Intergovernmental $539,153$ $ -$ Miscellaneous $3,710,110$ $ -$ Investment earnings $659,405$ $911,974$ $340,318$ Current General government $721,439$ $ -$ Judicial $104,492$ $ -$ Police $1,149,475$ $ -$ Public safety $107,056$ $ -$ Public works $16,502$ $ -$	A al	Total Non-major Special Revenue
Charges for services 753,465 Licenses and permits 62,758 Fines and forfeitures 1,802,088 Intergovernmental 539,153 Surcharges 355,366 Miscellaneous 3,710,110 Investment earnings 659,405 911,974 340,318 EXPENDITURES <i>Current</i> General government 721,439 Police 1,149,475 Fire 111,244 Other public safety 107,056 Public works 16,502 Community services 1,831,747 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Corintal outlay <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
Licenses and permits $62,758$ - - Fines and forfeitures $1,802,088$ - - Intergovernmental $539,153$ - - Surcharges $355,366$ - - Miscellaneous $3,710,110$ - - Investment earnings $659,405$ $911,974$ $340,318$ EXPENDITURES Current General government $721,439$ - - Police $1,149,475$ - - Police $1,149,475$ - - Police safety $107,056$ - - Public works $16,502$ - - Economic development $2,025,616$ - - Community services $1,831,747$ - - Capital outlay $2,690,269$ - - - Total expenditures $10,204,145$ - - - Coltrer and recreation $1,446,305$ - - - Cotal expenditures $(1,995,194)$		\$ 326,606
Fines and forfeitures $1,802,088$ - - Intergovernmental $539,153$ - - Surcharges $355,366$ - - Miscellaneous $3,710,110$ - - Investment earnings $659,405$ $911,974$ $340,318$ Total revenues $8,208,951$ $911,974$ $340,318$ EXPENDITURES Current - - - General government $721,439$ - - - Police $1,149,475$ - - - Police $1,149,475$ - - - Other public safety $107,056$ - - - Public works $16,502$ - - - Community services $1,831,747$ - - - Capital outlay $2,690,269$ - - - - Total expenditures $10,204,145$ - - - - - Colture and recreation $1,446,305$ - - - - - <td></td> <td>8,350,572</td>		8,350,572
Intergovernmental 539,153 Surcharges 355,366 Miscellaneous 3,710,110 Investment earnings 659,405 911,974 340,318 Total revenues 8,208,951 911,974 340,318 EXPENDITURES General government 721,439 Police 1,149,475 Police 1,149,475 Police 1,149,475 Public works 16,502 Public works 16,502 Economic development 2,025,616 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Capital outlay 2,690,269 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0,204,145 over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 <td></td> <td>6,308,613</td>		6,308,613
Surcharges 355,366 - - Miscellaneous 3,710,110 - - Investment earnings 659,405 911,974 340,318 Total revenues 8,208,951 911,974 340,318 EXPENDITURES - - - General government 721,439 - - Judicial 104,492 - - Police 1,149,475 - - Fire 111,244 - - Other public safety 107,056 - - Public works 16,502 - - Economic development 2,025,616 - - Community services 1,831,747 - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - - Total expenditures 10,204,145 - - - Total expenditures 10,204,145 - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,583,583 <t< td=""><td>_</td><td>1,803,033</td></t<>	_	1,803,033
Miscellaneous 3,710,110 Investment earnings 659,405 911,974 340,318 Total revenues 8,208,951 911,974 340,318 EXPENDITURES Current General government 721,439 Judicial 104,492 Police 1,149,475 Police 1,149,475 Police 1,149,475 Public safety 107,056 Other public safety 107,056 Public works 16,502 Economic development 2,025,616 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) <td>_</td> <td>19,793,311</td>	_	19,793,311
Investment earnings 659,405 911,974 340,318 Total revenues 8,208,951 911,974 340,318 EXPENDITURES General government 721,439 - - Judicial 104,492 - - - Police 1,149,475 - - - Police 1,149,475 - - - Other public safety 107,056 - - - Public works 16,502 - - - Economic development 2,025,616 - - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - - Total expenditures 10,204,145 - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Transfers in 3,583,583 - 103,121<	_	3,139,083
Total revenues 8,208,951 911,974 340,318 EXPENDITURES Current General government 721,439 - - Judicial 104,492 - - - - - Police 1,149,475 - - - - - Police 1,149,475 -		4,776,611
EXPENDITURES Current General government 721,439 - - Judicial 104,492 - - Police 1,149,475 - - Police 1,149,475 - - Fire 111,244 - - Other public safety 107,056 - - Public works 16,502 - - Economic development 2,025,616 - - Community services 1,831,747 - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - Total expenditures 10,204,145 - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,583,583 - 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) - - Sale of capital assets	400	3,313,591
Current 721,439 - - Judicial 104,492 - - Police 1,149,475 - - Fire 111,244 - - Other public safety 107,056 - - Public works 16,502 - - Public works 16,502 - - Economic development 2,025,616 - - Community services 1,831,747 - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - - Total expenditures 10,204,145 - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,583,583 - 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) - - Sale of capital assets - - - - - Total other financing - - -	400	47,811,420
General government 721,439 Judicial 104,492 Police 1,149,475 Fire 111,244 Other public safety 107,056 Public works 16,502 Economic development 2,025,616 Community services 1,831,747 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Capital outlay 2,690,269 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,583,583 103,121 Sale of capital assets Total other financing		
Judicial $104,492$ - - Police $1,149,475$ - - Fire $111,244$ - - Other public safety $107,056$ - - Public works $16,502$ - - Economic development $2,025,616$ - - Community services $1,831,747$ - - Culture and recreation $1,446,305$ - - Capital outlay $2,690,269$ - - Total expenditures $10,204,145$ - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(1,995,194)$ $911,974$ $340,318$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 103,121 - Transfers in $3,583,583$ - $103,121$ Transfers out $(2,424,212)$ $(396,121)$ - Sale of capital assets - - - Total other financing - - -		
Police 1,149,475 Fire 111,244 Other public safety 107,056 Public works 16,502 Economic development 2,025,616 Community services 1,831,747 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Capital outlay 2,690,269 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 103,121 Transfers in 3,583,583 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) Sale of capital assets Total other financing	_	735,429
Fire 111,244 Other public safety 107,056 Public works 16,502 Economic development 2,025,616 Community services 1,831,747 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Capital outlay 2,690,269 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,583,583 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) Sale of capital assets Total other financing	_	111,898
Other public safety 107,056 - - Public works 16,502 - - Economic development 2,025,616 - - Community services 1,831,747 - - Culture and recreation 1,446,305 - - Capital outlay 2,690,269 - - Total expenditures 10,204,145 - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 103,121 - Transfers in 3,583,583 - 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) - Sale of capital assets - - - Total other financing - - -	_	3,291,936
Public works 16,502 Economic development 2,025,616 Community services 1,831,747 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Capital outlay 2,690,269 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 103,121 Transfers in 3,583,583 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) Sale of capital assets Total other financing	_	579,299
Economic development 2,025,616 Community services 1,831,747 Culture and recreation 1,446,305 Capital outlay 2,690,269 Total expenditures 10,204,145 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 103,121 Transfers in 3,583,583 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) Sale of capital assets Total other financing	_	2,517,995
Community services $1,831,747$ $ -$ Culture and recreation $1,446,305$ $ -$ Capital outlay $2,690,269$ $ -$ Total expenditures $10,204,145$ $ -$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(1,995,194)$ $911,974$ $340,318$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in $3,583,583$ $ 103,121$ Transfers out $(2,424,212)$ $(396,121)$ $-$ Sale of capital assets $ -$ Total other financing $ -$		332,224
Community services $1,831,747$ $ -$ Culture and recreation $1,446,305$ $ -$ Capital outlay $2,690,269$ $ -$ Total expenditures $10,204,145$ $ -$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $(1,995,194)$ $911,974$ $340,318$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in $3,583,583$ $ 103,121$ Transfers out $(2,424,212)$ $(396,121)$ $-$ Sale of capital assets $ -$ Total other financing $ -$		11,846,257
Capital outlay2,690,269		8,689,709
Total expenditures10,204,145		15,939,558
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,583,583 — 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) — Sale of capital assets <u> </u>		7,613,329
over (under) expenditures (1,995,194) 911,974 340,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,583,583 — 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) —		51,657,634
Transfers in 3,583,583 — 103,121 Transfers out (2,424,212) (396,121) — Sale of capital assets — — — Total other financing — — —	400	(3,846,214)
Transfers out(2,424,212)(396,121)Sale of capital assetsTotal other financing		
Transfers out(2,424,212)(396,121)Sale of capital assetsTotal other financing		12,352,300
Total other financing		(8,636,922)
Total other financing	_	5,264
sources (uses) 1,159,371 (396,121) 103,121		
		3,720,642
NET CHANGE IN		
FUND BALANCES(835,823)515,853443,439	400	(125,572)
FUND BALANCES - January 1 20,376,057 20,910,375 7,745,299	11,382	83,646,479
FUND BALANCES - December 31 \$ 19,540,234 \$ 21,426,228 \$ 8,188,738 \$	11,782	\$ 83,520,907

(concluded)

OTHER (NON-MAJOR) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources to pay principal, interest and agency fees on governmental long-term debt.

City Debt Service Fund

The City Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds and General Fund revenue bonds. Revenues are from General Fund transfers and property taxes assessed for the repayment of debt.

Special Improvement District (SID) Debt Service Fund

The Special Improvement District Debt Service Fund accounts for debt service related to special improvements. Funding is from special assessments on the related properties.

Surplus and Deficiency Fund

The Surplus and Deficiency Fund accounts for special assessments from property owners where the associated bonded debt has been defeased. These monies are used to repay other special assessment bonds if sufficient funds from special assessments are not available in the City Debt Service Fund to make regularly scheduled debt service payments and to pay City administrative costs associated with special improvement districts. After all special assessment debt secured by this fund is paid, the City may also transfer monies to the City Capital Projects Fund or other improvement districts to finance, acquire, or construct other public improvements.

Aurora Urban Renewal Authority (AURA) Debt Service Fund

The City created AURA to redevelop and support areas within the City that are considered blighted. This fund accounts for the payment of principal, interest, and agency fees for the AURA tax increment revenue bonds. Monies in excess of those needed for the repayment of the revenue bonds may be used to pay other obligations of AURA.

Aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC) Debt Service Fund

ACLC is a non-profit corporation established to finance City capital projects, primarily buildings. This fund accounts for the principal and interest payments on certificates of participation issued by ACLC. Revenues are from lease payments (transfers) from the General Fund.

NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2008

	City Debt Service	SID Debt Service		Surplus and Deficiency	А	URA Debt Service	1	ACLC Debt Service	Total Non-major Debt Service
ASSETS				·					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 62,218	\$	196,848	\$	244,227	\$	_	\$ 503,293
Investments	—	157,324		614,174		761,999			1,533,497
Receivables (net of allowance)									—
Other receivable	—	2,069,376		74,820		—			2,144,196
Restricted assets									
Cash & Equivalent	469,646	—		—		_		1,184,327	1,653,973
Investments	1,465,317	36,800		—		_		9,157,215	10,659,332
Tax receivable	6,364,129	—		—		_			6,364,129
Interest receivable						_		22,992	 22,992
Total assets	\$ 8,299,092	\$ 2,325,718	\$	885,842	\$	1,006,226	\$	10,364,534	\$ 22,881,412
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA Liabilities	LANCES								
Accounts payable	\$	\$	\$	_	\$	102,049	\$	34,607	\$ 136,656
Deferred revenues	6,364,129	2,069,376		74,820		_			 8,508,325
Total liabilities	6,364,129	2,069,376	.	74,820		102,049		34,607	 8,644,981
Fund balances									
Reserved for									
Debt service	1,892,149	36,800		_		_		10,258,933	12,187,882
Arbitrage	42,814	_		_		_		70,994	113,808
Unreserved									
Designated	_	26,565		226,750		_			253,315
Undesignated		192,977		584,272		904,177			 1,681,426
Total fund balances	1,934,963	256,342	- <u> </u>	811,022		904,177		10,329,927	 14,236,431
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$ 8,299,092	\$ 2,325,718	\$	885,842	\$	1,006,226	\$	10,364,534	\$ 22,881,412

NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	City Debt Service	SID Debt Service	Surplus and Deficiency	AURA Debt Service	ACLC Debt Service	Total Non-major Debt Service
REVENUES					Bernee	2000 501 1100
Taxes						
Sales	\$	\$	\$	\$ 940,155	\$	\$ 940,155
Property	6,388,039	—		123,668	—	6,511,707
Occupational privilege				320,120		320,120
Total taxes	6,388,039			1,383,943		7,771,982
Special assessments	_	330,100	16,347	_	_	346,447
Investment earnings	173,615	132,621	39,466	37,686	580,527	963,915
Total revenues	6,561,654	462,721	55,813	1,421,629	580,527	9,082,344
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	82,080	40,154	3,266	—	908,909	1,034,409
Economic development				851,596		851,596
Principal	5,770,000	210,000	—	—	6,220,000	12,200,000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,205,274	79,814			5,571,496	7,856,584
Total expenditures	8,057,354	329,968	3,266	851,596	12,700,405	21,942,589
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(1.405.700)	100 550	50.547	570.000	(10,110,070)	(10.000.015)
over (under) expenditures	(1,495,700)	132,753	52,547	570,033	(12,119,878)	(12,860,245)
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	1,761,100				10,973,543	12,734,643
Transfers out	—	_	(20,750)	(75,000)		(95,750)
Refunded COPs issued					68,540,000	68,540,000
Payment to escrow agent Total other financing					(60,635,390)	(60,635,390)
sources (uses)	1,761,100		(20,750)	(75,000)	18,878,153	20,543,503
NET CHANGE IN FUND						
BALANCES	265,400	132,753	31,797	495,033	6,758,275	7,683,258
FUND BALANCES - January 1	1,669,563	123,589	779,225	409,144	3,571,652	6,553,173
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$ 1,934,963	\$ 256,342	\$ 811,022	\$ 904,177	\$ 10,329,927	\$ 14,236,431

OTHER (NON-MAJOR) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

City Capital Projects Fund

The City Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources used for the construction and acquisition of major capital projects such as streets, parks, information systems and City facilities. Funding sources include: General Fund transfers and participation revenue from outside sources. In 2005 the Bond Proceeds Fund was created to account for new projects financed from bond proceeds. Ongoing bond projects from previous years will continue to be recorded in the City Capital Projects Fund until completed.

Bond Proceeds Fund

The Bond Proceeds Fund accounts for proceeds from the issuance of bonds and the accumulated earnings on those proceeds. These monies will be used to finance improvements as outlined in the related bond documents and are restricted for those purposes. Ongoing bond projects from previous years will continue to be accounted for in the City Capital Projects Fund until completed.

Building Repair Fund

The Building Repair Fund accounts for monies of the City used for major repairs and maintenance, renovations, remodeling and expansion of City-operated buildings and other similar facilities, whether owned or leased. Revenues are from operating transfers from the City Capital Projects Fund.

Aurora Capital Leasing Corporation (ACLC) Capital Projects Fund

The ACLC Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources used by ACLC for the construction of City facilities and certain public safety vehicles and communication systems. Funding for these projects is provided by proceeds of certificates of participation issued by ACLC.

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2008

	(City Capital Projects	 Bond Proceeds	 Building Repair	A	ACLC Capital Projects	otal Non-major Capital Projects
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,217,607	\$ 380,453	\$ 258,019	\$	_	\$ 5,856,079
Investments		17,371,750	_	805,033			18,176,783
Receivables (net of allowance)							
Accounts receivable		538,917	_	_		_	538,917
Interest receivable		166,073	_	_		_	166,073
Restricted assets							
Cash & equivalents		798,583	_	_		1,924,564	2,723,147
Investments		1,327,003	_	_		_	1,327,003
Accounts receivable		604,506	_	_		_	604,506
Interest receivable		_	_	_		769	769
Due from other governments		866,183	_	_		_	866,183
Notes receivable		816,109	 	 			 816,109
Total assets	\$	27,706,731	\$ 380,453	\$ 1,063,052	\$	1,925,333	\$ 31,075,569
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	NCES	5					
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	1,477,053	\$ 147,939	\$ 152,023	\$	_	\$ 1,777,015
Due to other funds			_			_	
Deferred revenues		816,109	 	 _		_	 816,109
Total liabilities		2,293,162	 147,939	 152,023			 2,593,124
Fund balances							
Reserved for							
Encumbrances		2,112,759	_	93,123		_	2,205,882
Construction		2,175,512	_	_		1,925,333	4,100,845
Gifts and grants		1,262,600	_	_			1,262,600
Unreserved							
Designated		19,601,010	200,546	736,651		_	20,538,207
Undesignated		261,688	 31,968	 81,255			 374,911
Total fund balances		25,413,569	 232,514	 911,029		1,925,333	 28,482,445
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	27,706,731	\$ 380,453	\$ 1,063,052	\$	1,925,333	\$ 31,075,569

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	City Capital Projects		Bond Proceeds	Building Repair	A	CLC Capital Projects		otal Non-major apital Projects
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	\$	—	\$ 45,000	\$	—	\$	45,000
Fines and forfeitures	300		_	—		—		300
Intergovernmental	3,215,311		—	—		—		3,215,311
Miscellaneous	1,363,704			_		_		1,363,704
Investment earnings	1,069,029	· . <u> </u>	17,555	 23,044		37,613	·	1,147,241
Total revenues	5,648,344		17,555	 68,044		37,613	·	5,771,556
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	880,394		_	1,458,491		_		2,338,885
Police	_		35,640			_		35,640
Fire	1,835		_	—		—		1,835
Other public safety	75,000		_	—		—		75,000
Public works	2,933,623		—	—		—		2,933,623
Economic development	77,986		—	—		—		77,986
Culture and recreation	245,660		77,694	—		_		323,354
Capital outlay	16,159,612		176,773	 463,503		210,048	·	17,009,936
Total expenditures	20,374,110		290,107	 1,921,994		210,048		22,796,259
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(14,725,766)		(272,552)	 (1,853,950)		(172,435)		(17,024,703)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)							
Transfers in	14,427,075		_	1,858,800		_		16,285,875
Transfers out	(3,983,270)		_					(3,983,270)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,443,805			 1,858,800				12,302,605
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,281,961)		(272,552)	4,850		(172,435)		(4,722,098)
FUND BALANCES - January 1	29,695,530		505,066	 906,179		2,097,768		33,204,543
FUND BALANCES - December 31	\$ 25,413,569	\$	232,514	\$ 911,029	\$	1,925,333	\$	28,482,445

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for centralized acquisition of supplies and services. Revenues are from user charges to funds and departments, which are calculated on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fleet Management Fund

The Fleet Management Fund accounts for centralized maintenance of City owned vehicles. Operations are funded by charges to user departments.

Print Shop Fund

The Print Shop Fund accounts for centralized printing and copying for departments of the City.

Risk Management Fund

The Risk Management Fund accounts for centralized costs of risk retention, risk administration and excess insurance coverage for claims and judgments made against the City. Revenues are from charges to departments.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Fleet	Print Shop	Risk	Total Internal Service
ASSETS	Management	<u> </u>	Management	Service
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 298,790	\$ 94,804	\$ 4,087,098	\$ 4,480,692
Investments	932,240	295,793	12,751,947	13,979,980
Receivables (net of allowance)	,	,	, ,	, ,
Interest receivable	_	_	144,409	144,409
Other receivables	_	1,800		1,800
Inventories	592,563	23,140		615,703
Total current assets	1,823,593	415,537	16,983,454	19,222,584
Capital assets, (net of accumulated dep	reciation)			
Infrastructure	348,859	_	_	348,859
Machinery and equipment	93,836	56,639		150,475
Total capital assets	442,695	56,639		499,334
Total assets	2,266,288	472,176	16,983,454	19,721,918
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	482,578	89,692	89,819	662,089
Current portion long-term liabilities	6,832	282	3,743,814	3,750,928
		_	_	
Total current liabilities	489,410	89,974	3,833,633	4,413,017
Noncurrent liabilities				
Due beyond one year	310,118	12,069	2,770,833	3,093,020
Due begone one gen			2,770,000	3,093,020
Total liabilities	799,528	102,043	6,604,466	7,506,037
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	442,695	56,639		499,334
Unrestricted	1,024,065	313,494	10,378,988	499,534 11,716,547
omesureeu	1,024,003	515,494	10,370,700	11,/10,34/
Total net assets	\$ 1,466,760	\$ 370,133	\$ 10,378,988	\$ 12,215,881

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	М	Fleet anagement	Print Shop	N	Risk /anagement	Total Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES		anagement	 51101		Tanagement	 Beivice
Charges for services	\$	8,156,961	\$ 575,335	\$	7,298,746	\$ 16,031,042
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of sales and service		7,738,287	628,233		2,428,775	10,795,295
Claims losses		—			3,013,793	3,013,793
Administrative expenses		55,605	29,875		45,731	131,211
Depreciation		56,954	 13,682			 70,636
Total operating expenses		7,850,846	 671,790		5,488,299	 14,010,935
Operating income (loss)		306,115	 (96,455)		1,810,447	 2,020,107
NON-OPERATING						
REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment earnings		24,047	15,352		639,155	678,554
Miscellaneous revenues		8,929	 		364,184	 373,113
Net nonoperating revenues		32,976	 15,352		1,003,339	 1,051,667
Income (loss) before transfers		339,091	(81,103)		2,813,786	3,071,774
Capital contributions		_	58,908		_	58,908
Transfers in		10,000	 _		_	 10,000
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		349,091	(22,195)		2,813,786	3,140,682
NET ASSETS - January 1		1,117,669	 392,328		7,565,202	 9,075,199
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$	1,466,760	\$ 370,133	\$	10,378,988	\$ 12,215,881

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENED DECEMBER 31, 2008

FOR THE TEAK ENED DECEMBER 51, 2008	М	Fleet anagement		Print Shop	N	Risk //anagement		Total Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from: Customers and others	\$	78,916	\$	3,827	\$	364,184	\$	446,927
Interfund services provided and used	Ψ	8,135,706	Ψ	571,508	Ŷ	7,298,746	Ŷ	16,005,960
Cash payments to:								
Employees		(2,360,903)		(203,036)		(671,645)		(3,235,584)
Suppliers of goods and services		(5,375,767)		(443,941)		(5,549,797)		(11,369,505)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		477,952		(71,642)		1,441,488		1,847,798
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Cash transfers in		10,000		_				10,000
Net cash provided by financing activities		10,000		—		—		10,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Increase in equity in pooled investments		(551,689)		(61,246)		(4,963,801)		(5,576,736)
Interest received		18,612		13,944		530,598		563,154
Net cash provided by investing activities		(533,077)		(47,302)		(4,433,203)		(5,013,582)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(45,125)		(118,944)		(2,991,715)		(3,155,784)
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,								
January 1		343,915		213,748		7,078,813		7,636,476
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,								
December 31	\$	298,790	\$	94,804	\$	4,087,098	\$	4,480,692
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET C PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ASH							
Operating income (loss)	\$	306,115	\$	(96,455)	\$	1,810,447	\$	2,020,107
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		56,954		13,682		_		70,636
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenues		8,928		—		364,184		373,112
Changes in operating assets and liabilities								
Receivables		48,732		_		_		48,732
Inventories		24,626		6,317		—		30,943
Accounts payable other current liabilities		32,597		4,814		(733,142)		(695,731)
Total adjustments		171,837		24,813		(368,958)		(172,308)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	477,952	\$	(71,642)	\$	1,441,489	\$	1,847,799
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Contribution of capital assets	\$		\$	58,908	\$	_	\$	58,908
Contribution of capital assets	-)			-)



PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Pension trust funds account for the activities and accumulation of resources to pay retirement benefits for elected officials, council appointees and employees.

General Employees' Retirement Plan Fund (GERP)

The GERP Fund (component unit) accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of retirement benefits to qualified City employees.

Elected Officials' and Executive Personnel Defined Benefit Plan Fund (EOEP)

The EOEP Fund (component unit) accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of retirement benefits to qualified elected officials and executive personnel of the City.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

		GERP	EOEP		Total Pension Trust		
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,929,798	\$	51,587	\$ 4,981,385		
Investments							
Equity securities and funds		108,645,736		1,323,713	109,969,449		
U.S. government and U.S. governm	nent						
agency obligations		31,954,393		—	31,954,393		
Corporate bonds and funds		64,402,070		1,307,385	65,709,455		
Real estate funds		20,543,795		260,311	20,804,106		
Alternative investments		15,369,675		—	15,369,675		
Receivables (net of allowance)							
Interest receivable		955,674		2,087	957,761		
Due from other governments		363,250		—	363,250		
Other receivables		_		1,880	 1,880		
Total assets		247,164,391	·	2,946,963	 250,111,354		
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable		479,553		6,435	 485,988		
Total liabilities		479,553		6,435	 485,988		
NET ASSETS							
Held in trust for pension benefits		246,684,838		2,940,528	 249,625,366		
Total net assets	\$	246,684,838	\$	2,940,528	\$ 249,625,366		

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	GERP	EOEP	1	Total Pension Trust
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
City	\$ 4,826,337	\$ 351,991	\$	5,178,328
Plan members	 4,831,706	 		4,831,706
Total contributions	 9,658,043	 351,991		10,010,034
Investment activity				
Investment loss	(66,835,243)	(832,281)		(67,667,524)
Investment expense	 (619,190)	 (12,259)		(631,449)
Net investment loss	 (67,454,433)	 (844,540)		(68,298,973)
Other income	 11,621	 		11,621
Total additions	 (57,784,769)	 (492,549)		(58,277,318)
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	11,729,576	162,740		11,892,316
Administrative expenses	 538,577	 11,169		549,746
Total deductions	 12,268,153	 173,909		12,442,062
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(70,052,922)	(666,458)		(70,719,380)
NET ASSETS - January 1	 316,737,760	 3,606,986		320,344,746
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 246,684,838	\$ 2,940,528	\$	249,625,366

AGENCY FUND

Payroll Clearing Fund

The City has one agency fund, the Payroll Clearing Fund, which provides for the consolidation of all payroll liabilities after the recording of related payroll expenditures/expenses into the appropriate funds.

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

				Payroll C	leari	ng Fund		
		Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions	D	Balance ecember 31
ASSETS	¢		¢	226.040.500	¢	(22 < 0 < 1 0 0 5)	¢	211.150
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	334,664	\$	226,840,580	\$	(226,864,085)	\$	311,159
Total assets	\$	334,664	\$	226,840,580	\$	(226,864,085)	\$	311,159
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	334,664	\$	451,555,641	\$	(451,579,146)	\$	311,159
Total liabilities	\$	334,664	\$	451,555,641	\$	(451,579,146)	\$	311,159

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SCHEDULES OF SOURCES, USES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE –BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)



CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

GENERAL FUND

	Budge	ets			Budgetary	Variance
	 Original		Final	-	Actual	with Final
SOURCES						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 25,747,372	\$	25,747,372	\$	26,007,344	\$ 259,972
Sales	129,337,084		129,337,084		125,895,660	(3,441,424)
Use	28,774,406		28,774,406		22,700,521	(6,073,885)
Lodgers	4,570,118		4,570,118		4,677,825	107,707
Franchise	12,084,819		12,084,819		13,037,994	953,175
Other	 10,970,989		10,970,989		8,977,638	 (1,993,351)
Total taxes	 211,484,788		211,484,788		201,296,982	 (10,187,806)
Intergovernmental	10,606,925		10,606,925		10,722,674	115,749
Licenses and permits	3,006,765		3,006,765		2,508,560	(498,205)
Charges for services	8,003,023		8,003,023		7,601,310	(401,713)
Fines and forfeitures	6,696,024		6,696,024		6,406,220	(289,804)
Investment income	1,559,856		1,559,856		1,018,719	(541,137)
Other revenues	1,011,580		1,011,580		1,042,271	30,691
Proceeds from sales of assets	210,000		210,000		255,622	45,622
Transfers in	 3,266,123		3,127,144		2,848,379	 (278,765)
TOTAL SOURCES	 245,845,084		245,706,105		233,700,737	 (12,005,368)
USES						
Municipal Court						
Judicial	2,100,970		2,146,565		1,932,944	213,621
Court Administration	6,905,041		7,152,984		7,152,978	6
Public Defender	 611,277		630,214		627,212	 3,002
Total municipal court	 9,617,288		9,929,763		9,713,134	 216,629
City Attorney	 4,800,914	_	4,935,696		4,873,897	 61,799
General Management Group						
City Council	1,016,862		1,030,187		901,210	128,977
Civil Service	549,699		601,135		601,134	1
General Management	1,393,587		1,419,279		1,372,791	46,488
Communications	832,175		851,704		795,886	55,818
Management Support	1,049,555		1,073,954		1,039,726	34,228
Development Services	 961,953		970,851		790,329	 180,522
Total general management group	 5,803,831		5,947,110		5,501,076	 446,034

		Budge	ts			Budgetary		Variance
		Original		Final		Actual		with Final
Administrative Services Group								
Management Support	\$	431,421	\$	448,756	\$	397,586	\$	51,170
Human Resources		1,555,496		1,528,443		1,434,168		94,275
Finance		5,432,576		5,539,456		5,182,880		356,576
Information Technology		7,107,310		7,207,585		6,936,938		270,647
Internal Services		10,161,710		10,244,361		8,486,217		1,758,144
Total administrative services group		24,688,513		24,968,601		22,437,789		2,530,812
Operations Group								
Public Works		19,892,074		20,171,589		20,120,579		51,010
Parks and Open Space		13,968,740		13,966,494		13,489,395		477,099
Planning		1,312,523		1,341,031		1,173,075		167,95
Total operations group		35,173,337		35,479,114		34,783,049		696,065
Community Services Group								
Library, Recreation and Cultural Services		13,067,228		13,173,719		12,783,535		390,18
Police		75,542,247		75,603,513		75,256,741		346,77
Public Safety Communications		5,586,950		5,718,595		5,410,272		308,32
Fire		33,328,454		33,347,840		33,196,170		151,67
Neighborhood Services		3,658,730		3,678,521		3,557,432		121,08
Total community services group		131,183,609		131,522,188		130,204,150		1,318,038
Non-departmental		37,425,430		36,822,646		30,619,823		6,202,82
TOTAL USES		248,692,922		249,605,118		238,132,918		11,472,20
ANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE		(2,847,838)		(3,899,013)		(4,432,181)		(533,168
NDS AVAILABLE - January 1		8,468,484		9,585,220		9,585,220		_
NDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$	5,620,646	\$	5,686,207		5,153,039	\$	(533,168
ss: Designations						(5,153,039)		
NDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AF		ERVATIONS			¢			
NDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AF AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December		ERVATIONS			\$		=	
CONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE 1			NCE					
NDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - De	ecember 3	1			\$	5,153,039		
d: Sales, use and lodgers tax accrual						17,045,414		
Current year encumbrances						559,347		
ss: Adjustment of investments to fair value						34,518	-	
-								

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008								
				Gifts ar				
			dget		-	Budgetary		Variance
		Original		Final		Actual		with Final
SOURCES								
Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	—	\$	_
Sales and Use taxes		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental revenues		3,073,010		3,803,847		4,232,933		429,086
Licenses and permits								
Charges for services		_		45,000		127,474		82,474
Fines and forfeitures		_		_		945		945
Investment income		1,100		78,532		66,829		(11,703)
Miscellaneous revenues		1,999,807		1,845,687		446,506		(1,399,181)
Proceeds from sale of assets						5,264		5,264
Transfers in		_		14,400		14,400		
TOTAL SOURCES		5,073,917		5,787,466		4,894,351		(893,115)
USES								
Operating Costs								
Municipal Court		14,000		14,000		7,406		6,594
General Management Group		171,500		171,500		97,019		74,481
Administrative Services Group		_						
Operations Group		510,000		539,967		72,096		467,871
Community Services Group		4,067,617		4,825,087		3,923,585		901,502
Non-Departmental		842		122		(6,101)		6,223
Continuing Appropriations		0.12				(0,101)		0,220
General Management Group		_		_				_
Administrative Services Group		_		_				_
Community Services Group		_		_				_
Operations Group		1,211,062		1,652,545		1,652,545		
Non-Departmental				1,052,515		1,052,515		_
Non-Departmental								
TOTAL USES		5,975,021		7,203,221		5,746,550		1,456,671
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE		(901,104)		(1,415,755)		(852,199)		563,556
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1		3,663,125		3,828,716		3,828,716		
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$	2,762,021	\$	2,412,961	:	2,976,517	\$	563,556
Less: Reservations						(2,976,517)		
Designations							_	
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERVATIONS								
AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31					\$		-	
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAAP FUND B	BAL	ANCE						
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31					\$	2,976,517		
Add: Current year operating encumbrances						172,955		
Carryforward of continuing appropriations						1,808,068		
Seizure funds						898,184		
Adjust investments to fair value								
Assets not available for appropriations						_		
Less: Deferred revenue - Federal grants						(2,981,574)	-	
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31					\$	2,874,150	_	

	Developm	nent Review			Aba	atement	
	udgets	Budgetary	Variance		dgets	Budgetary	Variance
Original	Final	Actual	with Final	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
		_	_	_	_	_	
7,938,977 1,707,651	7,938,977 1,707,651	6,245,855 958,378	(1,693,122) (749,273)	709,225	1,056,625	 869,478	(187,147)
 226,940	226,940	155,409	(71,531)	18,000	14,000	22,720	8,720
560	560	41,441	40,881	_			
9,874,128	9,874,128	7,401,083	(2,473,045)	727,225	1,070,625	892,198	(178,427)
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5,291,823	5,439,068	5,310,457	128,611	_			
3,354,116	3,451,645	3,158,005	293,640	80,000 749,039	80,000 1,137,986	68,873 789,854	11,127 348,132
2,122,460	1,716,307	1,697,417	18,890	1,342	—	—	—
_	—	_	—	_	_	_	—
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_		_	_				
10,768,399	10,607,020	10,165,879	441,141	830,381	1,217,986	858,727	359,259
(894,271)	(732,892)	(2,764,796)	(2,031,904)	(103,156)	(147,361)	33,471	180,832
3,682,342	5,116,034	5,116,034		824,826	1,022,512	1,022,512	
2,788,071	\$ 4,383,142	2,351,238	\$ (2,031,904)	\$ 721,670	\$ 875,151	1,055,983	\$ 180,832
		(1,086,975)				(254,151)	-
		\$ 1,264,263				\$ 801,832	=
		\$ 2,351,238				\$ 1,055,983	
		_				22,130	
		_				_	
		13,725					
							_
		\$ 2,364,963				\$ 1,078,113	=

	Community Development				
	В	budgets	Budgetary	Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual	with Final	
SOURCES					
Property taxes	\$	\$ —	\$	\$	
Sales and Use taxes	—	—	—	—	
Intergovernmental revenues	3,756,353	3,756,353	3,614,701	(141,652)	
Licenses and permits	—	—	_	_	
Charges for services	—	—	3,235	3,235	
Fines and forfeitures	—	—	—		
Investment income	825 000	825 000	215 119	((00.882))	
Miscellaneous revenues Proceeds from sale of assets	825,000	825,000	215,118	(609,882)	
Transfers in	273,324	266,286	266,286		
	275,524	200,280	200,200		
TOTAL SOURCES	4,854,677	4,847,639	4,099,340	(748,299)	
USES					
Operating Costs					
Municipal Court	—	—	—	—	
General Management Group	—	—	—	—	
Administrative Services Group	_	_	—	—	
Operations Group	—	—	—	—	
Community Services Group	—	—	—	—	
Non-Departmental	—	_		—	
Continuing Appropriations					
General Management Group	_	_	_	—	
Administrative Services Group Community Services Group	4,854,677	4,099,340	4,099,340		
Operations Group	4,854,077	4,099,340	4,099,540		
Non-Departmental	_	_	_		
Non-Departmental			· ·	·	
TOTAL USES	4,854,677	4,099,340	4,099,340		
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	—	748,299		(748,299)	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1					
	¢	¢ 749.200		¢ (748.200)	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$	\$ 748,299	-	\$ (748,299)	
Less: Reservations					
Designations			_		
Designations				-	
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERVATIONS	5				
AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31			\$		
RECONCH LATION OF EUNIDE AVAILABLE TO U.S. CAAR EUNID	DALANCE			•	
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAAP FUND	DALANCE				
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31			\$ —		
Add: Current year operating encumbrances					
Carryforward of continuing appropriations			3,571,974		
Seizure funds			3,371,974		
Adjust investments to fair value			_		
Assets not available for appropriations			_		
Less: Deferred revenue - Federal grants			(3,571,974)		
			(-,-,-,)))	-	
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31			\$ —		
				=	

	Enhar	nced E-911		Conservation Trust					
	dgets	Budgetary	Variance		lgets	Budgetary	Variance		
Original	Final	Actual	with Final	Original	Final	Actual	with Final		
	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		
—			_	2,845,300	2,845,300	3,100,329	255,029		
_	_	_	_	2,843,300	2,845,500	5,100,529	_		
2,461,000	2,461,000	2,783,717	322,717			5	5		
114,366	114,366	193,227	78,861	180,000	180,000	242,046	62,046		
1,710,000	1,710,000	1,710,000							
4,285,366	4,285,366	4,686,944	401,578	3,025,300	3,025,300	3,342,380	317,080		
, ,			,						
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
2,192,718	2,201,846	 1,744,611	457,235	_	_	_	_		
—	—		_	537,867	607,734	534,543	73,191		
11,058	1,930	_	1,930	32,438 8,930	32,438	_	32,438		
11,000	1,900		1,755	0,700					
2,431,492	2,431,492	2,431,492							
_	_	·	_	660,717	132,257	132,257	_		
				1,190,000	1,190,000	1,190,000			
4,635,268	4,635,268	4,176,103	459,165	2,429,952	1,962,429	1,856,800	105,629		
(349,902)	(349,902)	510,841	860,743	595,348	1,062,871	1,485,580	422,709		
4,220,343	4,581,099	4,581,099		2,443,872	2,838,497	2,838,497			
3,870,441	\$ 4,231,197	5,091,940	\$ 860,743	\$ 3,039,220	\$ 3,901,368	4,324,077	\$ 422,709		
		(1,211,937)				(201,513)			
		\$ 3,880,003				\$ 4,122,564			
		\$ 5,091,940				\$ 4,324,077			
		101,726 1,191,520				3,363,077			
		—				—			
		33,082				37,140			
		\$ 6,418,268				\$ 7,724,294			

		Emergency	Contingency	
	E	Budgets	Budgetary	Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
SOURCES				
Property taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales and Use taxes	—	—	—	—
Intergovernmental revenues	—	—	—	—
Licenses and permits	_	—	_	—
Charges for services		—	—	—
Fines and forfeitures	—	—	—	—
Investment income	38,378	38,378	32,125	(6,253)
Miscellaneous revenues	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from sale of assets	—		—	—
Transfers in				
TOTAL SOURCES	38,378	38,378	32,125	(6,253)
USES				
Operating Costs				
Municipal Court	—	—	—	—
General Management Group			—	—
Administrative Services Group	_	_	—	—
Operations Group	_	_	—	—
Community Services Group	—	—	_	—
Non-Departmental	38,378	38,378	38,378	—
Continuing Appropriations				
General Management Group	—	—	—	—
Administrative Services Group	—	—	—	—
Community Services Group			—	—
Operations Group		—	—	—
Non-Departmental				
TOTAL USES	38,378	38,378	38,378	
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	_		(6,253)	(6,253)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1	807,960	810,922	810,922	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$ 807,960	\$ 810,922	804,669	\$ (6,253)
			=	
Less: Reservations			—	
Designations				_
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERVATIONS AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	S		\$ 804,669	_
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAAP FUND	BALANCE			
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31			\$ 804,669	
Add: Current year operating encumbrances			—	
Carryforward of continuing appropriations			—	
Seizure funds				
Adjust investments to fair value			4,259	
Assets not available for appropriations			—	
Less: Deferred revenue - Federal grants				-
			¢ 000 000	
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31			\$ 808,928	=

	Parks D	evelopment			Arapahoe Cou	nty Open Space	
	idgets	Budgetary	Variance	-	udgets	Budgetary	Variance
Original	Final	Actual	with Final	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
—	\$	\$	\$ —	\$	\$	\$	\$
_	_	_	_	5,552,261	5,552,261	5,784,497	232,236
	_	_					
150,000	150,000	203,246	53,246	207,000	207,000	274,820	67,820
600,000	1,330,895	(106,095)	(1,436,990)				
_							
750,000	1,480,895	97,151	(1,383,744)	5,759,261	5,759,261	6,059,317	300,056
_		_	_	_	_	—	_
 971,610	1,702,505	1,702,505		2,718,421	2,824,050	2,787,314	36,736
			_	25,469	4,063		4,063
_	_	—		—		—	_
—				—	—	—	—
_	_	_		_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	2,265,913	2,265,913	2,265,913	_
971,610	1,702,505	1,702,505		5,009,803	5,094,026	5,053,227	40,799
(221,610)	(221,610)	(1,605,354)	(1,383,744)	749,458	665,235	1,006,090	340,855
3,004,788	3,778,370	3,778,370		290,218	474,511	474,511	
2,783,178	\$ 3,556,760	2,173,016	\$ (1,383,744)	\$ 1,039,676	\$ 1,139,746	1,480,601	\$ 340,855
		(441.020)				(1.228.420)	
		(441,039)	-			(1,228,439)	-
		\$ 1,731,977	-			\$ 252,162	=
		\$ 2,173,016				\$ 1,480,601	
		, <u>,</u> , , , ,				, ,-,	
		2,442,375				5,869,163	
		25,069				39,269	
		_				40,684	
		¢ A 640 460	-			¢ 7.400.717	_
		\$ 4,640,460	=			\$ 7,429,717	=

		Recreati	on Services	
	Bu	dgets	Budgetary	Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
SOURCES				
Property taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales and Use taxes	—	—	—	—
Intergovernmental revenues	—	—	_	—
Licenses and permits	—	—	—	—
Charges for services	4,072,282	4,072,282	4,153,524	81,242
Fines and forfeitures	—	—	—	—
Investment income	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous revenues	77,444	77,444	82,863	5,419
Proceeds from sale of assets	—	—	—	—
Transfers in	5,503,647	5,503,647	5,287,852	(215,795)
TOTAL SOURCES	9,653,373	9,653,373	9,524,239	(129,134)
JSES				
Operating Costs				
Municipal Court	_	_	_	_
General Management Group	_	_	_	_
Administrative Services Group	_	_	_	_
Operations Group	_		_	_
Community Services Group	9,535,971	9,646,211	9,524,216	121,995
Non-Departmental	117,402	7,162	_	7,162
Continuing Appropriations				
General Management Group	_	—	_	_
Administrative Services Group	_	—	_	_
Community Services Group	_	_	_	_
Operations Group	_	_	_	_
Non-Departmental				
TOTAL USES	9,653,373	9,653,373	9,524,216	129,157
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	_	—	23	23
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1	92,206	125,175	125,175	
JUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$ 92,206	\$ 125,175	125,198	\$ 23
Less: Reservations				
Designations				-
⁵ UNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERVATIO AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	NS		\$ 125,198	_
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAAP FUN	D BALANCE			-
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31			\$ 125,198	
Add: Current year operating encumbrances			—	
Carryforward of continuing appropriations			—	
Seizure funds			—	
Adjust investments to fair value			—	
Assets not available for appropriations			—	
Less: Deferred revenue - Federal grants				_
			.	
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31			\$ 125,198	=

	Cultural Services				Designated Revenues					
Bu	dgets	Budgetary	Variance	Bu	dgets	Budgetary	Variance			
Original	Final	Actual	with Final	Original	Final	Actual	with Final			
_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ —	\$	\$			
_	_	_		_	_	326,606	_			
231,980	231,980	310,589	78,609	496,200	636,200	542,832	(93,368)			
_	_	_	_	53,410	53,410	62,758	9,348			
566,180	566,180	541,906	(24,274)	1,224,668	1,255,174	1,102,685	(152,489)			
_	_	_	_	1,795,385	1,795,385	1,802,088	6,703			
32,600	32,600	36,868	4,268	93,062	93,062	601,474	508,412			
164,520	249,520	180,992	(68,528)	1,130,142	1,630,142	3,712,578	2,082,436			
1,382,588	1,387,058	1,387,058		4,141,618	4,164,368	3,583,583	(580,785)			
2,377,868	2,467,338	2,457,413	(9,925)	8,934,485	9,627,741	11,734,604	1,780,257			
				129,693	131,376	104,491	26,885			
			—	1,472,784	1,671,670	1,414,951	256,719			
_			_	1,472,784	248,979	236,005	12,974			
_	_	_	_	1,038,061	722,428	453,511	268,917			
2,487,570	2,706,347	2,675,198	31,149	3,263,409	3,393,195	4,051,091	(657,896)			
_, 107,570	2,700,347			5,178,547	4,880,957	3,123,375	1,757,582			
_		_		5,170,547	7 ,000,7 <i>31</i>	5,125,575	1,737,362			
	_	_	_	775,000	775,000	775,000	_			
—	_	_	_	250,000	250,000	250,000	_			
_	_			_	150,000	150,000	_			
_		_	_	855,000	641,125	641,125	_			
					2,322,400	2,322,400				
2,487,570	2,706,347	2,675,198	31,149	13,152,401	15,187,130	13,521,949	1,665,181			
(109,702)	(239,009)	(217,785)	21,224	(4,217,916)	(5,559,389)	(1,787,345)	3,445,438			
747,119	1,168,068	1,168,068	· _ ·	14,197,108	15,969,825	15,969,825	· · ·			
			\$ 21.224				¢ 2 1 15 1 29			
637,417	\$ 929,059	950,283	\$ 21,224	\$ 9,979,192	\$ 10,410,430	14,182,480	\$ 3,445,438			
		(105.000)				(9,296,612)				
		(105,809)	-			(115,840)	-			
		\$ 844,474				\$ 4,770,028				
		÷ 011,171	-			÷ 1,770,020	=			
		\$ 950,283				\$ 14,182,480				
						5,275,109				
		_				82,645				
		(60,449)	-				_			
		\$ 889,834				\$ 19,540,234				

		Policy 1	Reserve	
	Ві	idgets	Budgetary	Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
SOURCES				
Property taxes	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ —
Sales and Use taxes	_	—	_	—
Intergovernmental revenues	—	—	_	—
Licenses and permits	—	—	_	_
Charges for services	—	—	—	—
Fines and forfeitures	_		_	—
Investment income	990,708	990,708	822,217	(168,491)
Miscellaneous revenues	—	—	_	_
Proceeds from sale of assets	—	—	_	_
Transfers in				
TOTAL SOURCES	990,708	990,708	822,217	(168,491)
USES				
Operating Costs				
Municipal Court	—	—	—	—
General Management Group	—	—	_	_
Administrative Services Group	—	—	_	—
Operations Group	—	—	_	—
Community Services Group	—	—	_	—
Non-Departmental	339,338	396,121	396,121	_
Continuing Appropriations				
General Management	—	—	—	—
Administrative Services Group	—	—	_	—
Community Services Group	—	—	_	—
Operations Group	—	—	_	_
Non-Departmental				
TOTAL USES	339,338	396,121	396,121	
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	651,370	594,587	426,096	(168,491)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1	20,856,987	20,852,571	20,852,571	_
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$ 21,508,357	\$ 21,447,158	21,278,667	\$ (168,491)
Less: Reservations			_	
Designations			_	_
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERVATION	S			
AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31			\$ 21,278,667	=
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAAP FUND	BALANCE			
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31			\$ 21,278,667	
Add: Current year operating encumbrances				
Carryforward of continuing appropriations				
Carryforward of continuing appropriations Seizure funds			_	
			1 47 561	
Adjust investments to fair value			147,561	
Assets not available for appropriations Less: Deferred revenue - Federal grants				
2000. Defende ferende federal grants				-
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31			\$ 21,426,228	=

		Tabor l	Reser	ve		
Bi	idgets			Budgetary	,	Variance
Original		Final		Actual	v	ith Final
\$	\$	_	\$	—	\$	_
_		_		_		
—		—		—		—
_		_		_		_
366,844		366,844		305,333		(61,511)
_		_				_
46,338		103,121		103,121		
413,182		469,965		408,454		(61,511)
				_		_
—		—		—		—
_		_		_		_
						_
_		_		_		_
—		—		—		—
_		_		_		_
				_		
413,182		469,965		408,454		(61,511)
7,723,017		7,723,875		7,723,875		_
\$ 8,136,199	\$	8,193,840	=	8,132,329	\$	(61,511)
				_		
					-	
			\$	8 132 320		
			ψ	8,132,329	=	
			\$	8,132,329		
				_		
				—		
				56,409 —		
					-	
			\$	8,188,738		

		City Deb	t Service	
	Bu	ıdgets	Budgetary	Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
SOURCES		• • • • • • • • •	* * * * * * *	• • • • • • • • •
Property taxes	\$ 6,280,501	\$ 6,280,501	\$ 6,388,039	\$ 107,538
Special assessment taxes	—	—	—	_
Investment income	104,300	104,300	165,855	61,555
Funds from restricted assets	—	—	45,106	45,106
Transfers in	1,761,100	1,761,100	1,761,100	
TOTAL SOURCES	8,145,901	8,145,901	8,360,100	214,199
USES				
Operating Costs				
Administrative Services Group	_		_	_
Non-Departmental	8,041,275	8,041,275	8,041,275	
TOTAL USES	8,041,275	8,041,275	8,041,275	
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	104,626	104,626	318,825	214,199
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1	1,299,403	1,563,138	1,563,138	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$ 1,404,029	\$ 1,667,764	1,881,963	\$ 214,199
Less: Reservations			(1,836,857)	
Designations				_
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERV AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	VATIONS		\$ 45,106	-
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAA	P FUND BALAN	NCE		
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31			\$ 1,881,963	
Add: Assets not available for appropriation			42,814	
Less: Adjust investments to fair value			10,186	-
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31			\$ 1,934,963	-

			SID De	ebt Se	ervice					Surplus an	nd De	ficiency		
	Bu	dget	5	E	Budgetary	1	Variance	 Bu	dgets	5	H	Budgetary	V	ariance
0	riginal		Final		Actual	V	vith Final	 Original		Final		Actual	w	ith Final
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	240,043		300,043		330,100		30,057	—		—		16,347		16,347
	33,517		35,517		131,683		96,166	30,888		30,888		36,365		5,477
						. <u> </u>		 						
2	273,560		335,560		461,783		126,223	 30,888		30,888		52,712		21,824
								20,750		20,750		20,750		
2	270,025		330,025		329,969		56	 				3,266		(3,266)
2	270,025		330,025		329,969		56	 20,750		20,750		24,016		(3,266)
	3,535		5,535		131,814		126,279	10,138		10,138		28,696		18,558
1	90,845		86,379		86,379		—	 776,904		778,055		778,055		_
\$ 1	94,380	\$	91,914	=	218,193	\$	126,279	\$ 787,042	\$	788,193	=	806,751	\$	18,558
					(36,800)							_		
					(26,565)	-						(226,750)	_	
				\$	154,828	:					\$	580,001	=	
				\$	218,193						\$	806,751		
					36,800							_		
					1,349							4,271	-	
				\$	256,342						\$	811,022		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FOR THE TEAK ENDED DECEMBER 51, 2006				City Capi	ital F	Projects		
		Bud	get		_	Budgetary		Variance
		Original		Final		Actual		with Final
GOUDODG								
SOURCES	¢		¢	706.000	¢		¢	(70, 0, 0, 0, 0)
Special assessments	\$		\$	706,000	\$		\$	(706,000)
Intergovernmental revenues		6,330,940		6,612,627		3,640,292		(2,972,335)
Charges for services								
Investment income		1,000,000		1,000,000		981,494		(18,506)
Miscellaneous revenues		918,171		126,955		1,364,004		1,237,049
Proceeds from long term borrowing								
Transfers in		19,128,130		19,678,130		14,427,075		(5,251,055)
TOTAL SOURCES		27,377,241		28,123,712		20,412,865		(7,710,847)
USES								
Operating Costs								
Administrative Services Group		2,242,227		2,242,227		2,242,228		(1)
Non-Departmental		2,308,800		2,273,270		2,273,563		(293)
Continuing Appropriations								
General Management		132,580		132,580		132,580		—
Administrative Services Group		545,000		319,189		319,189		—
Operations Group		25,009,190		24,557,493		24,557,493		_
Community Services Group		3,450,000		512,000		512,000		
TOTAL USES		33,687,797		30,036,759		30,037,053		(294)
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE		(6,310,556)		(1,913,047)		(9,624,188)		(7,711,141)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1		17,725,984		16,271,319		16,271,319	. <u> </u>	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$	11,415,428	\$	14,358,272	=	6,647,131	\$	(7,711,141)
Less: Reservations Designations						(2,183,029) (3,673,089)		
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	RES	SERVATIONS			\$	791,013		
					Ψ	171,015	:	
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U	.s. c	GAAP FUND F	AL	ANCE				
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - Decem	ber 3	31			\$	6,647,131		
Add: Carry forward of continuing appropriations Assets not available for appropriations						19,388,838		
Less: Deferred revenue - Federal grants						(752,382)		
Adjust investments to fair value						129,982		
FUND BALANCE (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31					\$	25,413,569		

			Bond								Buildi				
6		dgets		-	udgetary		Variance			ıdge		- B	udgetary		ariance
Or	iginal	·	Final		Actual	V	vith Final		Original		Final		Actual	wi	th Final
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
φ	_	φ	_	φ	_	φ	_	φ	_	φ	_	Ф	_	φ	_
			_		_		_		45,000		45,000		45,000		_
			—		17,555		17,555		20,000		20,000		19,632		(368)
			—		—				—		—		—		—
	_		_		_		_	1 :	— 858,800		— 1,858,800		— 1,858,800		_
		·							000,000		1,050,000		1,050,000		
	_		_		17,555		17,555	1,	923,800		1,923,800		1,923,432		(368)
	_		—		—		—		121,386		121,386		121,386		—
	_		—		—		—		—		—		—		_
	—				_		—		—		—		—		—
			_				—	1,	811,200		1,811,200		1,811,200		_
	_		_		_				_		_		_		_
	_		_					1,9	932,586		1,932,586		1,932,586		
	_		_		17,555		17,555		(8,786)		(8,786)		(9,154)		(368)
11	6,214		141,393		141,393		_		104,352		107,890		107,890		_
\$ 11	6,214	\$	141,393	_	158,948	\$	17,555	\$	95,566	\$	99,104		98,736	\$	(368)
				-									_		
					(126,980)	-							—	-	
				\$	31,968	=						\$	98,736	=	
				\$	158,948							\$	98,736		
					73,566								806,697		
					_								_		
					_	-							5,596	-	
				\$	232,514							\$	911,029		
				Ψ	,1 1	-						¥	1,027	-	

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

SOURCES Charges for services		Bu	dgets	,		D 1 /		
				3	_	Budgetary		Variance
		Original		Final		Actual		with Final
Charges for services								
	\$	94,106,141	\$	94,106,141	\$	86,688,316	\$	(7,417,825)
Intergovernmental						35,906		35,906
Licenses and permits		146,394		146,394		115,395		(30,999)
Fines and forfeitures		—				917		917
Investment income		9,045,901		9,045,901		25,068,840		16,022,939
Miscellaneous revenues		33,433,776		33,433,776		24,335,277		(9,098,499)
Proceeds from sale of assets		57,728		57,728		55,095		(2,633)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		25,000,000		25,000,000		58,620,865		33,620,865
Transfers in		_				_		_
Funds from restricted assets		_				(3,958,773)		(3,958,773)
Release of prior year designation						_		
TOTAL SOURCES		161,789,940		161,789,940		190,961,838		29,171,898
USES								
Operating Costs								
Operations Group		100,765,236		140,387,140		128,906,693		11,480,447
Non-Departmental		447,288		50,156		—		50,156
Continuing Appropriations								
Operations Group		305,521,695		232,988,828		232,988,828		—
TOTAL USES		406,734,219	_	373,426,124		361,895,521		11,530,603
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE		(244,944,279)		(211,636,184)		(170,933,683)		40,702,501
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1		355,062,318		365,774,148		365,774,148		
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$	110,118,039	\$	154,137,964	=	194,840,465	\$	40,702,501
Less: Reservations						(14,136,145)		
Designations						(92,063,473)	_	
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RESERV AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	ATIO	NS			\$	88,640,847		
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S. GAAP	P FUN	D BALANCE				```````	=	
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December 31					\$	194,840,465		
Add: Current year operating encumbrances						907,903		
Carryforward of continuing appropriations						202,780,959		
Deferred charges						5,155,769		
Assets not available for appropriation						48,245,900		
Long-term interfund receivables								
Equity in joint venture						2,472,429		
Capital assets net of depreciation						1,111,975,838		
Inventories						_		
Less: Current portion of long-term debt						(9,958,396)		
Long-term debt						(677,223,991)		
Adjust investments to fair value						2,329,633		
NET ASSETS (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31					\$	881,526,509	-	

		Wa	istewa	ter							Golf			
Bu	idget	s		Budgetary		Variance		В	udget	s		Budgetary		Variance
Original		Final		Actual		with Final		Original		Final		Actual		with Final
\$ 45,300,982	\$	45,300,982	\$	43,334,597	\$	(1,966,385)	\$	9,936,200	\$	9,936,200	\$	9,511,487	\$	(424,713)
_		_				_		_		_		_		
_		_		—		—		_				_		_
_		_		—		—		_				17,227		17,227
1,253,815		1,253,815		4,300,273		3,046,458		115,000		115,000		86,233		(28,767)
8,493,742		8,493,742		3,352,633		(5,141,109)		324,600		324,600		128,768		(195,832)
11,835		11,835		16,279		4,444		_				1,225		1,225
_		—		_		_						—		_
_		_		_		_		_		_		50,000		50,000
_		_		_		_		_		_		50,000		50,000
55.050.054		55.0 60.074		51 000 700		(4.056.500)		10.075.000		10.075.000		0.704.040		(500.040)
 55,060,374		55,060,374		51,003,782		(4,056,592)	. <u> </u>	10,375,800		10,375,800		9,794,940		(580,860)
40,009,479		42,671,513		38,827,660		3,843,853		10,401,470		10,495,357		9,654,161		841,196
249,993		30,969		_		30,969		95,339		1,452		_		1,452
41,334,463		1,504,828		1,504,828				110,000		(74,232)		(74,232)		
81,593,935		44,207,310		40,332,488		3,874,822		10,606,809		10,422,577		9,579,929		842,648
(26,533,561)		10,853,064		10,671,294		(181,770)		(231,009)		(46,777)		215,011		261,788
45,911,058		53,778,244		53,778,244		_		727,675		808,406		808,406		_
\$ 19,377,497	\$	64,631,308		64,449,538	\$	(181,770)	\$	496,666	\$	761,629	_	1,023,417	\$	261,788
				(2,899,127)					_		_	—		
				(25,306,231)	-								-	
			\$	36,244,180	=						\$	1,023,417	=	
			\$	64,449,538							\$	1,023,417		
				394,955								13,534		
				37,820,229								65,657		
				335,218								53,984		
				8,109,312								456,473		
				4,552,000								_		
				363,358,883								32,186,394		
				—								230,813		
				(2,785,893)								(794,642)		
				(66,745,517)								(8,145,380)		
				479,665	-							56,404	-	
			\$	409,968,390	-						\$	25,146,654	_	

		Fleet Ma	anagement	
	Bu	dgets	Budgetary	Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
SOURCES				
Charges for services	\$ 8,265,478	\$ 9,045,478	\$ 8,156,961	\$ (888,517)
Investment income	\$ 0,205, 1 70	φ 9,0+3,+70	18,611	18,611
Miscellaneous revenues	5,000	5,000	8,929	3,929
Proceeds from sale of assets				
Transfers in	210,000	210,000	10,000	(200,000)
TOTAL SOURCES	8,480,478	9,260,478	8,194,501	(1,065,977)
USES				
Operating Costs				
Administrative Services Group	8,241,242	9,080,794	7,711,668	1,369,126
Non-departmental	69,150	9,598		9,598
TOTAL USES	8,310,392	9,090,392	7,711,668	1,378,724
CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	170,086	170,086	482,833	312,747
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1	453,345	248,264	248,264	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	\$ 623,431	\$ 418,350	731,097	\$ 312,747
Less: Designations				-
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION AFTER RE AND COUNCIL DESIGNATIONS - December 31	SERVATIONS		\$ 731,097	_
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS AVAILABLE TO U.S.	GAAP FUND BA	ALANCE		_
	21		¢ 721.007	
FUNDS AVAILABLE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - December	31		\$ 731,097	
Add: Capital assets net of depreciation			442,695	
Inventories			592,563	
Current year operating encumbrances			10,875	
Less: Current portion of long-term debt			(6,832)	
Long-term debt			(310,118)	
Adjust investments to fair value			6,480	-
NET ASSETS - (U.S. GAAP BASIS) - December 31			\$ 1,466,760	-

		Pri	nt Shop			Risk M	anagement	
	Bu	dgets	Budgetary	Variance	Bu	dgets	Budgetary	Variance
(Original	Final	Actual	with Final	Original	Final	Actual	with Final
\$	732,500 8,500	\$ 797,300 8,500	\$ 575,335 13,944	\$ (221,965) 5,444	\$ 7,588,747 579,584	\$ 7,588,747 579,584	\$ 7,298,746 572,012	\$ (290,001) (7,572)
					216,000	216,000	364,184	148,184
	741,000	805,800	589,279	(216,521)	8,384,331	8,384,331	8,234,942	(149,389)
	620,259 5,717	709,542 1,794	617,652	91,890 1,794	8,411,041 18,659	8,429,694 6	5,439,079	2,990,615 6
	625,976	711,336	617,652	93,684	8,429,700	8,429,700	5,439,079	2,990,621
	115,024	94,464	(28,373)	(122,837)	(45,369)	(45,369)	2,795,863	2,841,232
	407,876	329,021	329,021		5,839,213	7,490,328	7,490,328	
\$	522,900	\$ 423,485	300,648	\$ (122,837)	\$ 5,793,844	\$ 7,444,959	10,286,191	\$ 2,841,232
				-			(3,496,795)	
			\$ 300,648	-			\$ 6,789,396	
			\$ 300,648				\$ 10,286,191	
			56,639					
			23,140				—	
							58,045	
			(282)				(14,940)	
			(12,069)				(38,951)	
			2,057	-			88,643	
			\$ 370,133				\$ 10,378,988	





Statistical Section

Financial Trends

Revenue Capacity

Debt Capacity

Demographic and Economic Information

Operating Information

FINANCIAL TRENDS STATISTICS

These schedules provide financial trend information, which shows how the City's financial performance has changed over time.

<u>Exhibit A-1</u>	Net Assets by Component
<u>Exhibit A-2</u>	Changes in Net Assets
<u>Exhibit A-3</u>	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
<u>Exhibit A-4</u>	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
<u>Exhibit A-5</u>	Total Sales and Use Tax Revenues

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.



Exhibit A-1

City of Aurora, Colorado

Net Assets by Component

Last Seven Years

	Fiscal Year											
		<u>2002</u>		<u>2003</u>		<u>2004</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Governmental activities												
Invested in capital assets, net of related deb	\$	2,275,203,538	\$	2,333,052,302	\$	2,479,755,028	\$	2,564,482,012	\$	2,711,545,994	\$ 2,750,014,460	\$ 2,773,573,410
Restricted												
Construction (a)		1,464,086		3,310,450		-		11,624,224		15,432,018	4,687,349	4,621,770
Police (b)		6,901,872		1,040,402		840,769		441,853		649,829	930,688	938,179
E-911 equipment & services		3,996,089		3,227,306		4,181,097		4,730,191		5,289,905	6,011,852	6,365,253
Parks and Recreation (c)		5,545,882		6,948,069		9,792,734		13,679,692		13,537,324	16,297,932	19,591,164
Emergencies		6,134,321		6,339,676		6,587,427		6,784,149		6,189,980	7,745,299	8,188,738
Gifts and grants		4,422,877		8,655,457		7,345,087		6,754,529		4,706,420	5,184,456	5,712,156
Agreements (d)		4,750,398		5,325,373		5,251,278		4,442,130		9,587,071	11,038,966	9,338,401
Urban renewal (e)		1,750,963		2,110,891		1,170,124		721,486		127,822	11,382	11,682
Unrestricted		91,381,281		87,399,854		76,870,105		76,210,900		85,548,045	80,282,944	72,658,454
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	2,401,551,307	\$	2,457,409,780	\$	2,591,793,649	\$	2,689,871,166	\$	2,852,614,408	\$ 2,882,205,328	\$ 2,900,999,207
Business-type activities												
Invested in capital assets, net of related deb	\$	589,713,105	\$	647,248,248	\$	675,344,617	\$	764,659,039	\$	876,261,788	\$ 946,462,131	\$ 1,031,664,879
Restricted												
Construction (f)		104,185		3,994,407		4,199,838		1,984,417		13,762,820	3,627,410	5,114,062
Debt related (g)		3,100,000		3,100,000		3,100,000		2,500,000		2,500,000	2,500,000	19,535,272
Other		672,952		-		-		-		-	-	-
Unrestricted		121,493,852		115,611,638		161,607,602		182,168,952		201,213,673	280,587,656	260,154,817
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	715,084,094	\$	769,954,293	\$	844,252,057	\$	951,312,408	\$	1,093,738,281	\$ 1,233,177,197	\$ 1,316,469,030

Primary government							
Invested in capital assets, net of related deb	\$ 2,864,916,643	\$ 2,980,300,550	\$ 3,155,099,645	\$ 3,329,141,051	\$ 3,587,807,782	\$ 3,696,476,591	\$ 3,805,238,289
Restricted							
Construction	1,568,271	7,304,857	4,199,838	13,608,641	29,194,838	8,314,759	9,735,832
Police	6,901,872	1,040,402	840,769	441,853	649,829	930,688	938,179
E-911 equipment & services	3,996,089	3,227,306	4,181,097	4,730,191	5,289,905	6,011,852	6,365,253
Parks and recreation	5,545,882	6,948,069	9,792,734	13,679,692	13,537,324	16,297,932	19,591,164
Emergencies	6,134,321	6,339,676	6,587,427	6,784,149	6,189,980	7,745,299	8,188,738
Gifts and grants	4,422,877	8,655,457	7,345,087	6,754,529	4,706,420	5,184,456	5,712,156
Debt related	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,100,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	19,535,272
Agreements	5,423,350	5,325,373	5,251,278	4,442,130	9,587,071	11,038,966	9,338,401
Urban renewal	1,750,963	2,110,891	1,170,124	721,486	127,822	11,382	11,682
Unrestricted	 212,875,133	203,011,492	238,477,707	258,379,852	286,761,718	360,870,600	332,813,271
Total primary government net assets	\$ 3,116,635,401	\$ 3,227,364,073	\$ 3,436,045,706	\$ 3,641,183,574	\$ 3,946,352,689	\$ 4,115,382,525	\$ 4,217,468,237

Note: The City is only reporting years beginning with 2002, the year GASB Statement 34 was implemented

(a) In 2004, no receipts restricted for county road and bridge improvements remained unspent at yearend. In 2005, noise mitigation court settlements were received an

restricted for capital related purchases (mainly land acquisitions). In 2006, dedicated open space revenues remained unspent.

(b) Police restricted equity represents seizure funds. Fluctuation in this account is expected.

(c) Increase from 2003 to 2004 represents Conservation Trust and Park Development revenue growth. Increase from 2004 to 2005 represents new Arapahoe County Open Space tax receipts. Increase from 2006 to 2007 represents accumulation of Park Development revenues for future construction

(d) Increase from 2005 to 2006 represents amounts anticipated to be paid out on future agreements.

(e) Activity reflects the spend down of funds dedicated to the Fletcher Plaza Enhancement Area.

(f) 2006 increase represents unspent amounts set aside to fund storm drain projects. 2007 decrease represents spend down of storm drain project funds.

(g) 2008 increase represents activity in the Prairie Water Project.

City of Aurora, Colorado

Exhibit A-2

Changes in Net Assets

Last Seven Years

					Fiscal Year				
Expenses		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2008
Governmental activities:									
General government	(a)	\$ 24,153,407	\$ 32,106,373	\$ 34,865,194	\$ 53,727,660	\$ 32,428,420	\$ 35,443,241	\$	36,882,880
Judicial		6,108,249	6,412,905	6,891,787	6,955,078	7,182,054	7,744,454		8,067,017
Police		61,059,499	64,279,691	64,975,624	67,694,840	71,983,533	76,903,178		79,278,710
Fire		28,287,789	30,113,236	29,082,202	29,227,035	30,915,945	33,196,185		34,484,884
Other public safety	(b)	4,209,271	5,847,178	9,465,582	10,351,525	10,813,970	11,977,596		12,956,565
Public works	(c)	27,001,770	25,023,998	28,175,551	39,425,303	42,713,262	36,963,018		37,022,337
Economic development		15,840,176	15,822,183	14,095,722	15,214,633	16,873,516	15,266,467		16,364,134
Community services		7,410,045	9,049,017	9,407,800	9,632,404	9,964,733	10,389,047		12,626,972
Culture and recreation		31,302,143	31,612,407	34,217,470	35,608,066	35,750,658	37,470,446		38,720,494
Unallocated depreciation		943,937	2,528,558	2,741,752	2,944,641	3,305,620	3,187,118		3,325,541
Interest on long-term debt		 9,625,237	9,478,162	8,958,150	8,610,617	6,949,427	7,388,080		8,268,795
Total governmental activities expenses		 215,941,523	232,273,708	242,876,834	279,391,802	268,881,138	275,928,830		287,998,329
Business-type activities:									
Water	(d)	34,046,181	40,784,896	46,903,285	58,689,242	60,675,340	72,215,638		78,139,181
Wastewater	(e)	22,269,398	24,807,909	26,173,594	30,141,125	33,453,356	37,101,476		40,627,123
Golf		 8,641,960	8,545,279	8,729,124	8,696,129	8,990,266	9,320,032		9,661,133
Total business-type activities expenses		 64,957,539	74,138,084	81,806,003	97,526,496	103,118,962	118,637,146		128,427,437
Total primary government expenses		\$ 280,899,062	\$ 306,411,792	\$ 324,682,837	\$ 376,918,298	\$ 372,000,100	\$ 394,565,976	\$	416,425,766
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services									
General government	(f)	\$ 1,723,963	\$ 1,766,942	\$ 1,499,724	\$ 5,101,144	\$ 1,794,049	\$ 2,361,233	\$	3,841,779
Judicial	(g)	4,985,565	5,473,368	5,419,785	7,290,726	7,254,834	8,255,912		8,112,024
Police		1,597,194	1,640,253	1,728,947	1,756,746	2,310,862	2,809,446		2,298,015
Fire		541,088	522,448	548,843	521,594	612,917	443,224		608,065
Other public safety		-	900	-	3,060	169,371	180,945		153,938
Public works		353,714	360,109	485,472	971,021	1,626,995	683,325		223,148
Economic development	(h)	10,228,777	10,214,741	13,247,894	16,228,709	12,976,173	10,177,375		8,486,228
Community services	(i)	1,708,174	2,554,164	2,193,055	3,531,460	1,504,620	2,813,009		1,175,549
Culture and recreation		5,355,502	5,321,819	5,331,250	5,625,750	5,734,638	5,545,510		5,986,101
Operating grants & contributions	(j)	33,318,184	31,364,667	31,554,456	49,966,351	47,522,357	24,565,452		25,710,829
Capital grants & contributions	(k)	 33,547,825	44,542,305	125,614,269	86,963,191	136,709,120	28,260,368		33,198,276
Total governmental activities program reven	ues	 93,359,986	103,761,716	187,623,695	177,959,752	218,215,936	86,095,799		89,793,952
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services									
Water	(1)	39,612,430	40,231,989	50,924,714	64,603,833	74,797,433	83,489,049		86,804,628
Wastewater	(m)	24,252,421	25,580,371	26,327,715	29,059,182	33,286,941	39,070,578		43,334,647
Golf		9,174,718	8,205,072	8,266,180	8,737,191	9,055,305	9,332,171		9,528,713
Operating grants & contributions	(n)	59,298	1,452,549	1,757,856	2,957,447	12,866,255	23,957,607		23,559,047
Capital grants & contributions	(0)	 53,568,608	51,868,133	67,566,320	96,735,378	113,381,835	97,844,561		41,224,671
Total business-type activities program reven		 126,667,475	127,338,114	154,842,785	202,093,031	243,387,769	253,693,966		204,451,706
Total primary government program revenues	8	\$ 220,027,461	\$ 231,099,830	\$ 342,466,480	\$ 380,052,783	\$ 461,603,705	\$ 339,789,765	\$	294,245,658

Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (122,581,537) 61,709,936	\$ (128,511,992) 53,200,030	\$ (55,253,139) 73,036,782	\$ (101,432,050) 104,566,535	\$ (50,665,202) 140,268,807	\$ (189,833,031) 135,056,820	\$ (198,204,377) 76,024,269
Total primary government net expense	\$ (60,871,601)	\$ (75,311,962)	\$ 17,783,643	\$ 3,134,485	\$ 89,603,605	\$ (54,776,211)	\$ (122,180,108)
General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities: Taxes							
Sales & use taxes Property taxes Franchise taxes Lodgers taxes Occupational privilege taxes Other taxes Nonspecific grants & contributions Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers	\$ 130,722,511 26,732,855 8,777,935 3,231,779 3,824,913 4,430,407 883,670 7,396,774 2,438	\$ 128,687,061 29,799,273 10,183,683 3,044,341 3,684,159 4,864,920 832,315 3,264,743 9,970	\$ 135,610,392 28,033,332 10,606,171 3,130,347 3,755,667 5,361,765 862,890 2,276,444	\$ 143,592,080 28,644,691 11,224,526 3,344,153 3,950,531 5,366,799 793,718 2,793,069 (200,000)	\$ 149,931,394 29,742,954 11,566,625 4,008,854 4,058,928 7,292,324 855,949 5,951,416	\$ 152,895,195 30,813,184 11,439,537 4,572,800 4,215,950 7,331,575 784,891 7,370,814	\$ 151,023,488 32,519,051 13,037,994 4,688,562 4,295,911 5,001,847 848,779 5,500,036 82,588
Total governmental activities general revenues	 186,003,282	184,370,465	189,637,008	199,509,567	213,408,444	219,423,946	216,998,256
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers	 5,807,397 (2,438)	1,680,139 (9,970)	1,260,982	2,293,816 200,000	2,157,066	4,382,097	7,350,152 (82,588)
Total business-type activities	 5,804,959	1,670,169	1,260,982	2,493,816	2,157,066	4,382,097	7,267,564
Total primary government	\$ 191,808,241	\$ 186,040,634	\$ 190,897,990	\$ 202,003,383	\$ 215,565,510	\$ 223,806,043	\$ 224,265,820
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 63,421,745 67,514,895	\$ 55,858,473 54,870,199	\$ 134,383,869 74,297,764	\$ 98,077,517 107,060,351	\$ 162,743,242 142,425,873	\$ 29,590,917 139,438,917	\$ 18,793,879 83,291,833
Change in net assets	\$ 130,936,640	\$ 110,728,672	\$ 208,681,633	\$ 205,137,868	\$ 305,169,115	\$ 169,029,834	\$ 102,085,712

Note: The City is only reporting years beginning with 2002, the year GASB Statement 34 was implemented.

(a) Increase in 2005 results from: the early payoff of a tax incentive; payment of excation fees collected on behalf of another government; and a Net Pension Asset writedown.

(b) Increase from 2002 to 2003 represents moving detention center costs from police. Increase from 2003 to 2004 represents moving police & fire communications costs from Police and Fire function. Increase from 2004 to 2005 represents new dispatch center operating costs and an increase in E-911 contract costs.

- (c) 2005 increase results from noncapitalizable landfill cleanup costs. 2006 increase includes additional landfill cleanup costs and snowstorm costs. 2007 decrease due to no landfill cleanup or snowstorm costs, but does reflect increased depreciation and operating expenses.
- (d) Increases reflect expansion of the water system.
- (e) Increases reflect an increase in sewer treatment expense and an increase in sewer personnel costs.
- (f) Increase in 2005 represents exaction fees collected to offset bridge widening costs.
- (g) Increase from 2004 to 2005 represents an increase in the court fines schedule.
- (h) Increase from 2003 to 2005 represents an increase in developer review activity and permit revenue growth. Subsequent decreases reflect reduced development activity.
- (i) Increase in 2005 represents an increase in Dam West SID receipts to fund neighborhood fence costs.
- (j) Increase from 2004 to 2005 results from federal reimbursement for a landfill cleanup and a court settlement to mitigate airport noise. 2006 activity remained strong as more funding was received for the landfill cleanup. 2007 activity decreased as the landfill cleanup was completed. Additionally, highway road and bridge intergovernmental revenue was moved from operating grants to capital grants.
- (k) Fluctuation primarily represents fluctuation in developer contributed streets from year to year.
- (I) Increases attributable to new water rate schedule.
- (m) Increases attributable to new rate schedule and volume increases.
- (n) Increase from 2005 to 2007 attributable to interest earnings on development revenues and bond proceeds.
- (0) Amounts represent developer tap fee revenue and developer contributed water and sewer mains. 2008 decrease reflects reduced development activity.



Exhibit A-3

City of Aurora, Colorado

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year																	
	<u>1999</u>		2000		<u>2001</u>		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006	2007	2008	
General Fund																		
Reserved	\$ 13,308,521	\$	13,522,647	\$	10,552,694	\$	6,956,701	\$	1,711,075	\$	992,384 \$	5	1,318,383	\$	1,298,394 \$	1,687,871	\$ 559,3	347
Unreserved	 24,082,648		24,492,485		21,592,048		31,631,227		27,223,539		23,433,917		26,290,788		29,910,165	25,886,915	22,232,9) 71
Total General Fund	 37,391,169		38,015,132		32,144,742		38,587,928		28,934,614		24,426,301		27,609,171		31,208,559	27,574,786	22,792,3	318
Unreserved, reported in:																		
Special revenue funds																		
Policy Reserve	14,134,222		15,470,863		16,945,902		17,748,258		18,109,610		18,275,311		18,744,164		19,239,541	20,910,375	21,426,2	228
TABOR Reserve	 5,057,863		5,393,012		5,826,763		6,134,321		6,339,676		6,587,427		6,784,149		6,189,980	7,745,299	8,188,7	738
Total General, Policy & TABOR Reserve funds	\$ 56,583,254	\$	58,879,007	\$	54,917,407	\$	62,470,507	\$	53,383,900	\$	49,289,039 \$	5	53,137,484	\$	56,638,080 \$	56,230,460	\$ 52,407,2	284
All Other Governmental Funds																		
Reserved	30,366,096		146,757,408		131,319,918		85,741,579		65,025,259		36,701,725		42,655,158		45,371,137	29,592,991	34,782,6	576
Unreserved, reported in:																		
Special revenue funds (a)	14,361,177		9,917,889		15,687,402		13,963,613		17,466,800		21,441,259		31,503,230		31,623,727	39,136,449	38,994,2	282
Debt service funds	3,054,733		3,075,573		3,105,575		660,519		724,289		788,296		907,313		1,158,038	1,275,158	1,934,7	741
Capital projects funds	 19,968,626		35,875,724		39,963,289		41,357,853		28,891,430		28,225,242		24,577,647		28,380,427	24,743,923	20,913,1	118
Total all other governmental funds	 67,750,632		195,626,594		190,076,184		141,723,564		112,107,778		87,156,522		99,643,348		106,533,329	94,748,521	96,624,8	317
Total fund balances	\$ 124,333,886	\$	254,505,601	\$	244,993,591	\$	204,194,071	\$	165,491,678	\$	136,445,561 \$	\$ 1	52,780,832	\$	163,171,409 \$	150,978,981	\$ 149,032,1	101

(a) Excluding TABOR and Policy Reserve funds.

Note: The Policy and TABOR reserve are being shown with the General Fund to show the emergency reserves available to the City.

Exhibit A-4

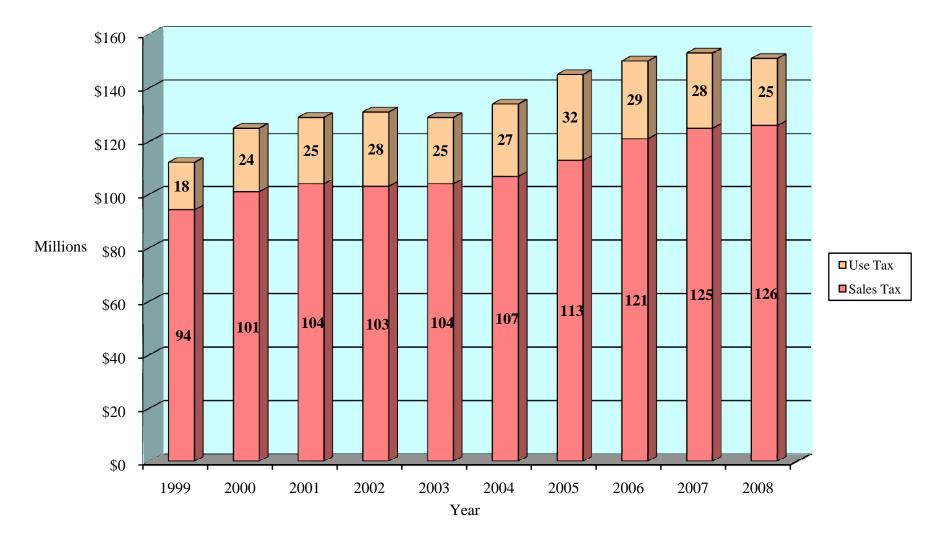
City of Aurora, Colorado

Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year										
		<u>1999</u>	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
REVENUES											
Taxes											
Sales and use	\$	112,612,925 \$	124,670,054 \$	128,794,583 \$	131,175,237 \$	128,674,426 \$	134,245,043 \$	145,134,048 \$	149,526,922 \$	153,243,007 \$	150,617,059
Property		18,225,450	19,429,113	25,138,146	26,732,855	29,799,273	28,033,332	28,644,691	29,742,954	30,813,184	32,519,051
Franchise		8,030,548	8,560,036	10,117,112	8,777,935	10,183,683	10,606,171	11,224,526	11,566,625	11,439,537	13,037,994
Lodgers		3,480,224	3,808,955	3,438,213	3,231,779	3,044,341	3,130,347	3,344,153	4,008,854	4,572,800	4,688,562
Occupational privilege		3,448,211	3,679,334	3,657,773	3,824,913	3,684,159	3,755,667	3,950,531	4,058,928	4,215,950	4,295,911
Other		3,081,293	3,804,754	4,207,334	4,430,407	4,864,920	5,361,765	5,366,799	7,292,324	7,331,575	5,001,847
Charges for services		11,702,854	10,662,570	12,670,536	14,453,021	15,298,469	18,951,376	19,902,708	15,408,472	18,620,824	15,996,882
Licenses and permits		5,373,101	6,005,710	7,140,457	9,394,758	8,902,351	10,974,896	13,710,827	13,121,874	9,523,978	8,817,173
Fines and forfeitures		4,038,670	4,099,854	4,742,280	4,858,917	5,312,628	5,195,033	7,081,565	7,547,331	8,862,389	8,209,553
Special assessments		473,694	433,235	318,617	192,493	264,002	47,795	1,024,193	292,474	545,373	346,447
Intergovernmental		21,439,172	21,110,332	22,258,953	24,455,505	22,780,958	28,557,034	36,785,824	35,509,439	32,005,970	33,731,296
Surcharges		1,440,582	1,501,376	2,716,398	2,693,191	2,604,231	2,650,587	2,694,385	2,790,662	2,862,077	3,139,083
Miscellaneous		6,439,036	3,553,612	2,978,342	5,509,569	4,283,746	5,174,348	16,033,741	15,473,953	8,052,699	7,182,586
Investment earnings		3,921,313	10,827,210	15,023,970	14,867,221	5,327,877	4,099,535	3,692,282	7,027,993	8,755,080	6,456,844
Total revenues		203,707,073	222,146,145	243,202,714	254,597,801	245,025,064	260,782,929	298,590,273	303,368,805	300,844,443	294,040,288
		203,707,073	222,140,145	245,202,714	234,397,801	243,023,004	200,782,929	298,390,273	303,308,803	300,844,445	294,040,288
EXPENDITURES Current											
General government		21,267,721	22,364,376	22,361,989	25,271,995	32,974,743	34,809,025	51,361,370	34,353,933	34,207,588	34,006,200
Judicial		5,101,551	5,455,373	5,745,870	6,110,996		· · ·	, ,	7,175,054	7,706,708	8,069,643
Police					, ,	6,296,055	6,867,461	6,818,969	70,298,998		
		53,020,967	54,624,074	57,845,300	59,326,105	61,411,745	62,661,168	65,764,443		74,496,292 32,308,850	78,646,612
Fire Other multiplication		23,137,014	25,150,075	26,767,183	27,972,743	28,758,598	27,840,562	28,195,821	29,977,336	- , ,	33,764,814
Other public safety		494,574	2,082,171	1,281,460	3,927,902	5,260,630	9,038,844	10,106,404	10,506,510	11,780,534	12,742,372
Public works		30,177,441	37,714,179	30,306,245	21,598,825	19,260,674	20,605,607	30,631,449	32,304,425	24,933,938	24,357,677
Economic development		10,447,573	12,581,764	14,443,774	15,940,491	15,753,059	14,102,957	15,305,193	16,695,677	15,585,637	16,328,694
Community services		7,496,958	7,842,842	8,024,127	7,233,833	8,829,366	9,257,105	9,493,039	9,724,207	10,151,162	12,473,080
Culture and recreation		27,376,586	26,054,568	28,574,815	29,599,895	29,364,362	31,825,342	32,766,693	32,886,396	34,973,302	36,164,665
Debt Service											
Principal		6,000,330	5,625,474	6,675,508	6,679,071	7,652,362	8,921,242	10,577,968	13,036,135	13,583,952	13,187,802
Interest		2,842,798	4,643,108	9,672,964	9,506,354	9,528,666	9,046,758	8,598,608	6,874,792	7,141,260	7,971,018
Capital outlay		8,718,653	13,780,493	39,349,089	102,817,652	61,302,114	50,060,333	38,591,864	33,354,866	47,062,412	28,473,688
Total expenditures		196,082,166	217,918,497	251,048,324	315,985,862	286,392,374	285,036,404	308,211,821	297,188,329	313,931,635	306,186,265
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures		7,624,907	4,227,648	(7,845,610)	(61,388,061)	(41,367,310)	(24,253,475)	(9,621,548)	6,180,476	(13,087,192)	(12,145,977)
(unaci) experiancies	-	1,021,701	1,227,010	(7,010,010)	(01,500,001)	(11,507,510)	(21,200,110)	(),021,010)	0,100,170	(10,007,172)	(12,110,5777)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		56,187,962	49,273,414	47,975,096	43,664,588	55,204,349	57,960,594	83,160,614	57,744,381	49,352,397	44,221,197
Transfers out		(57,909,505)	(51,753,472)	(50,404,651)	(41,196,352)	(55,294,379)	(57,885,594)	(82,745,807)	(58,198,520)	(49,901,726)	(44,281,197)
Premium(discount) on debt issues		(01,505,505)	-	-	(11,1)0,002)	(00,2) (,07)	187,611	(179,797)	797,089	-	-
Proceeds from debt issues		17,470,000	126,475,000	-	15,421,826	2,549,559	8,750,000	24,535,000	539,309	-	68,540,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent						(2,490,000)	(14,975,000)	21,000,000	-		(60,635,390)
Notes Issued						(2,490,000)	(14,975,000)			1,075,000	(00,055,570)
Proceeds from capital leases			1,239,232	343,677			944,280	915,600	2,912,974	1,075,000	2,093,601
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		269,437	340,850	419,478	2,698,480	2,695,389	225,467	271,209	414,868	369,093	260,886
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,017,894	125,575,024	(1,666,400)	20,588,542	2,664,918	(4,792,642)	25,956,819	4,210,101	894,764	10,199,097
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,017,074	123,373,024	(1,000,400)	20,300,342	2,004,710	(7,/72,072)	23,730,017	4,210,101	074,704	10,177,077
Net change in fund balances	\$	23,642,801 \$	129,802,672 \$	(9,512,010) \$	(40,799,519) \$	(38,702,392) \$	(29,046,117) \$	16,335,271 \$	10,390,577 \$	(12,192,428) \$	(1,946,880)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (a)	4.72%	5.03%	7.72%	7.59%	7.63%	7.65%	7.11%	7.55%	7.77%	7.62%

(a) This calculation is performed as follows: Total debt service (principal plus interest) divided by total noncapital expenditures (total expenditures less capital outlay).

City of Aurora, Colorado Total Sales and Use Tax Revenues Last Ten Years



Notes: See Exhibit A-4, Revenues, Taxes



REVENUE CAPACITY STATISTICS

These schedules provide additional information about sales and use taxes and property taxes, the City's most significant local revenue sources.

<u>Exhibit A-6</u>	Sales and Use Tax Receipts by Business Sector
<u>Exhibit A-7</u>	Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates
<u>Exhibit A-8</u>	Top Ten Sales and Use Tax Payers by Industry Group
<u>Exhibit A-9</u>	Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
<u>Exhibit A-10</u>	Property Tax Rates – Direct and Primary Overlapping Governments
<u>Exhibit A-11</u>	Top Ten Principal Property Tax Payers
Exhibit A-12	Property Tax Levies and Collections

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.

City of Aurora, Colorado Sales and Use Tax Receipts by Business Sector (Cash Basis)

Last Nine Years

	Fiscal Year															
		<u>2000</u>		<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>		<u>2003</u>		<u>2004</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>	2008
Sales and Use Tax Receipts by Business Sector																
Retail trade	\$	59,880,657	\$	61,666,655 \$	59,119,766	\$	60,660,159	\$	61,323,123	\$	64,149,437	\$	68,785,268	\$	72,371,462	\$ 70,219,932
Accommodation & food services		11,148,645		11,643,288	11,842,340		12,060,851		12,688,329		13,521,657		14,209,309		15,722,168	16,646,987
Information/Media		9,610,289		10,757,972	9,089,360		7,410,538		8,410,406		9,404,063		10,084,979		10,735,395	11,206,178
Utilities		6,260,234		7,896,573	10,004,207		7,368,457		8,338,419		9,254,990		10,868,971		10,176,084	11,542,677
Real estate, rental & leasing		4,584,136		5,066,623	4,717,082		4,779,630		4,246,358		4,351,737		4,595,117		4,738,835	4,620,515
Manufacturing		4,224,016		3,862,112	3,593,335		3,387,378		3,505,429		3,220,917		3,560,554		2,796,082	2,635,512
Wholesale trade		2,187,058		2,769,157	3,855,464		4,341,125		4,166,333		4,806,379		5,428,407		5,251,516	5,740,516
Finance and insurance		1,706,488		1,675,830	1,655,349		1,286,834		1,036,981		908,032		985,344		1,032,270	1,033,487
Health Care and Social Assistance (a)		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,278,344
Arts, entertainment & recreational		908,933		978,288	967,856		912,800		958,913		916,219		880,367		825,845	843,638
Professional, scientific and technical		819,190		930,322	648,743		801,065		728,034		1,025,581		958,251		1,050,971	939,483
Construction		760,707		693,967	1,040,284		1,083,967		1,083,516		2,206,861		1,987,942		1,760,245	1,604,885
Other services		4,145,471		4,202,351	4,363,934		4,537,029		4,408,874		4,340,091		4,758,881		5,284,155	4,210,019
Automobile use tax		10,157,743		11,438,366	11,469,004		10,948,897		10,215,871		10,284,541		9,834,375		10,845,015	10,302,520
Building materials use tax		8,507,397		7,782,462	10,291,664		8,629,048		11,955,724		15,459,058		13,645,196		12,328,785	7,514,659
Total Sales and Use Tax Receipts	\$	124,900,964	\$	131,363,966 \$	132,658,388	\$	128,207,778	\$	133,066,310	\$	143,849,563	\$	150,582,961	\$ 1	54,918,828	\$ 150,339,352
City direct sales/use tax rate		3.75%		3.75%	3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%	3.75%

SOURCE: City of Aurora's Sales Tax Division, except for automobile and building material use tax which is tracked within the Finance Department.

Amounts shown on this table from the City Sales Tax Division include taxes received for both the General Fund and AURA. The amounts reflected in this table are gross amounts received and will not necessarily reflect U.S. GAAP as recorded in the financial statements; differences include refunds

and accruals.

(a) For 2001 through 2007 Health Care and Social Assistance receipts had been included in the totals for other services, for 2008 the receipts are listed as a separate line item.

City of Aurora, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates

Last Ten Years

Arapahoe County

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	State	RTD	Scientific & Cultural	(a) Football Stadium District	Open Space	Total Rate Arapahoe County
1999	3.75%	3.00%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	-	7.55%
2000	3.75%	3.00%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	-	7.55%
2001	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	-	7.45%
2002	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	-	7.45%
2003	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	-	7.45%
2004	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	7.70%
2005	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	8.10%
2006	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	8.10%
2007	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	8.10%
2008	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	8.10%

Adams County

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	State	RTD	Scientific & Cultural	(a) Football Stadium District	Open Space	Roads & Bridges	Total Rate Adams County
1999	3.75%	3.00%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	-	0.50%	8.05%
2000	3.75%	3.00%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.25%
2001	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.15%
2002	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.15%
2003	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.15%
2004	3.75%	2.90%	0.60%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.15%
2005	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.55%
2006	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%	0.50%	8.55%
2007	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	0.50%	8.60%
2008	3.75%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	0.10%	0.25%	0.50%	8.60%

SOURCE: City of Aurora's Tax & Licensing Division

(a) This was a "Baseball District Tax" through the year 2000.

Exhibit A-8

Top Ten Principal Sales and Use Tax Payers by Industry Group

Current Year and Eight Years Ago

		2	2008		2000				
	Sal	les & Use Tax Receipts	Rank	Percentage of Total City Sales & Use Tax Receipts	Sal	es & Use Tax Receipts	Rank	Percentage of Total City Sales & Use Tax Receipts	
Department stores	\$	16,864,959	1	11.22%	\$	13,281,289	1	10.63%	
Full-service restaurants		12,367,783	2	8.23%		10,347,586	2	8.28%	
Electical power generation, transmissio distribution	n	11,299,663	3	7.52%		6,192,016	5	4.96%	
Building materials & supplies stores		7,848,903	4	5.22%		5,733,398	6	4.59%	
Telecommunications		7,702,353	5	5.12%		7,440,810	3	5.96%	
Clothing stores		5,919,494	6	3.94%		-		0.00%	
Electronics and appliance stores		5,013,907	7	3.34%		3,564,209	10	2.85%	
Other miscellaneous retail stores		4,815,244	8	3.20%		5,234,411	7	4.19%	
Automobile dealers		4,473,438	9	2.98%		6,373,534	4	5.10%	
Other general merchandise stores		4,262,348	10	2.84%		4,924,476	8	3.94%	
Grocery stores						3,682,863	9	2.95%	
Total	\$	80,568,092		53.59%	\$	66,774,592		53.46%	

SOURCE: City of Aurora's Sales Tax Division

Note: Total City sales and use tax receipts were \$150,339,352 for 2008 and \$124,900,964 for the year 2000.

Exhibit A-9

City of Aurora, Colorado

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Years

			Real Property (a)			Tot		Percent of Total		
Assessment/ Levy Year	Collection/ Budget Year	Assessed Value Adams County	Assessed Value Arapahoe County (b)	Assessed Value Douglas County	Assessed Value	Percentage Change	Estimated Actual Value	Percentage Change	Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
1999	2000	292,819,650	1,594,238,220	2,480	1,887,060,350	22.2%	12,500,191,290	20.0%	15.1%	11.796
2000	2001	316,583,610	1,673,391,071	2,480	1,989,977,161	5.5%	12,917,885,512	3.3%	15.4%	10.594
2001	2002	382,141,380	1,947,164,470	2,600	2,329,308,450	17.1%	16,840,511,419	30.4%	13.8%	12.193
2002	2003	391,969,270	2,039,310,460	32,610	2,431,312,340	4.4%	17,631,037,265	4.7%	13.8%	11.409
2003	2004	415,203,720	2,069,917,070	48,550	2,485,169,340	2.2%	20,375,486,637	15.6%	12.2%	11.161
2004	2005	447,208,260	2,127,672,860	80,810	2,574,961,930	3.6%	21,018,710,901	3.2%	12.3%	11.079
2005	2006	487,883,880	2,223,143,550	81,270	2,711,108,700	5.3%	22,166,078,150	5.5%	12.2%	10.958
2006	2007	510,091,180	2,315,537,610	1,099,640	2,826,728,430	4.3%	23,166,543,343	4.5%	12.2%	10.867
2007	2008	542,673,070	2,507,656,430	3,582,000	3,053,911,500	8.0%	24,396,193,173	5.3%	12.5%	10.701
2008	2009	569,347,020	2,546,012,900	6,743,960	3,122,103,880	2.2%	24,945,172,361	2.3%	12.5%	10.664

Notes: Data obtained from Certifications of Valuation provided by Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas counties. Colorado statutes provide procedures for the valuation of property for assessment purposes. The "Assessment/Levy Year" is the calendar year in which the property value is assessed. It is also the year in which the associated tax is levied. The tax revenue for a "Collection/Budget Year" is based on the assessment and tax levy made in the prior year. Tax revenue collections occur in the budget year.

The County Assessor bases the assessed values on property values as of June 30 of the year prior to the assessment year. Thus the assessed values for the taxes associated with budget year 2009 are based on the 2008 assessment, which itself is based on property values as of June 30, 2007.

The assessed valuation percentage is established each year and was as follows: Residential: 1999 through 2000 - 9.74%; 2001 and 2002 - 9.15%; and 2003 through 2008 - 7.96%.

All other classes of property were assessed at 29% of estimated actual value.

Differences in the percentage change between actual value and assessed value relate to the change in the mix of residential to other property from year to year. Additionally, exempt property is represented in actual value but not in assessed value.

(a) Includes both real and some business personal property.

(b) Does not include tax increment financing district incremental assessed valuation of: \$8,090,420 - 1999; \$8,728,579 - 2000; \$8,168,440 - 2001; \$6,685,640 - 2002; \$5,813,860 - 2003; \$4,720,910 - 2004; \$5,164,460 - 2005; \$5,453,930 - 2006; \$6,202,670 - 2007 and \$1,662,950 - 2008.

Exhibit A-10

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND PRIMARY OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Last Ten Years

			Со	unties	S	chools	(1) Total Tax Rate - City of Aurora and:						
Assessment/ Levy Year	Collection/ Budget Year	City of Aurora	Adams	Arapahoe	Aurora 28J	Cherry Creek	Adams County and Aurora Schools 28J	Arapahoe County and Aurora Schools 28J	Arapahoe County and Cherry Creek Schools				
1999	2000	11.796	25.273	13.706	53.799	53.093	90.868	79.301	78.595				
2000	2001	10.594	25.681	14.013	53.686	52.397	89.961	78.293	77.004				
2001	2002	12.193	23.541	14.028	49.978	46.889	85.712	76.199	73.110				
2002	2003	11.409	26.370	14.594	49.825	47.331	87.604	75.828	73.334				
2003	2004	11.161	26.779	14.140	47.964	49.654	85.904	73.265	74.955				
2004	2005	11.079	26.903	15.450	47.003	51.132	84.985	73.532	77.661				
2005	2006	10.958	26.804	15.421	45.824	51.575	83.586	72.203	77.954				
2006	2007	10.867	26.974	16.083	45.745	51.129	83.586	72.695	78.079				
2007	2008	10.701	26.899	15.217	45.530	47.397	83.130	71.448	73.315				
2008	2009	10.664	26.809	14.609	53.248	39.637	90.721	78.521	64.910				

Notes: Data obtained from Certifications of Valuation provided by Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas counties. Colorado statutes provide procedures for the valuation of property for assessment purposes. The "Assessment/Levy Year" is the calendar year in which the property value is assessed. It is also the year in which the associated tax is levied. The tax revenue for a "Collection/Budget Year" is based on the assessment and tax levy made in the prior year. Tax revenue collections occur in the budget year.

The County Assessor bases the assessed values on property values as of June 30 of the year prior to the assessment year. Thus the assessed values for the taxes associated with budget year 2009 are based on the 2008 assessment, which itself is based on property values as of June 30, 2007.

(1) <u>This schedule presents mill levies for counties and school districts only and may not represent the total tax rate for each property.</u> The Adams and Arapahoe County Assessor's Offices report that property owners within county boundaries may be subject to a variety of different mill levies depending on the property's location.

Exhibit A-11

Top Ten Principal Property Tax Payers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2	2008		1999					
	Assessed Valuation of Property		Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		Assessed Valuation of Property	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		
Xcel Energy (formerly Public Service Co of	\$	43,042,440	1	1.38%	\$	34,124,580	2	1.81%		
Colorado)										
Qwest Communications (formerly U.S. West										
Communications)		43,011,300	2	1.38%		38,884,500	1	2.06%		
Blue Spruce Energy Center LLC		29,249,200	3	0.94%						
Verizon		15,911,330	4	0.51%						
Arapahoe Crossings		15,804,990	5	0.51%						
Columbia HealthOne		14,580,270	6	0.39%		13,949,000	3	0.74%		
Weingarten/Miller/Aurora II		12,180,000	7	0.37%						
Comcast of Colorado		11,433,730	8	0.29%						
Retail Property Trust		8,903,000	9	0.28%		6,960,000	8	0.37%		
Pro Logis		8,830,950	10	0.00%		7,827,980	6	0.41%		
Glenborough Properties						11,960,860	4	0.63%		
Aberdeen Land Company						10,439,020	5	0.55%		
IBM Credit Corporation						7,239,130	7	0.38%		
Nationwide Hospitality						6,090,010	9	0.32%		
Kaiser Foundation HP						5,800,000	10	0.31%		
Total	\$	202,947,210		6.50%	\$	143,275,080		7.59%		

Source: Data obtained from Certifications of Valuations provided by Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas Counties. The Total Assessed Value in assessment year 2008 is \$3,122,103,880 and 1999 was \$1,887,060,350. This total does not include the tax increment financing district assessed valuation for 2008 of \$1,662,950 or 1999 of \$8,728,579.

Exhibit A-12

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Years

Assessment/	Collection/		Current	Percent	Delinquent	Total	Collections as % of	TABOR	(c)	Tax	Total
Levy Year	Budget Year	Total Tax Levy (a)	Tax Collections	of Levy Collected	Collections/ (Refunds) (b)	Tax Collections	Current Tax Levy	Excess Collections	Tax Credit	Increment Collections	Property Tax Revenues
1998	1999	17,726,529	17.575.493	99.15%	(79,042)	17,496,451	98.70%	(1,235,123)	1,649,456	314,666	18,225,450
1999	2000	22,170,875	22,041,571	99.42%	(11,747)	22,029,824	99.36%	(4,385,448)	1,154,154	630,583	19,429,113
2000	2001	21,016,790	20,528,208	97.68%	(186,875)	20,341,333	96.79%	-	4,134,476	662,337	25,138,146
2001	2002	28,340,445	28,112,473	99.20%	(195,833)	27,916,640	98.50%	(2,012,800)	218,559	610,456	26,732,855
2002	2003	27,738,843	27,468,922	99.03%	(164,695)	27,304,227	98.43%	- (d) -	2,008,487	486,559	29,799,273
2003	2004	27,736,975	27,577,434	99.42%	(51,454)	27,525,980	99.24%	-	-	507,352	28,033,332
2004	2005	28,528,003	28,331,940	99.31%	(34,316)	28,297,624	99.19%	-	-	347,067	28,644,691
2005	2006	29,708,330	29,573,589	99.55%	(128,117)	29,445,472	99.12%	-	-	297,482	29,742,954
2006	2007	30,718,057	30,501,534	99.30%	(81,225)	30,420,309	99.03%	-	-	392,875	30,813,184
2007	2008	32,739,222	32,512,589	99.31%	(117,207)	32,395,382	98.95%	-	-	123,668	32,519,050

Notes: Data obtained from Certifications of Valuation provided by Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas counties. Colorado statutes provide procedures for the valuation of property for assessment purposes. The "Assessment/Levy Year" is the calendar year in which the property value is assessed. It is also the year in which the associated tax is levied. The tax revenue for a "Collection/Budget Year" is based on the assessment and tax levy made in the prior year. Tax revenue collections occur in the budget year.

The County Assessor bases the assessed values on property values as of June 30 of the year prior to the assessment year. Thus the assessed values for the taxes associated with budget year 2008 are based on the 2007 assessment, which itself is based on property values as of June 30, 2006.

- (a) Property taxes are assessed by Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas counties and remitted to the City after collection.
- (b) Delinquent tax collections are netted with refunds of appealed assessments. Positive numbers reflect more delinquent tax collections than refunds for the year. Negative numbers reflect refunds of appealed assessments in excess of delinquent collections for the year.
- (c) For collection years 1999, 2000 and 2002, property tax revenues were collected in excess of the limits imposed under the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR) Amendment. Taxpayers were given a "temporary tax credit" (net of County collection fees) for these excess collections in the form of a reduction in the following year tax levy which reduced the amount they were required to pay. Amounts collected in excess of the limit are recognized as deferred revenue in the year collected and as revenue in the following year.
- (d) In November, 2003, a majority of the City's electors authorized the City to collect, retain and spend a portion of 2003 property tax revenues which was in excess of the TABOR limits and would otherwise have to be refunded to the City's taxpayers. This amounted to \$2,039,130 for the period ended 2003.



DEBT CAPACITY STATISTICS

These schedules provide detailed information about the City's current levels of outstanding debt, and can help the financial statement user assess the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Exhibit A-13	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
<u>Exhibit A-14</u>	Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding
Exhibit A-15	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
Exhibit A-16	Legal Debt Margin Information
<u>Exhibit A-</u> 17	Schedules of Revenue Bond Coverage – Water, Wastewater and Golf

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Years

		Governmental Activities					Business Activities						
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Special Assessments Notes	Certificates of Participation	Tax Increment Refunding Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Water Rights Notes	Revenue Notes	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (b)	Per Capita	Population (a)
1999	14,460,000	17,470,000	520,000	24,115,000	2,730,000	105,610,005	51,324,260	503,112	-	216,732,377	-	795	272,642
2000	63,095,000	17,300,000	235,000	97,565,000	2,480,000	95,750,000	46,193,710	452,801	-	323,071,511	-	1,169	276,393
2001	59,480,000	16,800,000	-	96,070,000	2,220,000	85,615,000	42,309,735	402,489	-	302,897,224	-	1,064	284,606
2002	56,110,000	15,855,000	-	109,875,000	1,950,000	75,185,000	38,287,762	352,178	-	297,614,940	9.4%	1,021	291,418
2003	52,610,000	14,865,000	-	107,430,000	1,665,000	68,410,000	91,520,896	301,867	-	336,802,763	10.7%	1,153	292,158
2004	48,870,000	13,825,000	-	97,745,000	1,365,000	59,155,000	128,820,266	7,640,006	1,023,519	358,443,791	10.2%	1,202	298,303
2005	44,945,000	12,730,000	1,140,000	116,165,000	1,045,000	51,635,000	223,000,126	6,698,054	813,594	458,171,774	12.3%	1,508	303,833
2006	40,840,000	11,580,000	1,055,000	115,780,000	710,000	43,910,000	275,355,094	5,756,102	594,031	495,580,227	12.8%	1,615	306,908
2007	36,545,000	10,375,000	1,955,000	109,495,000	-	37,275,000	691,290,919	5,269,168	364,386	892,569,473	18.9%	2,885	309,416
2008	32,045,000	9,105,000	1,745,000	110,900,000	-	30,435,000	684,566,848	3,872,197	18,530,576	891,199,621	19.1%	2,846	313,144

Notes:

(a) Data was provided by the City's Planning Department. The population for 1999 was an intercensal estimate from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs. The population for 2000 was taken from the 2000 U.S. Census information. The population for 2001 and 2002 was provided by the Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG). The population for 2003 through 2005 was provided by Clarion Associates. The population for 2006 was provided by the Aurora's Economic and Development Council. For 2007 and 2008 the population was provided by the City's Planning Department.

(b) See Exhibit A-18 (Demographic and Economic) for personal income totals. Personal income data not available before the year 2002.

Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Years

Year	Population (a)	Assessed Value (b)	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Gross General Obligation Bonded Debt (c)	Less: Debt Service Fund Balance	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita
1999	272,642	1,887,060,350	14,460,000	105,610,005	120,070,005	446,998	119,623,007	6.3%	439
2000	276,393	1,989,977,161	63,095,000	95,750,000	158,845,000	564,549	158,280,451	8.0%	573
2001	284,606	2,329,308,450	59,480,000	85,615,000	145,095,000	464,815	144,630,185	6.2%	508
2002	291,418	2,431,312,340	56,110,000	75,185,000	131,295,000	1,394,136	129,900,864	5.3%	446
2003	292,158	2,485,169,340	52,610,000	68,410,000	121,020,000	1,260,224	119,759,776	4.8%	410
2004	298,303	2,574,961,930	48,870,000	59,155,000	108,025,000	1,298,621	106,726,379	4.1%	358
2005	303,833	2,711,108,700	44,945,000	51,635,000	96,580,000	1,484,328	95,095,672	3.5%	313
2006	306,908	2,826,728,430	40,840,000	43,910,000	84,750,000	1,304,397	83,445,603	3.0%	272
2007	309,416	3,053,911,500	36,545,000	37,275,000	73,820,000	1,669,563	72,150,437	2.4%	233
2008	313,144	3,122,103,880	32,045,000	30,435,000	62,480,000	1,918,640	60,561,360	1.9%	193

Notes:

- (a) Data was provided by the City's Planning Department. The population for 1999 is an intercensal estimate from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs. The population for 2000 was taken from the 2000 U.S. Census information. The population for 2001 and 2002 was provided by the Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG). The population for 2003 through 2005 was provided by Clarion Associates. The population for 2006 was provided by Aurora's Economic and Development Council. The population for 2007 and 2008 was provided by the City's Planning Department.
- (b) Does not include tax increment financing district assessed valuation of: \$8,090,420 1999; \$8,728,579 2000; \$8,168,440 2001; \$6,685,640 2002; \$5,813,860 for 2003; \$4,720,910 for 2004; \$5,164,460 for 2005; \$5,453,930 for 2006; \$6,202,670 for 2007 and \$1,662,950 for 2008. Data obtained from Certifications of Valuation provided by Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas Counties.
- (c) Gross general obligation bonded debt includes general obligation bonds supported by General Fund revenues and general obligation water bonds which are paid for from Water Fund revenues but are a contingent general obligation of the City. Includes General Obligation Bonds Series 2000 and General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2003 which are excluded from the debt limit calculation per Section 11-19-1 of the City Charter.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

December 31, 2008

Jurisdiction		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (d)	mated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct:				
City of Aurora (a)				\$ 153,795,000
Overlapping:				
Debt repaid with property taxes				
Aurora Public School D	District			
General oblig	ation bonds (b)	179,561,940	93.65%	168,159,757
Cherry Creek School D	istrict			
General oblig	ation bonds (b)	302,620,920	27.34%	82,736,560
Other debt		4,370,000	27.34%	1,194,758
Other overlapping entit	ies (c)			
General oblig	ation bonds (b)	2,021,721,257	28.47%	575,676,014
Other debt		78,370,292	39.13%	30,668,925
Debt repaid from other sources (e)				
Other overlapping entit	ies (c)			
Revenue bone	ds	2,567,895,074	7.80%	200,395,998
Other debt		472,366,104	13.45%	63,526,028
Total overlap	ping debt:			 1,122,358,039
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 1,276,153,039

Notes:

(a) Includes all governmental activities debt of the City of Aurora such as, general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, certificates of participation, special assessments, and tax increment revenue bonds.

(b) General obligation debt outstanding is the net of general obligation debt less any monies reserved for the retiring of these general obligation bonds, such as sinking funds or debt service reserve funds.

(c) More than 200 other taxing entities overlap the City in whole or in part and nearly 60 of those have issued some form of debt.

(d) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value. This approach was also used for all debt paid from other sources.

(e) This category includes any remaining debt held by overlapping entities which is paid from sources other than property taxes (e.g., sales tax, tolls, facility fees, etc.).

Exhibit A-16

Legal Debt Margin Information

In accordance with Aurora Charter Article XI

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2008

Assessed valuation, all Counties:	\$	3,122,103,880			
Debt limit - 3% of assessed valuation				93,663,116	
Amount of debt outstanding:					
Total bonded debt		756,151,848			
Other debt	_	139,725,588	_		
Total			895,877,436		
Less: Fund balance in debt service funds		1,918,640			
Other deductions allowed by law:					
General obligation bonds exempt fi	rom limit	28,450,000	(a)		
General obligation water bonds		30,435,000			
Capitalized lease obligations		4,677,815			
Certificates of participation		110,900,000			
Revenue notes		20,275,576			
Water rights		3,872,197			
Revenue bonds		693,671,848			
Total deductions			894,201,076		
Total amount of debt applicable to debt lin	nit			1,676,360	
Legal Debt Margin			91,986,756	(b)	

		Last Ten Fiscal Years										
	<u>1999</u>	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
Debt limit	56,611,811	59,699,315	69,879,254	72,939,370	74,555,080	77,248,858	81,333,261	84,801,853	91,617,345	93,663,116		
Total net debt applicable to limit	10,489,600	9,346,598	8,331,807	7,324,379	6,004,776	5,296,379	4,410,672	3,855,603	2,725,438	1,676,360		
Legal debt margin	46,122,211	50,352,717	61,547,447	65,614,991	68,550,304	71,952,479	76,922,589	80,946,250	88,891,907	91,986,756		
Total net debt applicable to the limit												
as a percentage of debt limit	18.5%	15.7%	11.9%	10.0%	8.1%	6.9%	5.4%	4.5%	3.0%	1.8%		

(a) These bonds are exempt from the general obligation debt limit by voter approval and per Section 11-19-1 of the City Charter.

(b) Article X, Section 20(4)(b) of the Colorado Constitution requires the City to receive voter approval in advance for the creation of any multiple fiscal year direct or indirect debt or other financial obligation, regardless of whether or not the City is at its legal debt margin. Typically, voter approval of additional debt includes a provision exempting the new debt from the debt margin. Consequently, the computation of the City's legal debt margin has little real significance.

Enterprises, as defined in Article X, Section 20(2)(d) of the Colorado Constitution, are not required to receive voter approval. An "enterprise" is a city-owned business authorized to issue its own revenue bonds and receiving under 10% of annual revenues in grants from all Colorado state and local governments combined.

SCHEDULE OF WATER REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Last Ten Years

Debt Service Requirements

													Coverage F	tatios (g)	
			Net Revenue	First Lien	Revenue	First & Secon	d Lien Revenue	Debt Secured	by Net Pledged	Debt Payable	from System				
	Gross		Available For	Obligat	ions (c)	Obliga	Obligations (d)		Revenues (e)		ues (f)				
Year	Revenue (a)	Expenses (b)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
1999	\$ 47,467,930	\$ 15,578,617	\$ 31,889,313	s -	\$ 37,500	s -	\$ 37,500	\$ -	\$ 37,500	\$ 9,457,502	\$ 4,844,044	850.38	850.38	850.38	2.23
2000	51,883,165	16,707,759	35,175,406	821,104	158,388	821,104	158,388	871,415	183,543	10,731,415	4,495,288	35.91	35.91	33.34	2.31
2001	63,681,217	21,965,001	41,716,216	837,204	445,986	837,204	445,986	887,515	468,626	11,022,515	4,460,819	32.51	32.51	30.76	2.69
2002	61,869,563	21,961,421	39,908,142	858,670	519,414	858,670	519,414	908,981	539,539	11,338,981	4,198,052	28.96	28.96	27.55	2.57
2003	67,083,106	28,694,146	38,388,960	885,504	495,735	885,504	495,735	935,815	513,344	7,130,815	3,823,128	27.79	27.79	26.49	3.50
2004	87,939,198	35,214,632	52,724,566	906,970	2,449,544	906,970	3,565,100	1,848,922	2,688,553	11,103,922	4,983,223	15.71	11.79	11.62	3.28
2005	120,569,923	45,166,591	75,403,332	3,458,804	2,934,269	3,458,804	3,960,158	4,400,756	4,309,474	11,920,756	6,246,059	11.79	10.16	8.66	4.15
2006	130,689,742	42,814,760	87,874,982	3,530,638	6,598,664	3,530,638	7,942,664	4,472,590	8,322,149	12,197,590	10,074,561	8.68	7.66	6.87	3.95
2007	146,607,372	48,913,130	97,694,242	3,607,104	7,244,069	3,607,104	8,830,807	4,549,056	9,118,612	11,184,056	10,664,088	9.00	7.85	7.15	4.47
2008	136,213,224	45,667,169	90,546,055	3,708,938	30,792,006	3,708,938	30,792,006	4,650,900	31,032,713	11,490,900	32,395,726	2.62	2.62	2.54	2.06

Note: Includes long-term debt payable from Water revenues, including General Obligation bonds, Revenue bonds, and Water Notes Payable. Debt service requirements represent annual amounts as opposed to the maximum annual amount. Therefore, coverages ratios on this schedule will not match ratios in the Debt Continuing Disclosure section.

(a) Includes charges for services and other operating revenues, tap and development fees, and interest income. Excludes fair value adjustment and annexation fees.

(b) Includes operating expenses such as personal services, supplies and other services and charges. Excludes depreciation expense.

- (c) Includes the City's portion of the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority's Drinking Water Bonds Series 1999A and 2005D and the City's First Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2008, 2007 and 2003A. The legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.20.
- (d) Includes (c) above and for 2004 through 2007 Second Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2004A. The legal covenant through 2008 for debt service coverage is 1.05. In 2008 the 2004A issue was refunded with the 2008A 1st lien issue. In 2008, a note with the Colorado Water Conservation board was entered into and takes a second lien parity with existing obligations.

(e) Includes (d) above and all Water Rights Notes Payable. The legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.05.

(f) Includes (e) above and General Obligation Water Bonds which are payable from revenues of the system but are not secured by the Net Pledged Revenues. The legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.00.

(g) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service divided by Total Debt Service Requirements for "c", "d", "e" and "f", respectively.

(continued)

Exhibit A-17

SCHEDULE OF WASTEWATER REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Last Ten Years

			Net Revenue		Debt Service Red	quirements (c)	
Year	Gross Revenue (a)	Expenses (b)	Available For Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage Ratio (d)
1999	\$ 26,420,990	\$ 16,534,343	\$ 9,886,647	\$ 2,275,000	\$ 348,142	\$ 2,623,142	3.77
2000	27,764,451	16,986,157	10,778,294	4,044,451	692,984	4,737,435	2.28
2001	31,838,320	17,620,275	14,218,045	2,766,772	942,533	3,709,305	3.83
2002	30,971,483	19,018,629	11,952,854	2,868,303	865,023	3,733,326	3.20
2003	32,061,284	20,976,324	11,084,960	1,426,362	756,247	2,182,609	5.08
2004	34,241,386	21,806,876	12,434,510	1,458,658	725,224	2,183,882	5.69
2005	38,358,057	24,623,664	13,734,393	1,496,335	683,337	2,179,672	6.30
2006	44,101,003	26,130,780	17,970,223	1,539,395	1,250,162	2,789,557	6.44
2007	50,582,848	28,794,436	21,788,412	1,577,073	3,347,387	4,924,460	4.42
2008	52,371,474	32,545,027	19,826,447	2,625,132	3,287,674	5,912,806	3.35

Notes: Includes long-term debt payable from Sewer revenues, including revenue bonds.

- (a) Includes charges for services and other operating revenues, tap and development fees, and interest income. Excludes fair value adjustment and annexation fees.
- (b) Includes operating expenses such as personal services, supplies and other services and charges. Excludes depreciation expense.
- (c) The Debt Service Requirements consist of the First Lien Sewer Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, and the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority's Clean Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A.
- (d) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service divided by Total Debt Service Requirements. The legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.20.

(continued)

Exhibit A-17

SCHEDULE OF GOLF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Last Ten Years

	Operating & Net Revenue Senior Debt Service Requirements (a) Subordinate D								te Debt Serv	Debt Service Requirements (a)							
Year	R	Gross evenue (b)	Maintenance Expenses (c)	Available For Debt Service]	Principal		Interest	Total	Coverage Ratio (d)	Р	rincipal		Interest		Total	Coverage Ratio (e)
1999	\$	8,571,543	\$ 6,065,401	\$ 2,506,142	\$	255,000	\$	404,268	\$ 659,268	3.80	\$	-	\$	315,688	\$	315,688	5.85
2000		8,548,231	7,345,386	1,202,845		265,000		391,773	656,773	1.83		-		369,546		369,546	1.48
2001		9,635,480	7,457,920	2,177,560		280,000		378,257	658,257	3.31		256,000		371,987		627,987	2.42
2002		9,594,529	7,477,569	2,116,960		295,000		363,558	658,558	3.21		256,000		304,248		560,248	2.60
2003		8,710,254	7,470,858	1,239,396		315,000		347,628	662,628	1.87		256,000		227,021		483,021	1.19
2004		8,715,486	7,596,567	1,118,919		436,481		357,055	793,536	1.41 (f)		256,000		174,862		430,862	0.76
2005		9,083,314	7,452,160	1,631,154		524,924		311,925	836,849	1.95		256,000		184,687		440,687	1.80
2006		9,331,298	7,966,640	1,364,658		584,563		208,773	793,336	1.72		256,000		219,261		475,261	1.20
2007		9,932,252	8,294,101	1,638,151		604,644		185,917	790,561	2.07		256,000		241,595		497,595	1.70
2008		9,769,750	8,674,373	1,095,377		625,189		160,373	785,562	1.39		56,000		200,102		256,102	1.21

Notes: Includes long-term debt payable from Golf revenues, including Revenue bonds and long-term interfund payables. Debt service requirements represent annual amounts as opposed to the maximun annual amount. Therefore, coverages ratios on this schedule will not match ratios in the Debt Continuing Disclosure section.

(a) The Senior Debt Service Requirement consists of the 1995 Golf Revenue Bonds and, beginning in 2004, the 2004 Golf Revenue Note. In 2005 the 1995 Golf Revenue Bonds were replaced by the 2005 Golf Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Subordinate Debt Service Requirement is the 1995 Interfund Loan Payable to the Wastewater Fund.

(b) Includes operating revenues, investment income, miscellaneous non-operating revenues, annexation fees and golf lot premium fees. Excludes fair value adjustment.

- (c) Includes operating expenses such as personal services, supplies, other services and charges, and for 2001 and after, the principal and interest on the golf cart capital leases. Excludes depreciation expense.
- (d) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service divided by Total Senior Debt Service Requirements. For years beginning with 2005, the legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.35. For years prior to 2005, the legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.50.
- (e) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service less Total Senior Debt Service Requirements, divided by Total Subordinate Debt Service Requirements. The legal covenant for debt service coverage is 1.00.
- (f) Golf was in compliance with the covenants under the 1995 bond agreement which required them to bring in a consultant to analyze the rate structure in any year in which they fail to meet the rate maintenance requirement. A consultant was hired during 2004 and the rate structure was adjusted in accordance with the recommendations for 2005.

(concluded)



DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to assist the financial statement user in understanding the environment in which the City's financial activities occur.

Exhibit A-18 Demographic and Economic Statistics

<u>Exhibit A-19</u> Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.

Exhibit A-18

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Year	General Population (a)	Personal Income (b)	Aurora Labor Force Population (c)	Personal Income Per Capita (Labor Force)	Unemploymen Rate (d)	
1999	272,642	\$ -	-	\$ -	2.5%	
2000	276,393	-	-	-	2.2%	
2001	284,606	-	-	-	3.5%	
2002	291,418	3,159,127,720	165,200	19,123	6.1%	
2003	292,158	3,156,972,760	168,276	18,761	6.6%	
2004	298,303	3,524,922,668	160,148	22,010	6.9%	
2005	303,833	3,728,443,396	168,139	22,175	5.2%	
2006	306,908	3,875,932,660	171,065	22,658	5.3%	
2007	309,416	4,725,828,136	173,158	27,292	4.8%	
2008	313,144	4,676,671,164	172,196	27,159	7.4%	

Notes:

(a) Data was provided by the City's Planning Department. The population for 1999 is an intercensal estimate from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs. The population for 2000 was taken from the 2000 U.S. Census information. The population for 2001 and 2002 was provided by the Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG). The population for 2003 through 2005 was provided by Clarion Associates. The population for 2006 and 2007 was provided by Aurora's Economic and Development Council. The population for 2008 was provided by the City's Planning Department.

(b) Data was provided by the City's Planning Department. Personal income totals not available before 2002. Personal income totals provided to the City by the State of Colorado, Department of Labor and Employment, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. These totals are based on data provided to the State by businesses (for unemployment purposes) and do not include businesses with 3 or less employees.

(c) Data provided by the City's Planning Department through the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment. Totals include any person working within the City of Aurora, sixteen years of age or older.

(d) Data was provided by the City's Planning Department. Source - Colorado Department of Labor and Employment.

Top Ten Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2008			1999	
			(b)			(b)
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Employment	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Employment
Buckley Air Force Base (a)	12,817	1	7.90%	10,029	1	11.28%
City of Aurora	3,826	2	2.36%	2,390	4	2.69%
Aurora Public Schools	3,786	3	2.33%	3,428	2	3.85%
Univ. of CO at Denver and Health Sciences Center	3,300	4	2.03%			
Cherry Creek Public Schools	2,854	5	1.76%	2,507	3	2.82%
Raytheon	2,600	6	1.60%	1,500	6	1.69%
ADT Security Systems	1,585	7	0.98%	1,660	5	1.87%
Kaiser Permanente	1,493	8	0.92%	1,140	7	1.28%
University of Colorado Hospital	1,458	9	0.90%			
Healthone Medical Center of Aurora	1,380	10	0.85%	1,000	9	1.12%
OEA, Inc.				1,100	8	1.24%
TRW Systems				800	10	0.90%

Note: Data provided by the Aurora Economic Development Council and the City of Aurora unless otherwise noted. This schedule does not include retail sector employers.

(a) Data provided by the Department of Defense. Buckley Air Force Base Includes: Air Force, Army, Marines, Navy, Dept. of Defense (civilians), Air National Guard, Active Duty Reserves, and other civilian employees.

(b) Total City employment for 2008 was 162,296 and for 1999 was 88,947. Provided by the City's Planning Department.

Exhibit A-19

OPERATING STATISTICS

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the financial statement user understand how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides.

<u>Exhibit A-20</u>	Budgeted Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
Exhibit A-21	Operating Indicators by Function
Exhibit A-22	Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.

Exhibit A-20

Budgeted Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

Last Ten Years

		1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Go	overnment										
	City Council	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	14.00
	Finance	52.30	54.30	54.30	54.50	57.50	60.50	60.50	60.00	63.00	65.00
	General Management (b)	39.50	41.50	44.50	42.50	40.50	44.80	131.80	125.30	127.80	130.80
	Human Resources (a)	-	-	-	29.00	28.00	27.00	26.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
	Information Technology	38.00	39.00	41.00	49.00	48.00	45.00	43.00	43.00	47.00	47.00
	Internal Services (b)	86.00	87.00	84.00	92.00	95.00	92.00	-	-	-	-
	Planning	40.10	42.10	42.12	49.12	49.12	46.12	45.12	44.10	45.10	45.10
Judicial											
	City Attorney	44.50	48.50	49.50	49.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	51.00	52.00
	Court Administration (c)	69.50	74.50	74.50	71.50	124.00	125.00	125.00	125.00	126.00	126.00
	Public Defender	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Police		754.00	763.00	775.00	797.00	787.00	732.00	740.00	759.00	773.00	778.00
Fire		320.00	327.00	333.00	356.00	346.00	318.00	309.00	325.00	329.00	329.00
Other Publ	ic Safety (d)	-	-	-	4.00	4.00	70.00	70.00	78.00	85.00	85.00
Public Wor	:ks	176.00	180.00	183.00	189.00	189.00	186.00	185.00	185.00	196.00	196.00
Community	y Services										
	Neighborhood Services	135.20	147.20	158.20	178.20	177.20	163.60	165.60	160.50	158.50	158.50
	Parks & Open Space	198.40	212.90	220.40	199.80	203.30	196.30	193.50	187.50	202.80	202.80
Culture and	d Recreation	180.80	180.70	185.00	187.80	198.20	187.80	182.00	177.00	183.50	184.50
Water		149.30	154.80	156.75	167.25	183.16	195.37	206.00	241.00	258.15	266.70
Wastewate	r	83.80	87.30	91.25	98.75	101.84	108.63	123.00	134.00	144.85	148.30
Total		2,387.40	2,459.80	2,512.52	2,634.42	2,702.82	2,669.12	2,675.52	2,739.40	2,836.70	2,860.70

Data was provided by the City of Aurora Office of Budget and Financial Planning.

Notes: (a) Prior to 2002, Human Resources FTEs had been included in Internal Services.

(b) Internal Services positions included in General Management starting 2005.

(c) Positions for detention center moved from Police and included in Court Administration beginning 2003.

(d) Additional positions moved from Police and Fire for the communications center beginning in 2004.

Exhibit A-21

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Years

Incorporation:	May 5, 1903 under the name of Fletcher and later incorporated as the Town of Aurora on February 20, 1907
Date First Charter Adopted:	1961
Form of Government:	Council - Manager

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Government										
Building Permits: Data provided by COA Building Code Division										
Permits Issued (a)	8,271	4,972	4,189	9,701	9,034	9,920	10,121	10,037	9,538	9,931
Value of Buildings (millions)	378	423	481	614	530	750	897	777	992	452
Tax & Licensing: Data provided by COA Tax & Licensing Division	ı									
New business licenses	2,116	2,277	2,509	3,280	2,897	2,661	2,099	2,183	2,333	2,081
Police Protection: Data provided by COA Police Department										
Number of Law Violations (Part I Crime) (b)	14,303	15,526	17,224	18,206	17,050	16,895	16,506	14,872	13,583	12,393
Total calls dispatched & officer initiated	140,035	143,668	157,653	254,153	168,712	276,441	288,682	300,953	317,442	309,712
Total moving violations	35,755	37,080	40,142	41,631	41,834	40,841	44,487	42,801	49,043	48,500
Total parking violations	6,310	6,543	8,914	8,697	8,054	6,713	7,898	7,433	9,164	9,027
Fire Protection: Data provided by COA Fire Department										
Number of fire inspections	(c)	(c)	(c)	7,506	7,665	8,111	7,639	7,845	8,723	9,563
Total Fire calls (Fire, EMS, other)	(c)	(c)	(c)	23,268	24,042	23,857	26,011	26,870	29,839	30,088
Haz Mat calls	(c)	(c)	(c)	47	39	42	34	20	35	39
Community Services: Data provided by COA Neighborhood Ser	vices Depar	tment								
Total number of Code Enforcement Inspections	61,162	68,639	72,465	80,745	84,127	90,382	86,477	84,599	89,493	65,055
Culture and Recreation: Data provided by COA Library, Recrea	ation and Cu	ıltural Servi	ces Departme	nt						
Library items circulated	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	1,001,651	1,136,356	1,152,630	1,173,261	1,163,463	1,248,501
Library patron visits	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	850,525	891,831	926,497	1,036,513	1,213,191	1,367,509
Recreational classes offered	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	7,407	8,013	8,363	8,229	7,697	7,523
Recreational attendance	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	314,485	306,898	289,539	286,292	278,216	296,228
Cultural services in house program attendance	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	221,464	174,673	186,783	186,976	124,916	146,542

Notes:

(a) Beginning in 2002, permit total also includes plumbing, heating, life safety and electrical for existing residential and non-residential structures. This expanded category was not included prior to 2002.

(b) Part 1 crime includes both violent and property crime.

(c) Data not available before 2002.

(d) Data not available before 2003.

Exhibit A-22

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Years

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Police Protection: Data provided by COA Police Depa	artment									
Patrol Vehicles Detention Facilities (a)	127 1	132 1	138 1	138 1	138 1	156 1	165 1	167 1	167 1	158 1
Fire Protection: Data provided by COA Fire Departm	nent									
Number of Fire Stations	11	12	12	12	13	13	13	15	15	15
Public Works: Data provided by COA Public Works	Departmen									
Miles of Improved Streets (center-line miles) Tons of asphalt for patching & overlay Square yards of street repair & overlay (b)	915 108,801 1,092,990	915 132,020 1,444,905	1,009 131,198 1,389,791	1,014 175,213 1,316,000	1,054 170,422 1,502,523	1,095 181,211 1,459,415	1,118 171,108 976,199	1,172 179,125 1,383,276	1,174 188,037 1,342,659	1,174 189,594 1,330,824
Culture and Recreation: Data provided by COA Parl	s and Open S	Space Depart	men							
Number of Playgrounds Number of Golf Courses Number of Swimming Pools Parks - Number of Acres (c)	65 6 10 7,380	65 7 10 7,400	65 7 10 7,400	65 7 10 7,700	65 7 10 7,700	75 7 10 7,937	78 7 10 8,045	79 7 10 8,627	79 7 10 8,630	80 7 10 10,069
Water: Data provided by COA Aurora Water Depart	tment									
Number of Water Taps (d) Miles of water mains constructed (e)	61,366 32	63,409 42	64,845 35	65,933 35	67,953 35	70,709 54	70,759 63	76,240 52	76,422 25	76,655 19
Wastewater: Data provided by COA Aurora Water I	Department									
Number of Sanitary Sewer Taps (d) Miles of Sanitary Sewer constructed (e)	67,011 18	68,840 23	70,777 21	72,920 27	74,616 24	76,901 25	79,974 47	82,754 38	84,384 10	85,177 8

(a) As of 2003, this facility now falls under courts.

(b) These totals include the following: reconstructive patching, in-place patching, slurry seal, chip seal and reconstructive planing. All work performed through the Capital Projects Fund by contract.

(c) Includes parks, golf courses and open space. Beginning in 2004, the Parks & Open Space Department revised the methodology used to calculate totals. In 2008 Parks used more refined and updated information from their GIS data system.

(d) Total includes inactive and stubbed taps.

(e) Total includes newly constructed mains during the period.





Other Schedules

Miscellaneous Schedules

Debt Continuing Disclosures

MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULES (unaudited)

Exhibit B-1 Schedule of Indebtedness – All Funds This schedule provides a summary of all outstanding debt of the City at yearend.

Exhibit B-2 Schedule of Debt Service Requirements – Governmental Activities This schedule provides a summary of all debt service requirements to maturity by revenue source for all governmental funds and internal service funds.

Exhibit B-3 Local Highway Finance Report This report is required for all local governments that receive highway user taxes from the State of Colorado.

EXHIBIT B-1

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS - ALL FUNDS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Interest	Da	ntes	Authorized	Debt	Current
	Rates	Issue	Maturity	and Issued	Outstanding	Maturities
GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT						
Supported by dedicated property tax						
Alameda and I-225 Interchange	4.50 - 4.80%	06/01/98	2008 - 2012	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 3,595,000 \$	840,000
Libraries, parks, public safety	4.60 - 5.00%	12/01/00	2008 - 2015	50,100,000	28,000,000	3,425,000
Public safety refunding	2.00 - 3.00%	10/01/03	2008 - 2009	2,530,000	450,000	450,000
Unamortized premium				_	_	_
Unamortized discount						_
Total supported by dedicated property tax				62,630,000	32,045,000	4,715,000
Supported by Water Fund revenues						
General obligation refunding	2.00 - 4.00%	10/01/03	2008 - 2014	62,775,000	30,435,000	5,905,000
Unamortized premium	2.00 - 4.00 /0	10/01/05	2008 - 2014	02,775,000	557,780	5,705,000
Unamortized discount				_	(136,377)	_
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding					30,853	—
Total supported by Water Fund revenues				62,775,000	30,887,257	5,905,000
						- , ,
REVENUE BONDS Supported by General Fund revenues						
Sports Park	4.75 - 5.125%	07/29/99	2008 - 2014	17,470,000	9,105,000	1,335,000
Supported by Water Fund revenues	4.75 5.12576	01125155	2000 2014	17,470,000	9,105,000	1,555,000
Governmental agency	4.75 - 4.875%	05/01/99	2008 - 2014	14,999,899	6.804.963	1,030,404
First-Lien Water Revenue	2.00 - 5.00%	10/15/03	2008 - 2014	55,860,000	45,440,000	2,780,000
Governmental agency	3.20 - 5.00%	09/29/05	2011 - 2025	100,000,000	100,000,000	2,700,000
First-Lien Water Revenue	4.75 - 5.00%	07/11/07	2020 - 2039	421,495,000	421,495,000	_
First-Lien Water Revenue	4.63 - 5.00%	04/15/08	2022 - 2033	39,995,000	39,995,000	_
Unamortized premium	4.05 5.0070	04/15/00	2022 2033		16,314,785	_
Unamortized discount				_	(177,720)	_
Unamortized discount Unamortized deferred amount on refunding				_	(593,536)	_
Total supported by Water Fund revenues				632,349,899	629,278,492	3,810,404
						- , , -
Supported by Wastewater Fund revenues Governmental agency	5.00 - 5.125%	07/01/99	2008 - 2014	24,124,366	10,861,885	1,663,193
First-Lien Sewer Revenue	4.00 - 5.00%	04/25/06	2008 - 2014 2008 - 2036	57,790,000	56,785,000	1,005,195
Unamortized premium	4.00 - 5.00%	04/23/00	2008 - 2030	57,790,000		1,045,000
Unamortized discount				_	1,360,519 (176,182)	
Total supported by Wastewater Fund revenues				81,914,366	68,831,222	2,708,193
Total supported by wastewater Fund revenues				61,714,500	00,051,222	2,700,175
Supported by Golf Fund revenues						
Golf Course Enterprise System refunding	3.375 - 4.375%	07/26/05	2008 - 2015	4,625,000	3,185,000	405,000
Unamortized discount				—	(33,195)	_
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding					(91,845)	
Total supported by Golf Fund revenues				4,625,000	3,059,960	405,000
NOTES						
Supported by Water Fund revenues						
Water Rights No. R/B-I-One	5.00%	11/19/99	2008 - 2009	253,987	25,399	25,399
Water Rights No. R/B-I-Two	5.00%	11/19/99	2008 - 2009	249,125	24,912	24,912
Water Rights Rocky Ford II	5.00%	various 2004	2008 - 2019	8,280,091	3,821,886	_
Colorado Water Conservation Board Note (LOC)	3.75%	various 2008	2011 - 2041	75,750,000	18,406,377	_
Total supported by Water Fund revenues				84,533,203	22,278,574	50,311
Supported by Golf Fund revenues						
Series 2004 Golf Revenue Note	4.54%	5/18/04	2008 - 2009	1,125,000	124,199	124,199
Supported by Special Assessments						
Special Improvement District - Dam West	4.89%	10/20/05	2008 - 2015	1,140,000	735,000	10,000
Special Improvement District - Ptarmigan Fence	5.00%	11/28/07	2008 - 2017	1,075,000	1,010,000	10,000
Total supported by Special Assessments				2,215,000	1,745,000	20,000
NCLUDABLE ENTITIES						
ACLC certificates of participation	3.00 - 4.375%	05/01/02	2008 - 2013	15,380,000	7,695,000	1,415,000
ACLC certificates of participation - refunding	3.00 - 3.25%	10/15/04	2008 - 2009	8,750,000	2,550,000	2,550,000
ACLC certificates of participation	2.50 - 3.625%	03/01/05	2008 - 2014	23,395,000	15,620,000	2,290,000
ACLC certificates of participation-refunding	4.00 - 5.00%	02/07/06	2008 - 2014	20,290,000	16,495,000	1,085,000
	3.929%	05/14/08	2016 - 2015	68,540,000	68,540,000	1,000,000
	5.74770	00/14/00	2010 - 2050	00,040,000	749,937	
ACLC certificates of participation-refunding				_	147,751	
ACLC certificates of participation-refunding Unamortized premium					(250 201)	
ACLC certificates of participation-refunding Unamortized premium Unamortized discount					(258,201) (5,804,538)	_
ACLC certificates of participation-refunding Unamortized premium Unamortized discount Unamortized deferred amount on refunding				126 255 000	(5,804,538)	7 340 000
ACLC certificates of participation-refunding Unamortized premium Unamortized discount						7,340,000

EXHIBIT B-2

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

									Governmental A	Activ	ities									
	General Oblig	gatio	on Bonds																	
	Supported by	Gene	eral Fund	Re	venue Bonds Su	ppo	rted by General	Ce	Certificates of Participation Supported			Notes Payable Supported by SID				C	Capital Leases Supported by			
Year Due	Reve	nues		Fund Revenues				by ACLC Revenues			Revenues				General Fund Revenues					
	2.00-4	.60%	6	4.75%			2.50-5.00%			4.89-5.00%				2.97-4.15%			b			
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2009	\$ 4,715,000	\$	1,516,783	\$	1,335,000	\$	425,649	\$	7,340,000	\$	4,331,593	\$	20,000	\$	86,194	\$	1,325,889	\$	150,008	
2010	4,480,000		1,307,933		1,400,000		357,274		6,170,000		4,078,818		20,000		85,205		1,115,015		100,318	
2011	4,705,000		1,101,853		1,475,000		285,399		6,430,000		3,850,727		20,000		84,216		851,500		57,540	
2012	4,940,000		882,610		1,550,000		209,774		6,705,000		3,607,943		20,000		83,227		436,484		29,704	
2013	4,185,000		647,480		1,630,000		129,459		8,305,000		3,346,237		20,000		82,238		407,284		12,062	
2014-2018	9,020,000		677,600		1,715,000		43,947		16,975,000		13,555,379		1,645,000		254,760		-		-	
2019-2023	-		-		-		-		18,900,000		10,162,948		-		-		-		-	
2024-2028	-		-		-		-		23,335,000		6,116,667		-		-		-		-	
2029-2033	-		-		-		-		16,740,000		1,107,782		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$ 32,045,000	\$	6,134,259	\$	9,105,000	\$	1,451,502	\$	110,900,000	\$	50,158,093	\$	1,745,000	\$	675,841	\$	4,136,172	\$	349,632	

1	1							D											
	-					1		Busines	s-t	ype Activities			1		I.		Т		
Year Due		ral Obligati ted by Wate	on Bonds er Revenues		upported by Water enues	Notes Payable Su Reve	pporte nues	ed by Water		Revenue Bonds Wastewater			Revenue Bonds Golf Re		Note Payable by Golf F			Capital Leases S Golf Reve	
		2.00-4.00	1%	2.00-	5.25%	4.50-5	5.00%			4.00-5	5.389	%	3.50-4.	375%	4.54	1%		4.55-5.2	25%
	Princi	ipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Intere	st	Principal	Interest
2009	\$ 5,90	05,000 \$	1,157,813	\$ 3,810,404	\$ 29,966,791	\$ 50,311	* \$	2,516	\$	2,708,192	\$	3,204,712	\$ 405,000	\$ 131,125	\$ 124,199	\$ 2,	319	\$ 183,019	\$ 25,289
2010	6,12	20,000	965,900	3,962,238	29,815,676	587,494		191,094		2,796,635		3,074,357	420,000	114,925	-		-	167,738	16,668
2011	6,3	65,000	736,400	6,394,805	29,648,410	587,494		161,720		2,910,843		2,967,180	435,000	98,125	-		-	118,826	8,620
2012	6,64	40,000	481,800	6,647,372	29,401,580	587,494		132,345		3,004,285		2,869,878	455,000	80,725	-		-	72,059	2,897
2013	2,64	40,000	216,200	6,957,139	29,096,472	587,494		102,970		3,113,110		2,756,367	470,000	62,525	-		-	-	-
2014-2018	2,70	65,000	110,600	34,443,006	140,311,667	1,295,026		197,414		8,998,820		11,861,661	1,000,000	65,450	-		-	-	-
2019-2023		-	-	88,535,000	127,783,513	176,884		8,844		8,740,000		9,998,050	-	-	-		-	-	-
2024-2028		-	-	123,140,000	101,759,638	-		-		11,055,000		7,669,975	-	-	-		-	-	-
2029-2033		-	-	155,875,000	69,031,706	-		-		14,080,000		4,652,875	-	-	-		-	-	-
2034-2038		-	-	151,820,000	30,429,250	-		-		10,240,000		996,363	-	-	-		-	-	-
2039-2042		-	-	32,150,000	1,607,500	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total	\$ 30,43	35,000 \$	3,668,713	\$ 613,734,963	\$ 618,852,203	\$ 3,872,197	\$	796,902	\$	67,646,885	\$	50,051,417	\$ 3,185,000	\$ 552,875	\$ 124,199	\$ 2,	819	\$ 541,643	\$ 53,473

* A principal and interest payment of \$891,641 and \$235,676, respectively, was made on the 2004 note payable on December 31, 2008 due January 1, 2009.



EXHIBIT B-3

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to ave	rage 380 hours annually.			Financial Planning 02/01 Form # 350-050-36
The public report burden for any internation concertor is continue to a	Tage 500 nours annuary.		City or County:	10111 # 550 050 50
			City of Aurora, Colorad	do
LOCAL HIGHWAY F	INANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING :	
			December 2008	
This Information From The Records Of (example - City of City of Aurora, Colorado	_ or County of _)	Prepared By: Phone:	Tony Tharp (303) 739-7792	
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USI	ER REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL GOVI	× /	TURE
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
1. Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET	PURPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR R D STREET PURPOSE	
ITEM	AMOUNT	ANI ITEM		AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:	AMOUNT	A. Local highway disburse		ANIOUNI
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (from pa		7,536,453
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	ige 2)	20.334.355
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street service	·c.	20,00 1,000
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control opera		2,361,015
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice remov		2,418,458
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	31,686,486	c. Other		4,852,221
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	6,561,328	d. Total (a. through c.)	9,631,694
5. Transfers from toll facilities	1	4. General administration		2,226,846
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcem		8,563,437
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5)	ī	48,292,785
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on local obl	ligations:	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:		
d. Total $(a. + b. + c.)$	0	a. Interest		203,370
7. Total (1 through 6)	38,247,814			800,000
B. Private Contributions	2,121,753	c. Total (a. + b.)		1,003,370
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:		
(from page 2)	9,021,730	a. Interest		
D. Receipts from Federal Government	5.054	b. Redemption		
(from page 2) F Total pageints $(\mathbf{A}, 7 + \mathbf{P} + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{D})$	5,954			0
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	49,397,251	$\frac{3. \text{ Total } (1.c + 2.c)}{C P = 2.c}$		1,003,370
		C. Payments to State for hi D. Payments to toll facilitie		101,096
		E. Total disbursements (A.		49,397,251
		E. Total disbursements (A.	0 + D.3 + C + D)	49,397,231
1	IV. LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri			
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)	4,395,000		800,000	3,595,000
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)				0
		<u>.</u>		
V. LO)CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANCE		
A. Beginning Balance		C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	49,397,251	49,397,251		0
Notes and Comments:		-		

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)

II. RECEIPTS FO	FINANCE REPORT	Ŷ	Colorado ZEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2008	
	R ROAD AND STRE	ET PURPOSES - DETAI	L	
ITEM	AMOUNT	I	TEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local	receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	1,037,993	a. Interest on invest	-	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & P	Penalities	6,561,32
1. Sales Taxes	24,080,127	c. Parking Garage Fe	ees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	200,527	d. Parking Meter Fe		
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus P		
4. Licenses		 Charges for Servi 		
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	6,367,839	g. Other Misc. Rece	pipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	30,648,493	h. Other	-	
c. Total (a. + b.)	31,686,486	i. Total (a. through l	h.)	6,561,32
(0	Carry forward to page 1)			(Carry forward to page 1)
ITEM	AMOUNT		TEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government	AMOUNT	D. Receipts from Federa		AMOUNT
1. Highway-user taxes	8.151.002	1. FHWA (from Item I.		-
2. State general funds	8,151,002	2. Other Federal agenci		
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	es.	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA		
b. Project Match		c. HUD		
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	870,728	d. Federal Transit Ad	min	
d. Other (Specify)	870,728	e. U.S. Corps of Engl		
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	lileers	5,95
f. Total (a. through e.)	870,728	g. Total (a. through f		5.95
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	9,021,730	3. Total $(1. + 2.g)$.)	5,9.
	9,021,750	5.1000(1.+2.5)		
т. тоші (1. + 2. + 3.1 <i>)</i>				(Carry forward to page 1)
	S FOR ROAD AND S	TREET PURPOSES - DE	TAIL	(Carry forward to page 1)
	S FOR ROAD AND S			(Carry forward to page 1)
	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL	OFF NATIONAL	
	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY	(Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL
	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
III. DISBURSEMENT	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY	
III. DISBURSEMENT	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL (c)
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction:	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 1,265,561	TOTAL (c) 1,265,50
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 1,265,561 2,458,317	TOTAL (c) 1,265,50 2,458,3
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation	S FOR ROAD AND S	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 1,265,561 2,458,317 1,613,693	TOTAL (c) 2,458,31 1,613,69
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation (4). System Enhancement & Operation		ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 1,265,561 2,458,317 1,613,693 2,198,882	TOTAL (c) 1,265,50 2,458,3 1,613,69 2,198,83
III. DISBURSEMENT A.1. Capital outlay: a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation	(4)	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 1,265,561 2,458,317 1,613,693	TOTAL (c) 2,458,3 1,613,69

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)



DEBT CONTINUING DISCLOSURES (unaudited)

- **Exhibit C-1** Summary of Continuing Disclosures by Issue
- Exhibit C-2 Combined General, TABOR Reserve and Policy Reserve Funds Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (GAAP Basis)
- Exhibit C-3 Combined General, TABOR Reserve and Policy Reserve Funds Comparative Schedule of Sources, Uses and Changes in Funds Available, Actual and Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
- Exhibit C-4 Water Fund Operating History
- **Exhibit C-5** Water Fund System Statistics
- Exhibit C-6 Water Fund Maximum Annual Debt Service Coverage
- Exhibit C-7 Wastewater Fund Operating History
- Exhibit C-8 Wastewater Fund System Statistics
- Exhibit C-9 Golf Fund Operating History
- **Exhibit C-10** Golf Fund Golf Course Enterprise System Statistics
- Exhibit C-11 Golf Fund Maximum Annual Debt Service Coverage

SUMMARY OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURES BY ISSUE (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 1998 GENERAL FUND BONDS, SERIES 1999 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2000 GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2003 GENERAL OBLIGATION WATER REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2003 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, SERIES 2002 REFUNDING CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, SERIES 2004 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, SERIES 2005 REFUNDING CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, SERIES 2006A-1 REFUNDING CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, SERIES 2008A

Required Disclosure	Location
General Fund Operating History	Exhibits C-2 and C-3
Primary Sources of Revenue to the General Fund	Governmental Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Sales, Use and Lodgers Tax Receipts	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-4
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-9
Property Tax Levies and Collections	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-12
Ten Principal Real Property Taxpayers	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-11
Mill Levies of Direct and Primary	
Overlapping Governments	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-10
Authorized, Issued and Outstanding Debt	Schedule of Indebtedness, Exhibit B-1
Long-term Debt Schedules	Schedule of Debt Service Requirements, Exhibit B-2
Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-15
Historical Summary of Debt Ratios	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-13 and A-14
Legal Debt Margin	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-16

DRINKING WATER REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 1999 FIRST-LIEN WATER IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2003A WATER RESOURCES REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2005D FIRST LIEN WATER IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2007A FIRST-LIEN WATER IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2008A

Required Disclosure	Location
Water Fund Operating History	Exhibit C-4
Water System Statistics	Exhibit C-5
Maximum Annual Debt Service Coverage	Exhibit C-6
Historical Water Revenue Bond Coverage	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-17
Debt Supported by Water Fund	Schedule of Indebtedness, Exhibit B-1

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

SUMMARY OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURES BY ISSUE (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

CLEAN WATER REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 1999 FIRST-LIEN SEWER IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2006

Required Disclosure	Location					
Westerroton Fund Operating History	Exhibit C-7					
Wastewater Fund Operating History						
Sewer System Statistics	Exhibit C-8					
Historical Sewer Revenue Bond Coverage	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-17					

METRO WASTEWATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT, COLORADO CONVERTIBLE SEWER REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 1996 SEWER REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2002A

The City of Aurora has no obligation related to payment of the Metro Wastewater Reclamation District Bonds. However, as a significant source of Metro Wastewater Reclamation District revenue, the City has agreed to the following continuing disclosures:

Required Disclosure	Location				
Wastewater Fund Operating History	Exhibit C-7				
General Fund Operating History	Exhibits C-2 and C-3				
Historical Summary of Debt Ratios	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-17				
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Statistical Section, Exhibit A-9				

GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2005

Required Disclosure	Location
Golf Fund Operating History	Exhibit C-9
Golf Course Enterprise System Statistics	Exhibit C-10
Maximum Annual Golf Revenue Bond Coverage	Exhibit C-11

COMBINED GENERAL, TABOR RESERVE AND POLICY RESERVE FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (US GAAP BASIS) (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

		2004	 2005	 2006	 2007	 2008
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	177,735,020	\$ 190,409,082	\$ 198,970,258	\$ 204,314,913	\$ 202,061,836
Charges for services		5,734,870	6,055,827	5,741,311	6,979,482	7,601,310
License and permits		3,512,683	4,760,292	4,758,928	2,742,650	2,508,560
Fines and forfeits		4,492,855	6,280,369	6,223,958	6,836,170	6,406,220
Intergovernmental		10,334,987	9,919,966	11,601,812	10,845,109	10,722,674
Miscellaneous		607,601	1,094,871	1,112,129	974,544	1,042,271
Investment earnings		1,109,806	 1,696,347	 2,303,935	3,285,013	 2,284,390
Total revenues		203,527,822	 220,216,754	 230,712,331	 235,977,881	 232,627,261
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		25,677,571	29,076,385	28,983,843	29,106,838	29,897,477
Judicial		6,726,991	6,700,195	7,083,113	7,615,855	7,988,412
Police		59,721,817	62,756,741	66,807,866	71,123,642	75,319,036
Fire		27,571,139	27,740,259	29,499,789	31,753,544	33,183,680
Other public safety		8,099,500	8,271,531	8,289,912	9,512,447	10,149,377
Public works		16,641,995	16,531,139	18,657,180	22,044,805	21,078,438
Economic development		4,263,256	3,668,660	3,576,436	3,783,893	3,552,855
Community services		4,748,819	4,313,883	3,931,381	3,935,571	3,783,371
Culture and recreation		18,677,475	18,490,189	17,898,708	19,950,167	19,884,480
Debt service						
Principal		381,242	262,968	526,135	913,952	987,802
Interest		26,989	43,282	85,640	141,443	114,434
Capital outlay		2,676,117	 2,628,802	 5,595,819	 5,000,147	 1,756,822
Total expenditures		175,212,911	 180,484,034	 190,935,822	 204,882,304	 207,696,184
Excess of revenues over expenditures		28,314,911	39,732,720	39,776,509	31,095,577	24,931,077
Net other financing uses (a)		(32,409,772)	 (35,884,275)	 (36,275,913)	 (31,503,197)	 (28,754,253)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditu and other financing uses	ires	(4,094,861)	3,848,445	3,500,596	(407,620)	(3,823,176)
FUND BALANCE - January 1		53,383,900	 49,289,039	 53,137,484	 56,638,080	 56,230,460
FUND BALANCE - December 31	\$	49,289,039	\$ 53,137,484	\$ 56,638,080	\$ 56,230,460	\$ 52,407,284
General Fund Policy Reserve TABOR Reserve	\$	24,426,301 18,275,311 6,587,427	\$ 27,609,171 18,744,164 6,784,149	\$ 31,208,559 19,239,541 6,189,980	\$ 27,574,786 20,910,375 7,745,299	\$ 22,792,318 21,426,228 8,188,738

(a) Net other financing uses consist primarily of transfers to other funds. Transfers among the General Fund, the TABOR Reserve Fund and the Policy Reserve Fund have been eliminated in this schedule.

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

COMBINED GENERAL, TABOR RESERVE, AND POLICY RESERVE FUNDS (a) COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF SOURCES, USES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE, ACTUAL AND BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	20	04	2005		20	06	20	07	2008		
	Actual	Budget									
SOURCES											
Taxes	\$ 177,004,557	\$ 180,903,576	\$ 188,648,945	\$ 185,205,938	\$ 199,269,031	\$ 193,922,793	\$ 204,693,645	\$ 204,970,169	\$ 201,296,982	\$ 211,484,788	
Licenses and permits	3,512,683	2,994,878	4,760,292	3,110,961	4,758,928	3,786,572	2,742,650	4,605,374	2,508,560	3,006,765	
Intergovernmental	10.424.987	10,650,812	9,919,966	10.806.128	11,601,812	10,563,233	10.800.109	10,653,412	10,722,674	10.606.925	
Charges for services	5,734,820	6,146,270	6,055,827	6,136,159	5,741,311	5,472,619	6,979,481	8,440,237	7,601,310	8,003,023	
Fines and forfeitures	4,492,855	4,732,230	6,280,369	5,397,854	6,223,958	6,530,773	6,836,170	7,132,819	6,406,220	6,696,024	
Investment income	1,581,112	1,463,585	1,866,340	1,440,944	2,324,815	1,737,000	2,912,596	2,367,280	2,146,268	2,917,408	
Other revenues	6,796,043	6,934,843	5,262,923	5,527,546	6,064,004	5,531,357	4,354,898	4,751,348	4,249,395	4,451,845	
onici revenues	0,790,045	0,754,045	5,262,725	5,527,540	0,004,004	5,551,557	4,554,070	4,751,540	4,249,393	4,451,045	
Total sources	209,547,057	213,826,194	222,794,662	217,625,530	235,983,859	227,544,347	239,319,549	242,920,639	234,931,409	247,166,778	
USES											
Municipal Court	8,210,957	8,409,444	8,332,057	8,464,869	8,707,232	8,780,095	9,466,802	9,647,682	9,713,134	9,929,763	
City Attorney	4,259,378	4,425,616	4,213,779	4,366,001	4,230,779	4,390,134	4,553,931	4,654,138	4,873,897	4,935,696	
General Management	6,071,594	6,534,853	5,296,515	5,347,025	4,997,778	5,145,787	5,473,084	5,629,535	5,501,075	5,947,110	
Administrative Services	20,696,713	21,346,701	20,467,673	21,032,846	21,724,587	22,183,978	26,267,487	26,645,401	22,437,789	24,968,601	
Operations Group Management	30,757,237	31,480,992	30,793,656	31,688,380	31,018,019	31,586,510	34,343,555	34,800,854	34,783,049	35,479,114	
Community Services	107,076,146	108,169,793	109,893,846	110,329,038	115,374,727	116,455,464	124,381,954	125,335,624	130,204,150	131,522,188	
Non-departmental	36,483,801	37,959,535	41,518,531	41,368,630	46,135,499	46,223,198	35,668,519	36,474,517	31,015,944	37,218,767	
Total uses	213,555,826	218,326,934	220,516,057	222,596,789	232,188,621	234,765,166	240,155,332	243,187,751	238,529,038	250,001,239	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	(4,008,769)	(4,500,740)	2,278,605	(4,971,259)	3,795,238	(7,220,819)	(835,784)	(267,112)	(3,597,629)	(2,834,461)	
over (under) expenditures	(4,000,709)	(4,500,740)	2,270,005	(4,971,239)	5,775,250	(7,220,017)	(055,704)	(207,112)	(3,3)1,02))	(2,034,401)	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - January 1	36,932,376	43,323,692	32,923,607	28,793,933	35,202,212	32,189,336	38,997,450	35,838,342	38,161,666	35,571,230	
FUNDS AVAILABLE - December 31	32,923,607	\$ 38,822,952	35,202,212	\$ 23,822,674	38,997,450	\$ 24,968,517	38,161,666	\$ 35,571,230	34,564,037	\$ 32,736,769	
Reserved for police	_		_		_		-		_		
Reserved for emergencies	(6,603,291)		(6,885,086)		(6,232,127)		(7,723,875)		(8,132,329)		
Council designations	(2,775,332)		(8,493,780)		(13,394,824)		(9,585,220)		(5,153,040)		
Funds available - after reservations											
and designations	\$ 23,544,984		\$ 19,823,346		\$ 19,370,499		\$ 20,852,571		\$ 21,278,668		
Reconciliation to GAAP fund balance											
Funds available - December 31	32,923,607		35.202.212		38,997,450		38,161,666		34,564,037		
Current year encumbrances	992,384		1.318.383		1.298.394		1.687.871		559.347		
Sales, use and lodgers tax accrual	15.197.928		16,958,065		16,659,291		16,280,560		17,045,414		
Police/fire sick leave deferral	346,305										
Adjust investments to fair value	(81,185)		(251,176)		(272,055)		100,363		238,486		
Deferred revenues-grant awards	(90,000)		(90,000)		(45,000)				255,460		
	(20,000)		(, 0, 500)		(.12,000)						
FUND BALANCE - December 31	\$ 49,289,039		\$ 53,137,484		\$ 56,638,080		\$ 56,230,460		\$ 52,407,284		

(a) This schedule contains the activities of the General Fund, the TABOR Reserve Fund, and the Policy Reserve Fund.

(b) Some amounts on this schedule have been reclassified and restated from the presentation in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for consistency.

WATER FUND OPERATING HISTORY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Customers	\$ 50,527,062	\$ 64,192,968	\$ 74,797,433	\$ 83,489,049	\$ 86,803,419
Fire protection	397,651	410,865			
Total operating revenues	50,924,713	64,603,833	74,797,433	83,489,049	86,803,419
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of sales and services	33,998,912	42,022,670	39,238,083	44,051,174	40,632,915
Administrative expenses	1,215,720	3,143,921	3,576,677	4,861,955	5,034,253
Depreciation	7,081,010	7,401,865	8,901,048	9,774,410	10,169,576
Total operating expenses	42,295,642	52,568,456	51,715,808	58,687,539	55,836,744
Operating income	8,629,071	12,035,377	23,081,625	24,801,510	30,966,675
NON-OPERATING REVENUES					
(EXPENSES)					
Investment income	2,198,891	4,231,540	10,425,346	22,391,678	26,606,820
Intergovernmental revenue	_	142,493	265,024	126,077	34,322
Miscellaneous revenue	77,764	63,488	241,851	187,358	141,183
Interest expense	(4,573,056)	(6,438,629)		(15,544,841)	(21,809,027)
Amortization expense	(28,366)	168,967	205,392	392,284	551,052
Gain (loss)-disposal capital assets	51,317	336,550	75,735	12,486	(242,800)
Gain (loss)-joint venture	(34,478)	(34,779)	(35,817)	(33,395)	(32,008)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(2,307,928)	(1,530,370)	1,955,467	7,531,647	5,249,542
NET INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	6,321,143	10,505,007	25,037,092	32,333,157	36,216,217
Capital contributions	45,349,567	68,005,757	72,727,887	61,707,007	31,628,255
Transfers in	_	200,000	—	—	_
Transfers out		·			
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	51,670,710	78,710,764	97,764,979	94,040,164	67,844,472
NET ASSETS - January 1	491,495,420	543,166,130	621,876,894	719,641,873	813,682,037
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 543,166,130	\$ 621,876,894	\$ 719,641,873	\$ 813,682,037	\$ 881,526,509

WATER FUND

OPERATING HISTORY

SCHEDULE OF SOURCES, USES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Adopted 2009
SOURCES						
Charges for services	\$ 50,865,583	\$ 64,542,513	\$ 74,655,303	\$ 83,373,085	86,688,316	\$ 94,399,089
Intergovernmental		142,493	265,023	126,077	35,906	
Licenses and permits	59,130	61,320	142,130	116,101	115,395	_
Investment income	3,288,854	5,824,951	9,753,888	20,463,682	25,068,840	6,292,053
Development fees and other revenues	34,804,277	50,993,520	46,594,768	42,744,831	24,336,194	17,353,572
Proceeds from sale of assets	53,331	645,450	75,735	12,486	55,095	
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	40,000,000	101,607,022	·	434,379,428	58,620,865	186,097,740
Transfers in	_	200,000	_	_	_	_
Funds from restricted assets	_		(48,372)	(35,711,726)	(3,958,773)	(14,692,053)
Release of prior year designation				8,545,569		
Total sources	129,071,175	224,017,269	131,438,475	554,049,533	190,961,838	289,450,401
USES						
Operating Costs						
Operations group	51,322,644	60,149,346	63,054,274	79,075,158	128,906,693	99,886,298
Continuing Appropriations						
Operations group	30,214,974	114,674,135	106,432,222	197,486,872	232,988,828	281,627,576
Total uses	81,537,618	174,823,481	169,486,496	276,562,030	361,895,521	381,513,874
Change in funds available	47,533,557	49,193,788	(38,048,021)	277,487,503	(170,933,683)	(92,063,473)
Funds Available - January 1	29,607,321	77,140,878	126,334,666	88,286,645	365,774,148	179,818,585
Funds Available - December 31	\$ 77,140,878	\$126,334,666	\$ 88,286,645	\$365,774,148	\$ 194,840,465	\$ 87,755,112

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

WATER FUND WATER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

2008 Water Usage and Billed Revenues by Classification (a) Percent of Billed Percent of Classification Consumption Consumption Revenue Revenue Residential 41% \$ 38,560,866 45% 6,933,307 Multi-Family 3,686,558 22% 17,530,862 21% Commerical 18% 15,521,836 18%3,046,997 Irrigation 9% 9,144,829 1,589,315 11% Other (a) 9% 1,484,538 4,025,867 5% 100% 16,740,715 100% 84,784,260 Total \$

(a) Includes tertiary, trade, hydrant, raw water and well water customers.

System Annual Billed Revenues and Cash Collection (b)

Classification	 2004	 2005	 2006	 2007	 2008
Billed revenues Cash collected during year for	\$ 50,102,648	\$ 60,198,681	\$ 72,391,949	\$ 81,808,608	\$ 84,777,085
current and prior years' sales Percentage of billed revenues	\$ 49,738,716	\$ 60,300,044	\$ 71,588,580	\$ 80,240,575	\$ 85,534,196
collected	99.3%	100.2%	98.9%	98.1%	100.9%

(b) Revenues include metered sales, raw water irrigation, raw water resale, tertiary reuse water sales, and related services (trip charges, meter testing, wasting water fees and non-sufficient funds fees).

Customers by Class (c)								
2004	2005	2006	2007	2008				
63,839	65,110	67,021	67,972	69,258				
1,610	2,256	2,281	2,496	2,339				
2,714	2,753	2,804	2,963	2,854				
823	828	820	831	1,098				
68,986	70,947	72,926	74,262	75,549				
	2004 63,839 1,610 2,714 823	2004 2005 63,839 65,110 1,610 2,256 2,714 2,753 823 828	2004 2005 2006 63,839 65,110 67,021 1,610 2,256 2,281 2,714 2,753 2,804 823 828 820	2004 2005 2006 2007 63,839 65,110 67,021 67,972 1,610 2,256 2,281 2,496 2,714 2,753 2,804 2,963 823 828 820 831				

(c) Excludes tertiary, hydrant, raw, and well water customers. Also excludes inactive and stubbed taps.

(continued)

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

WATER FUND WATER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

The following table sets forth the ten largest consumers of the Water System, which, in aggregate, accounted for 9.3% of the total billed metered water sales in 2008.

	Consumption	Percent of	Billed	Percent of
Customer	(a)	Consumption	Revenues	Billed Revenues
City of Aurora	429,812	29%	\$ 2,367,887	31%
Aurora Public Schools	245,122	17%	1,232,126	16%
Buckley Air Force Base	165,041	11%	889,774	12%
Cherry Creek School District	146,554	10%	726,443	10%
Heather Gardens HOA	131,862	9%	606,133	8%
University of Colorado HSC	120,025	8%	592,018	8%
Tallyn's Reach Metro District	62,425	4%	353,199	5%
Westdale Asset Management	61,420	4%	285,170	4%
Mountain View Associates, LLC	56,898	4%	265,756	4%
Children's Hospital	46,744	3%	262,243	3%
	1,465,903	100%	\$ 7,580,749	100%

(a) In thousand gallons. Includes water and irrigation customers only.

Α	urora W	ater Rates	Histo	ry and Ave	rage A	Annual Wat	ter Bill			
Single Family Residential	2	2004		2005		2006	2	007		2008
Base charge	\$	3.79	\$	3.79	\$	4.24	\$	8.50	\$	10.39
Rates per 1,000 gallons		2.69		3.61		4.04	Tiered	Structure	Tiere	d Structure
Surcharge		0.65		-		-		-		-
Average annual bill		364.62		415.25		485.92		514.98		561.00

- 164 -

WATER FUND WATER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	2	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Meter Size						
5/8" & 3/4"	\$	3.79	\$ 3.79	\$ 4.24	\$ 8.50	\$ 10.39
1"		5.20	5.20	5.82	11.67	15.31
1 1/4"		5.20	5.20	5.82	11.67	15.31
1 1/2"		8.34	8.34	9.34	18.70	23.52
2"		12.13	12.13	13.59	27.20	33.37
3"		24.04	24.04	26.92	53.90	59.63
4"		64.83	64.83	72.61	145.38	89.17
6"	1	27.59	127.59	142.90	286.11	171.24
8"	1	58.98	158.98	178.06	356.51	401.03

(a) Monthly fee equals the Monthly Service Charge (based on meter size) plus a charge per 1,000 gallons used.

Water Service Connection Fee (b)							
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
Type and Size of Connection							
Single Family Detached							
5/8" & 3/4"	\$ 10,925	\$ 14,858	\$ 16,641	\$ 18,638	\$ 20,875		
1"	21,850	29,716	33,282	37,276	41,750		
Single Family Attached	7,757	10,549	11,815	13,233	14,821		
Multi-Family	6,445	8,766	9,818	10,996	12,316		
Commercial							
5/8" & 3/4"	10,925	14,858	16,641	18,638	20,875		
1"	18,922	25,734	28,822	32,281	36,156		
1 1/2"	43,603	59,298	66,414	74,384	83,312		
2"	77,438	105,314	117,952	132,106	147,962		
3"	174,113	236,789	265,204	297,030	332,681		
4"	309,753	421,256	471,807	528,426	591,850		
6"	697,191	948,162	1,061,941	1,189,382	1,332,136		
8"	1,239,642	1,685,879	1,888,184	2,114,781	2,368,605		

(b) In 2008, irrigation rates were split into a separate category. Charges shown here are for residential, multi-family and commercial customers only.

WATER FUND WATER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

		Usage Rate	es				-		
Transformer		Maria	1.1	1 000			Tiered Use		
Type of Account		Mon	thly use rat	te per 1,000 ga	allons		Rate (a)	Rate ((c)
	2	2004	2	2005	2	2006	2007	2008	8
Single Family Detached	\$	2.69	\$	3.61	\$	4.04			
Tier 1-WQA							\$ 3.60		
Tier 2-next 15,000 gals							4.50		
Tier 3-next 10,000 gals							8.25		
Tier 4-over additional 25,000 gals							10.75		
Single Family Attached		2.69		3.61		4.04			
Tier 1-WQA							3.60		
Tier 2-next 4,000 gals							4.50		
Tier 3-next 3,000 gals							8.25		
Tier 4-over additional 7,000 gals							10.75		
Residential/ Multifamily (less than 5 units)									
Tier 1- (0-20,000 gals)								\$ 4	4.
Tier 2- (20,001-40,000 gals)								5	5.
Tier 3- (40,000 gals and above)								6	б.
Multi-Family		2.69		3.61		4.04			
Tier 1-WQA							3.60		
Tier 2->100% & <150% WQA							4.50		
Tier 3->150% & <250% WQA							8.25		
Tier 4->250% WQA							10.75		
Multifamily (five or more units) (d)									
Tier 1- (up to 100% allocation)								4	4.3
Tier 2- (greater than 100%)								5	5.
Commercial/Industrial		2.69		3.61		4.04			
Tier 1-WQA							3.60		
Tier 2->100% & <150% WQA							4.50		
Tier 3->150% & <250% WQA							8.25		
Tier 4->250% WQA							10.75		
Commercial (d)									
Tier 1- (up to 100% allocation)								4	4.
Tier 2- (greater than 100%)								5	5.
Irrigation		3.23		4.33		4.85			
Tier 1-100% daily allocation							5.43		
Tier 2->100% & <130% daily allocation							9.95		
Tier 3->130% daily allocation							12.96		
Irrigation (d)									
Tier 1- (up to 100% allocation)								5	
Tier 2- (greater than 100%)								6	5.
Irrigation, Intensive, Commercial and Multifamily (b)		-		-		-			
Tier 1-WQA							4.50		
Tier 2-100% daily allocation							5.43		
Tier 3->100% & <130% daily allocation							9.95		
Tier 4->130% daily allocation							12.96	1	

(a) Tiered rate structure adopted for 2007 is based on average monthly consumption during December, January and February ("WQA" or "Winter Quarter Average"). A conservation credit of \$3.75/month is available to those using 3,000 gallons per month or less.
(b) New category beginning in 2007.

(c) New usage rates structure adopted for 2008 became effective April 1, 2008.

(d) The 2008 rates for multifamily, commercial and irrigation customers are based on the Annual Block

Allocation amounts which are the individualized annual water budgets allocated to each customer for

use in each calendar year.

WATER FUND WATER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

Year	Tap Fee Revenues	Development Fee Revenue	Total Tap and Development Fees
2004	33,386,310	1,340,203	34,726,513
2005	49,843,267	1,086,766	50,930,033
2006	45,585,338	767,579	46,352,917
2007	42,190,609	367,000	42,557,609
2008	24,661,273	238,933	24,900,206
	, ,	,	,

Tap and Development Fee Revenues

Average Daily and Peak Day Demand In Millions of Gallons

	2004 2005 2006		2007	2008	
Average Daily Treatment	38.2	43.7	46.4	45.1	45.6
Average Daily Consumption	36.6	41.4	43.8	42.7	43.0
Peak Hour Treatment	129.3	177.9	142.4	160.9	164.0
Peak Day Treatment	74.3	97.5	94.4	98.9	99.3
Peak Day Consumption	73.0	95.8	90.5	97.0	95.2

WATER FUND MAXIMUM ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE (unaudited)

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Net Pledged Revenue					
Charges for Services	\$50,924,714	\$64,603,833	\$74,797,433	\$83,489,049	\$86,803,419
Development Fee (a)	33,647,868	50,568,636	45,892,609	42,341,206	24,777,352
Other Non-Operating Revenue (b)	3,372,033	5,902,595	9,999,700	20,651,041	24,598,131
(Less) Operations and Maintenance	(42,295,642)	(52,568,456)	(51,715,808)	(58,687,539)	(55,836,744)
Depreciation	7,081,010	7,401,865	8,901,048	9,774,409	10,169,575
Total	\$52,729,983	\$75,908,473	\$87,874,982	\$97,568,166	\$90,511,733
Maximum Annual Debt Service					
First-Lien Revenue Obligations (c)	\$6,393,273	\$13,122,773	\$13,122,773	\$45,493,350	\$47,451,238
Combined First-Lien Revenue Obligations and					
Second-Lien Revenue Obligations (d)	7,893,273	14,622,773	14,622,773	47,122,450	47,451,238
All Obligations Secured by Net Pledged Revenue (e)	9,119,290	15,331,929	15,331,929	47,122,450	47,451,238
All Obligations Payable From System Revenues (f)	17,299,765	22,433,329	22,433,329	47,122,450	47,451,238
Coverage					
First-Lien Revenue Obligations	8.25	5.78	6.70	2.14	1.91
Combined First-Lien Revenue Obligations and					
Second-Lien Revenue Obligations	6.68	5.19	6.01	2.07	1.91
All Obligations Secured by Net Pledged Revenues	5.78	4.95	5.73	2.07	1.91
All Obligations Payable from Systems Revenues	3.05	3.38	3.92	2.07	1.91

(a) Includes tap, main extension, front footage fees and drought water replacement surcharge. Does not include annexation fees. Total is net of any reimbursement of previously paid tap fees.

(b) Includes investment income, insurance recoveries and other non-operating revenue. Excludes fair value and intergovernmental revenues.

(c) First lien maximum annual debt service occurs in 2020. Includes the City's portion of the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority's Drinking Water Bonds Series 1999A and 2005D (CWR&PDA). It also includes the City's First Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2003A, 2007A and 2008A.

(d) Includes (c) above and the Second Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2004A. This revenue bond was refunded in 2008 and is now a First-Lien Water Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2008. Maximum annual debt service occurs in 2020.

(e) Includes (d) above and water rights notes payable. Maximum annual debt service occurs in 2020.

(f) Includes (e) above and general obligation water bonds which are payable from revenues of the system but are not secured by the Net Pledged revenues. Maximum annual debt service occurs in 2020.

OPERATING HISTORY WASTEWATER FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 26,327,715	\$ 29,059,182	\$ 33,286,941	\$ 39,070,578	\$ 43,334,347
Total operating revenues	26,327,715	29,059,182	33,286,941	39,070,578	43,334,347
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of sales and services	21,186,499	23,834,605	25,063,774	27,467,642	31,170,143
Administrative expenses	620,376	789,059	1,067,007	1,326,795	1,420,857
Depreciation	4,211,508	4,634,877	5,527,402	6,103,035	6,745,580
Total operating expenses	26,018,383	29,258,541	31,658,183	34,897,472	39,336,580
Operating income	309,332	(199,359)	1,628,758	4,173,106	3,997,767
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	725 528	004.770	2 812 115	5 942 7/7	4 710 701
Investment income	735,528	984,779	3,812,115	5,843,767	4,719,791
Miscellaneous revenue	84,538	34,224	741,219	76,850	46,325
Interest expense	(175,542)	(652,990)	(1,879,994)	(2,244,079)	(616,127)
Amortization expense Gain (loss)-disposal capital assets	(8,206) 45,728	(8,206) (120,634)	8,053 69,100	24,312 (23,065)	24,312 (804,634)
Cum (1055) disposar cupitar assets	13,720	(120,031)	07,100	(23,003)	
Net non-operating revenues					
(expenses)	682,046	237,173	2,750,493	3,677,785	3,369,667
NET INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFER	. 991,378	37,814	4,379,251	7,850,891	7,367,434
Capital contributions Transfers out	21,860,597	28,391,467	40,129,367	35,458,051	9,400,956
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	22,851,975	28,429,281	44,508,618	43,308,942	16,768,390
NET ASSETS - January 1	254,101,184	276,953,159	305,382,440	349,891,058	393,200,000
NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 276,953,159	\$ 305,382,440	\$ 349,891,058	\$ 393,200,000	\$ 409,968,390

OPERATING HISTORY WASTEWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF SOURCES, USES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Adopted 2009
SOURCES						
Charges for services	\$ 26,327,715	\$ 29,059,182	\$ 33,286,941	\$ 39,070,667	\$ 43,334,597	\$ 46,266,842
Investment income	1,030,664	1,262,531	3,458,615	5,124,442	4,300,273	1,386,714
Other revenues	7,178,142	10,643,707	8,191,939	7,751,110	3,096,633	4,088,137
Proceeds from sale of assets	11,156	8,510	7,577	19,335	16,229	_
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	_	_	59,943,695	56,921	_	_
Transfers in	256,000	256,000	256,000	256,000	256,000	256,000
Funds from restricted assets			(3,749,250)			
Total sources	34,803,677	41,229,930	101,395,517	52,278,475	51,003,732	51,997,693
USES						
Operating Costs						
Operations group	24,583,106	27,331,261	30,016,076	34,175,355	38,827,660	45,205,826
Continuing Appropriations						
Operations group	17,826,739	11,984,327	18,522,604	26,077,290	1,504,828	32,098,098
Total uses	42,409,845	39,315,588	48,538,680	60,252,645	40,332,488	77,303,924
Change in funds available	(7,606,168)	1,914,342	52,856,837	(7,974,170)	10,671,244	(25,306,231)
Funds Available - January 1	14,587,403	6,981,235	8,895,577	61,752,414	53,778,244	53,576,271
Funds Available - December 31	\$ 6,981,235	\$ 8,895,577	\$ 61,752,414	\$ 53,778,244	\$ 64,449,488	\$ 28,270,040

WASTEWATER FUND SEWER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

The Sanitary Sewer System classifies its customers as business and residential. A breakdown of the usage and revenues for 2008 is as follows:

Classification	Percent of Consumption	Percent of Billed
Business	19%	18%
Residential	81%	82%
Totals	100%	100%

The following table sets forth the ten largest customers of the Sewer System, which, in aggregate, accounted for 4.1% of total billed Sanitary Sewer revenues in 2008.

	Billed
Customer	Revenues
	\$100.0 00
Buckley Air Force Base	\$182,298
Heather Gardens HOA	176,945
Westdale Asset Management	95,084
Aurora Public Schools	92,439
Mountain View Apartments	84,038
Hickory Ridge Colorado LLC	78,174
Liberty Creek Apartment Homes	74,530
Ridge Hill Apartments	70,159
Medical Center of Aurora	68,756
Elk Ridge LP	66,970
	\$000.202
	\$989,393

Ten Largest Customers of the Sanitary Sewer System

(continued)

WASTEWATER FUND SEWER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

Sanitar	Sanitary Sewer Monthly Service Charge by Tap Size(a)								
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>				
5/8" and 3/4"	\$1.79	\$1.93	\$2.16	\$2.38	\$2.62				
1" & 1 ¼"	4.48	4.83	5.41	5.65	6.22				
1 1/2"	8.96	9.66	10.82	11.90	13.09				
2"	14.33	15.45	17.30	19.03	20.93				
3"	31.37	33.82	37.88	41.67	45.84				
4"	89.66	96.65	108.25	119.08	130.99				
6"	179.34	193.33	216.53	238.18	262.00				

(a) The total monthly fee includes the monthly service charge plus a volume charge of \$2.41 per 1,000 gallons used.

Sa	nitary Sewer Ta	p Fees by Serv	ice Size		
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Single Family Detached (per unit)	\$1,711	\$1,762	\$1,974	\$2,171	\$2,388
Single Family Attached (per unit)	1,385	1,427	1,599	1,759	1,934
Multi-family (per unit)	1,334	1,374	1,540	1,693	1,863
Commercial (per tap size):					
3⁄4	3,250	3,348	3,751	4,125	4,537
1	7,698	7,929	8,883	9,770	10,746
2	18,816	19,382	21,714	23,881	26,268
2	34,211	35,240	39,480	43,420	47,760
3	71,843	74,004	82,908	91,182	100,296
4	130,001	133,912	150,024	164,996	181,488
6	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)

(b) Rates for the six inch and larger meters are based on a formula utilizing flow, BOD, TSS and TKN values.

(continued)

WASTEWATER FUND SEWER SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

Sewer Tap and Development Fee Revenues										
		<u>2004</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>
Sanitary Sewer Tap Fees Development Fees	\$	5,095,675 1,997,929	\$	7,845,409 2,760,020	\$	6,471,895 1,693,814	\$	6,281,758 1,442,352	\$	4,289,728 454,267
Total Tap and Development Fees	\$	7,093,604	\$	10,605,429	\$	8,165,709	\$	7,724,110	\$	4,743,995

Customers by Class								
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>			
Residential (1-4) units	n/a	65,110	67,021	67,972	69,258			
Multi-Family (5+ units)	n/a	2,256	2,281	2,496	2,339			
Commercial	n/a	2,753	2,804	2,963	2,854			
Total		70,119	72,106	73,431	74,451			

Storm Drain Rates and Charges

The City imposes storm drainage fees upon the owners of property served by the System's storm sewer facilities. In addition, developers are charged a \$2,818 per acre storm drainage development fee at the time building permits are issued. The storm drainage fee is \$7.26 per month for single family detached and individually metered single family attached dwellings. The storm drainage fee is \$7.26 per month plus \$5.72 per month for each additional unit for multifamily and master metered single family attached dwelling. For commercial and industrial building, the storm drainage fee is \$7.26 per month for the first 2,500 square feet of gross floor space plus \$5.72 for each additional 2,500 square feet of gross floor space or portion thereof.

(concluded)

GOLF FUND OPERATING HISTORY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	 2004	 2005	 2006	 2007	 2008
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 8,266,180	\$ 8,737,191	\$ 9,055,305	\$ 9,332,171	\$ 9,511,487
Total operating revenues	 8,266,180	 8,737,191	 9,055,305	 9,332,171	 9,511,487
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of sales and services	6,557,854	6,367,066	6,667,457	6,970,572	7,250,362
Administrative expenses	823,768	928,317	1,121,135	1,124,552	1,207,345
Depreciation	 957,928	 938,285	 950,171	 985,835	 1,011,962
Total operating expenses	 8,339,550	 8,233,668	 8,738,763	 9,080,959	 9,469,669
Operating income (loss)	 (73,370)	 503,523	 316,542	 251,212	 41,818
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	54,160	124,660	120,056	158,924	131,688
Miscellaneous revenue	38,989	29,645	55,752	72,679	122,031
Interest expense	(546,951)	(616,670)	(463,909)	(466,425)	(399,234)
Amortization expense	(12,943)	(6,706)	(13,412)	(13,412)	(13,412)
Gain (loss)-disposal capital assets	 	 (6,394)	 1,753	 (18,659)	 (3,936)
Net non-operating expenses	 (466,745)	 (475,465)	 (299,760)	 (266,893)	 (162,863)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(540,115)	28,058	16,782	(15,681)	(121,045)
Capital contributions Transfers in	356,156	165,600	108,600	404,800	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	 (183,959)	193,658	 125,382	389,119	(71,045)
TOTAL NET ASSETS - January 1	 24,693,499	 24,509,540	 24,703,198	 24,828,580	 25,217,699
TOTAL NET ASSETS - December 31	\$ 24,509,540	\$ 24,703,198	\$ 24,828,580	\$ 25,217,699	\$ 25,146,654

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

GOLF FUND GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2008

Course	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Meadow Hills	53,639	54,911	54,721	51,815	52,411
Aurora Hills	51,149	54,870	55,050	54,550	56,331
Springhill	44,630	44,466	42,887	41,036	41,472
Centre Hills	30,530	31,681	27,656	27,529	26,478
Saddle Rock	38,091	37,746	38,751	36,932	37,295
Fitzsimons	38,863	36,237	41,501	41,767	43,133
Murphy Creek	34,691	36,457	34,916	34,236	31,480

	Saddle	Murphy	Meadow	Aurora	Fitzsimon	Spring- hill	Centre
	Rock	Creek	Hills	Hills	(a), (b)	11111	Hills (c
18-Hole Resident - Weekday	\$35.00	\$33.00	\$28.00	\$24.00	\$22.00	\$21.00	\$14.0
18-Hole Resident - Weekend	44.00	42.00	34.00	27.00	25.00	24.00	16.0
18-Hole Non-Resident - Weekday	37.00	35.00	30.00	26.00	24.00	23.00	14.0
18-Hole Non-Resident - Weekend	44.00	42.00	34.00	29.00	27.00	26.00	16.0
18-Hole Junior - Weekday	21.00	19.00	16.00	14.00	14.00	13.00	9.5
18-Hole Junior - Weekend	23.00	22.00	19.00	16.00	16.00	15.00	10.0
18-Hole Resident Senior - Weekday	25.00	23.00	19.00	17.00	16.00	15.00	10.5
9-Hole Resident - Weekday	17.50	16.50	14.00	12.00	11.00	10.50	7.0
9-Hole Resident - Weekend	22.00	21.00	17.00	13.50	12.50	12.00	8.0
9-Hole Non-Resident - Weekday	18.50	17.50	15.00	13.00	12.00	11.50	7.0
9-Hole Non-Resident - Weekend	22.00	21.00	17.00	14.50	13.50	13.00	8.0
9-Hole Junior - Weekday	10.50	9.50	8.00	7.00	7.00	6.50	4.7
9-Hole Junior - Weekend	11.50	11.00	9.50	8.00	8.00	7.50	5.0
9-Hole Resident Senior - Weekday	12.50	11.50	9.50	8.50	8.00	7.50	5.
9-Hole Resident Senior - Weekend	22.00	21.00	17.00	13.50	12.50	12.00	5.

(a) Fitzsimons Golf Course continuing annual members \$450/year and \$2.50/9 holes.

(b) Pursuant to an agreement with the Fitzsimons Redevelopment Authority (FRA), which expires on December 31, 2008, the City of Aurora presently operates the Fitzsimons course as part of its Golf Course Enterprise System. The present agreement calls for payments from the golf enterprise to FRA, a management fee payable to the golf enterprise, and a negotiated division of net income from the Fitzsimons course.

(c) The Centre Hills Golf Course is a 9-hole course. The 18-hole fee is the cost to play the 9-hole course twice on the same day.

CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO

GOLF FUND

MAXIMUM ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE (unaudited) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Net Pledged Revenue				
Charges for services	\$8,737,191	\$9,055,305	\$9,332,171	\$9,511,487
Capital contributions (a)	165,600	108,600	404,800	_
Transfers in	_	_	_	50,000
Other non-operating revenue (b)	180,522	167,393	195,281	208,264
Less: Operating expenses (c)	(8,390,445)	(8,916,811)	(9,279,936)	(9,686,334)
Depreciation	938,285	950,171	985,835	1,011,962
Total	\$1,631,153	\$1,364,658	\$1,638,151	\$1,095,379
Maximum Annual Debt Service (d) Series 2005 bonds and 2004 notes	\$793,336	\$793,336	\$793,336	\$793,336
Coverage Series 2005 bonds and 2004 notes	2.06	1.72	2.06	1.38

(a) Includes lot premium and annexation fees.

(b) Includes investment income and other non-operating revenue. Excludes fair value adjustment.

(c) Includes operating expenses such as personal services, supplies, and the principal and interest on the golf cart capital leases.

(d) Maximum annual debt service occurs in 2006.



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